

BSA MODEL
No. 2, Side Car the real comfortable mount for a Lady Companion Prices on application.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

The Bombay Chronicle

EDITED BY S. S. HORNIMAN, 1913—18.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913

CONDUCTED BY MARMADUKE PICKTHALL & SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI.

B·S·A
Bicycles
Latest stock received, prices on application.
WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR Co.,
Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.
East Street, POONA.

VOL. IX NO. 52 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 14, 1921. TWO ANNAS

SHIPPING.

P. & O.

AND

BRITISH INDIA

(Companies Incorporated in England.)

MAIL & PASSENGER SERVICE

Sailing to Plymouth and London, Callin at Marseilles.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports

Date 1921.	Steamer.	Tons.
14th May	"Naldera"	15,825
21st "	"Morea"*	10,890
22nd "	"Somali"	6,794
28th "	"Caledonia"	7,572
4th June	"Sardinea"	6,580
11th "	"Dongola"	8,059
18th "	"Malwa" *	10,911
25th "	"Nore"	6,703
2nd July	"Kashgar"	8,840
9th "	"Karmala"	8,983
16th "	"Narkunda"	16,115
23rd "	"Nyanza"	7,023
30th "	"Morea"	10,890

†Extra. Proceeds direct from Port Said to London and only conveye second saloon passengers.

*Through steamers from Australia.

P. & O. MARSEILLES SPECIAL TRAIN. A special train leaves Marseilles for London via Boulogne shortly after the mail steamers' arrival.

B. I. COMPANY'S SAILINGS TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH ONLY.

16th. June	NEURALIA	9082

P. & O. SAILINGS FOR THE STRAITS, CHINA & AUSTRALIA.

18th. May 20th. "	Dunera Narkunda	Straits & China. Australian Ports.

SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

Date	steamer	Remark
13th May	LINGA	Karachi direct.
"	LHASA	Karachi Kathiwar. Coast Ports
18th "	KARAGOLA	East and South African Ports.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage to P. and O. and B. I. sailings may be arranged with.

MACHINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Nicol Road, Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANT MARINE LTD. AND B. I. S. N CO'S JOINT SERVICE

CALCUTTA TO HALIFAX DIRECT TAKING CARGO FOR TRANSHIPMENT.

Steamers	Tons	Sailing about	Remarks
Canadian Leader	5500	In July	Montreal

Terms Rates of Freight and Passages may be arranged with:—

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
10, Strand Road, CALCUTTA.
P. O. Box 163
Telephone No. 1330.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

(Incorporated in Japan.)

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Arrival.	Departure.
Kasado Maru	N. Yanagi	29th ,,	14th May
Malay Maru	T. Shimazaki	1st May	15th ,,
Indus Maru	G. Matsuzaki	3rd ,,	16th ,,
Saigon Maru	C. Okada	16th ,,	28th ,,
Honolulu Maru	K. Hirano	22nd ,,	28th ,,
Gunaes Maru	T. Inouye	25th ,,	5th June.

For Freight and passages, etc., apply to

K. SHIMA,
Manager.

Sailors' Rest, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.
(Incorporated in Japan.)
REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN VIA SINGAPORE, HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI.

Steamer	Commander	Tons	Arrival	Departure.
a Kashu Maru	S. Mogi	5460	10th May	18th May
Wakasa Maru	B. Tsuda,	6074	17th May	24th ,,
† Nagano Maru	K. Tsukuda	3824	17th ,,	19th ,,
Tottori Maru	S. Ito	5966	15th ,,	22nd ,,
Hakata Maru	T. Sasaki	5970	25rd ,,	29th ,,
Tajima Maru	K. Takano	6995	11th June.	23rd June.
Tatsuno Maru	G. Ota	6995	22nd ,,	4th July.

a This steamer has no passenger accommodation.

† This steamer arrives from New York, and sails for Calcutta via Colombo, Madras and Rangoon.

For Freight and passages apply to

S. TAGAMI,
Manager.

Morsby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BANKING.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

(Incorporated in Hongkong.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL $15,000,000
STERLING RESERVE FUND £ 2,500,000
SILVER RESERVE FUND ... $31,500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS $15,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.

LONDON OFFICE: 9, Gracechurch Street, E. C.

BOMBAY OFFICE: 49, Churchgate Street.

OTHER BRANCHES:

Amoy	Johore	Saigon
Bangkok	Kobe	San Francisco
Batavia	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Malacca	Sourabaya
Colombo	Manila	Tientsin
Foochow	Nagasaki	Tsingtao
Hankow	New York	Vladivostock
Harbin	Peking	Yloilo
Hongkow	Penang	Yokohama
Ipoh	Rangoon	

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed half-yearly on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 2 per cent. per annum provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for varying periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS GRANTED AND BILLS PURCHASED on the principal commercial centres of the World.

GENERAL BANKING AND EXCHANGE business undertaken.

E. M. WILSON,
Agents.

THE TATA INDUSTRIAL BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE: BOMBAY.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL ... Rs. 7,58,73,150
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... Rs. 2,25,73,825
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 9,59,000/.

BRANCHES:

London, Calcutta, Delhi, Cawnpore, Hyderabad (Deccan), Lucknow, Madras, Rangoon.

SUB-BRANCHES—
Bombay—Share Bazar, 20, Apollo Street, Shroff Bazaar, 297, Shaik Memon Street, and Mandvi, Musjid Bunder Road.
Calcutta—Bora Bazaar.
Lucknow—Aminabad and Chaadausi.
Cawnpore—Hathras.
London Office: 9, Bishopsgate.
London, E. C.
Sir D. J. Tata, Kt., Chairman, Board of Directors.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily credit balances from Rs. 500/ to Rs. 1,00,000/ at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000/ interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on Deposits fixed for one or two years and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Interest allowed on Saving Bank Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Rules may be obtained on application.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved Securities.

PURCHASES AND SALES OF Securities and Shares effected.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased and collected and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

S. D. L. BUCKLEY.
General Manager

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA LIMITD.

	Rs.
AUTHORISED CAPITAL	5,00,00,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	2,97,61,500
CALLED-UP CAPITAL	60,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ON 18-3-20	59,76,150

HEAD OFFICE:
7, Mursban Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

SUB-BRANCHES:

Zaveri Bazar, 289, Shaik Memon Street. Share Bazar, Rogay Building, Apollo Street.

LONDON AGENTS:
THE LONDON COUNTY WESTMINSTER AND PARR'S BANK, LIMITED.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS:—Interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum on DAILY BALANCES up to Rs. 1,00,000. From 1st January to 30th June interest at 3 per cent. per annum is allowed on sums over Rs. 50,000 provided the balance does not fall below that figure. No interest is allowed unless the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for one year and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANKS. Interest allowed at per cent. per annum. Rules on application.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS are granted on approved securities at favourable rates.

SHARES AND SECURITIES purchased and sold.

Banking business of every Description transacted.

H. B. ELIPHANE,
Mg. Manager.

BANKING.

IMPERIA BANK OF INDIA.

CONSTITUTED UNDER THE IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA ACT 1920.

for the purpose of taking over the undertakings and business of the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Bombay and the Bank of Madras.

BANKERS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL.
2,25,000 share of Rs. 500 each ... 11,25,00,000

PAID-UP CAPITAL AS ON 25TH MARCH, 1921.
75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each Fully Paid 3,75,00,000
72,376 shares of Rs. 500 each Rs. 125 Paid 90,47,000
4,65,47,000

RESERVE FUND as on 25th March 1921 3,54,52,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS as on 25th March 1921. 2,71,41,000

MANAGING GOVERNORS.
Sir Norcot Warren; N. M. Murray, Esq (Offg)

LOCAL HEAD OFFICES.
Calcutta, Bombay, Madras.

LONDON OFFICE.
2, Princess Street, E. C. 2.
Sir Bernard Hunter, Manager.

BRANCHES.

Agra	Hyderabad Deccan
Ahmedabad	(Sub-Agency Parbhani)
Ahmedabad City	Hyderabad Sind
Akola	Indore
Akyab	Jalgaon (East Khandesh)
Allahabad	Jalpaiguri
Alleppy	Karachi
Amraoti	Lahore
Bangalore	Lucknow
Bellary	Madras (Mount Road)
Benares	Madura
Bezwada	Mangalore
Bimlipatam	Masulipatam
Bombay (Byculla)	Moulmein
Bombay (Mandvi)	Nagpore
Bombay (Sandhurst Road)	Narayangunge
Broach	Negapatam
Calcutta (Clive Street)	Ootacamund
Calcutta (Harrison Road)	Patna
Calcutta (Park Street)	Poona
Calicut	Quetta
Cawnpore	Rajahmundry
Chandpore (Pay Office)	Rajkot (Kathiawar)
Chittagong	Rangoon
Cocanada (Outstation Narsapur)	Salem
Cochin	Secunderabad
Coimbatore	Serajgunj (Pay Office)
Colombo	Simla
Dacca	Sholapur
Delhi	Sukkur
Erode	Surat
Guntur	Tellicherry
	Trichinopoly
	Trivandrum
	Tuticorin

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Opened free of charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Received at interest.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and Interest allowed.

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES—Received for safe custody, purchase and Sales effected. Interest and Dividend collected and credited to account or remitted in accordance with instructions.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS—Granted and approved Mercantile Bills discounted.

Rates, Copies of Rules, Powers of Attorneys etc., may be had on application at any of the Local Head Offices or Branches of the Bank.

R. A. DON,
Secretary & Treasurer,
Bombay.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906.

INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI OF 1882.

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCH: AHMEDABAD.

	Rs.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND	75,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

Interest is allowed on daily balance from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 AT THE RATE OF 2½ PER CENT. PER ANNUM THROUGH OUT THE YEAR. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at the rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK Accounts opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.

H. A. STRINGFELLOW.
Manager.

THE BANK OF MORVI LIMITED.

(REGISTERED IN BOMBAY.)

HEAD OFFICE:—Fort Bombay.

BRANCHES:—Shroff Bazar (Bombay) and Surat.

LONDON AGENTS:—The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Ltd.

Subscribed Capital	Rs. 1,00,00,000
Paid-up Capital	Rs. 40,00,000
Reserve Liability for Calls ...	Rs. 60,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Funds	Rs. 2,63,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Interest at 2 per cent. all round the year on sums of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Received for 12 months and shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Received at 4 per cent.

STERLING DRAFTS and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on London bought and sold.

GOLD AND SILVER IMPORTED.

STOCKS and SHARES sold and purchased in India and England and Dividends collected.

All kinds of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

C. I. PARSEE & CO.,
Agents.

BANKING.

ALLAHABAD BANK, LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1865.

AUTHORISED AND SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Rs. 40,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP	Rs. 35,50,000
RESERVE FUND IN GOVERNMENT PAPER	Rs. 35,50,000
CONTINGENCY FUND for equalisation of Dividend, Provision for bad or doubtful debts, adjusting fluctuations in values of investments or etc.	Rs. 6,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—ALLAHABAD.
BRANCHES.

Bombay, Bareilly, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, Dehra Dun, Gorakhpur, Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Lucknow, Meerut, Mussoorie, Naini Tal, Nagpur, Patna.

SUB-AGENCIES.

Allahabad City Office, Amritsar, Aminabad Park (Lucknow) Benares, Cawnpore City Office, Chandausi, Fyzabad, Hathras, Lucknow City Office Lyallpur, Moradabad, Muttra, Rae Bareili, Sitapur.

CORRESPONDENTS. In all the principal Towns throughout India.

LONDON BANKERS.—The P. & O. Banking Corporation, Limited. The National Provincial and Union Bank of England, Limited.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS. Interest at 2 per cent. allowed on balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 100,000 provided the interest amounts to Rs. 5 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS. Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Small sums received. Copy of Rules can be obtained on application. Government Paper and other securities purchased and sold, the Custody thereof undertaken and interest and dividends realised. Loans and Cash Credits granted.

Currency Notes of any Circle, Cheques and Hundies are received for credit in Fixed Deposit account free of charge. Banking business of every description transacted. Copy of Rules may be had on application at the Head Office and at any of the Branches.

T. L. FOREMAN,
Agent.

Bombay Branch,
Allahabad Bank Buildings,
Apollo Street, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK LTD.

(Incorporated in England).

HEAD OFFICE:—4, Crosby Square, London, E. C. 3.

BRANCHES.

Amara,	Bombay,
Baghdad,	Calcutta,
Bahrein,	Colombo,
Basrah,	Hillah,
Basrah City	Mosul.

Authorised Capital	£2,000,000
Paid up Capital	£ 995,00
Reserve Fund	£ 266,00
Reserve Liability of Shareholders.	£1,005,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

The Rt. Hon. Lord Balfour of Burleigh, Kt., Chairman.
J. S. Haskell, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
Sir J. Leigh-Wood, K.B.E.
J. H. Batty, Esqr.
G. Bromley-Hartin, Esqr.
Meyer Sassoon, Esqr.

BOMBAY COMMITTEE.

A. J. Raymond, Esqr.,
Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji Goculdas, Esqr.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street

INTEREST allowed on deposits fixed for one or two years at the rate of 5½ per cent. per annum.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, Loan and Credit granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and sales of British and Foreign securities effected on usual terms.

SECURITIES received for safe custody and interest and dividends collected for clients.

D. F. BUCKER,
Manager.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS BANK, LIMITED.

Head Office—APOLLO STREET, FORT.
Branch:—MUMBADEVI (in the City).

AUTHORIZED & ISSUED CAPITAL

	Rs.
TAL	10,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	10,00,000
RESERVE FUND	97,407
CONTINGENCY FUND ...	1,15,700

DIRECTORS.

Sir Goculdas Kahandas Parekh, Kt., Chairman.
The Hon. Mr. Mahomed Hajeebhoy, (Messrs. Hajeebhoy Lalji & Co.)
B. K. Ghose, Esq.
Lalji Govindji, Esq., (Messrs. Bhucandas Govandji & Co.).
Naranji Dayal, Esq. (Messrs. Premchand Chhaganlal & Co.).
Krishnadas Goverdhandas Mandiwala, (Messrs. Sakharam Manecharam).
Gopaldas Tricumji Jivandas, Esq. (Messrs. Tricumji Jivandas), Managing Director.

CURRENT DEPOSITS—Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum on Rs. 300 to Rs 1,00,000

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS—Interest allowed at 3 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Interest allowed at 6½ per cent. per annum on Rs. 500 and upwards for twelve months. Rates for short term deposit may be ascertained from the Bank.

LOANS, CASH CREDITS AND OVER DRAFTS given on approved securities.

LOCAL DEMANDS BILLS collected free of charge.

Copies of rules may be obtained from the Bank on application.

GOPALDAS TRICAMJI,
Managing Director.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital	£1,800,000
Paid-up Capital	£1,050,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	£ 750,000
Reserve Fund	£1,050,000

HEAD OFFICE.

14, Gracechurch Street, London, N. C.

LONDON BANKERS.

The Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Bangkok	Hongkong	Kuala Lumpur
Batavia	Howrah (Calcutta)	Madras
Bombay	Kandy	Mauritius
Calcutta	Karachi	New York
Colombo	Kota Bhru (Kalantan)	Penang
Delhi		Rangoon
Galle		Shanghai
		Singapore

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

opened and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business undertaken.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Fixed Deposits are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

NEW BRITISH WAR LOANS. The Bank undertakes applications for these Loans on account of Constituents and collection of interest therein as it falls due FREE OF COMMISSION.

J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1915.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Capital Authorised	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Issued	50,00,000	0	0
Capital Subscribed	47,28,900	0	0
Capital Paid-up	15,83,254	15	2
Reserve Funds	15,70,284	2	0

Dividend at the rate of 14 per cent. per annum has been declared by the Bank on paid-up capital.

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE.

BRANCHES:

Amritsar	Hyderabad (Sindh)	Multan City
Bombay	Jullundur	Montgomery
Cawnpore	Lahore City	Peshawar City
Calcutta	Jammu	Patiala
Delhi	Jhelum City	Quetta
D. I. Khan	Karachi	Rawalpindi
Ferozepore	Kasur	Sargodha
Gujranwalla	Lahore City	Sialkot
Gojra	Lyallpur	Srinagar
Hapur	Ludhiana	Umballa City
Hoshiarpur		

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT.—Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 2½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of out stations are bought, collected and discounted.

INLAND TRADE BILLS, etc., of approved customers discounted and Demand Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers issued on stations where the Bank has Branches and Agencies.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to,—

BES RAJ MEHRA
Manager.

THE SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.

SHILOTRI BANK BUILDINGS, Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK
5%

Investments mainly in or against Terminable "Government Securities and in securities admitted by the Insurance and the Trust Acts, thus Eliminating altogether, or Minimizing to the lowest degree the danger of Loss or of Depreciation of Assets

It is not the bulk of Assets, but the Quality of Assets that counts for sh Investor seeking a place for his unemployed balances

CURRENT ACCOUNTS 3% FIXED DEPOSITS 5% to 6½%

Apply to:— DR. PRABHAKAR S. SHILOTRI, *Managing-Director*

5%

WHY SAVE MONEY?

Because it is THE BEST FRIEND in time of need.
Because the coppers saved daily will provide for the education or marriage of your son or daughter when they are of age.
You can open a Savings Bank account with

8 Annas and upwards and it will earn 5 % Per Annum

Open the account to-day at the

INDUSTRIAL & EXCHANGE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

7 A, Fort Street, opp. G. P. O., BOMBAY.

POST BOX 22, BRANCHES—AT KARACHI AND SURAT PHONE 5308

BANKING.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan.)

ESTABLISHED 1885.

Subscribed Capital	Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	Yen 100,000,000
Reserved Fund	Yen 50,000,000

Head Office—YOKOHAMA.

Bavaria, Bombay, Buenos Aires, Calcutta, Changchun, Dairen, Fenkien, Hankow, Harbin, Hongkong, Honolulu, Kai-Yuan, Kobe, London, Los Angeles, Lions, Manila, Nagasaki, Newchwang, New York, Osaka, Peking, Rangoon, Riddo Jangiro, San Francisco, Seattle, Shanghai, Shimonoseki, Singapore, Ouralaya, Sydney, Tientsin, Hamburg, Saigon Branches:—

Tsinam, Tokio, Tsingau, Vladivostock.

CURRENT DEPOSIT Accounts are opened for approved customers, and Interest is allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum of daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

N. OTSUKA,
Manager.

Post Box No. 204.
Hornby Road, Bombay

INSURANCE.

According to the Gov. of India Insurance Blue Book.

The oldest Life Office of Bengal.

THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE, LIMITED.

Established 1891.

Funds and Assets over—Rs. 2,00,000.
Claims Paid Exceed—Rs. 8,00,000.
Govt. of Bengal (Official Trustee) is Trustee of the Reserve Fund
Policies from Rs. 500 to Rs. 4

LOWEST RATE OF PR

This is the only policy holders office and the oldest purely Hindu Life Office in India. We ask every Hindu to compare our rates with any other Indian or Foreign office before assuring elsewhere.

For particulars apply to:—

The Secretary or The Chief Agents,
809, Bow Bazar. D. SEN & Co.
Street Calcutta. 1 Chowringhee Calcutta.

Agency Applications Invited.

THE INDUSTRIAL & PRUDENTIAL ASSURANCE CO. LTD.

118 ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

CHAIRMAN:
Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Kt.

DIRECTORS:

The Hon'ble Mr. Lalubhai Samaldas, C.I.E.
Sir Hukamchand Sarupchand, Kt.
Jamshed K. Tarachand, Esq., Bar.-at-Law.
Damodar Dwarkadas, Esq. (Pragjee Khoraj & Co.).
Motilal C. Setalvad, Esq., Advocate.
Lalji Naranji, Esq., J.P. (Mooljl Jethas & Co.) (Ex-Officio).

Safest investment at minimum cost. Terms and conditions of Policies extremely liberal without any vexatious restrictions.

Automatic Non-forfeiture of Policies—a boon to Policy-holders.

Application for Agencies invited from influential gentlemen throughout India.

For particulars apply to:—

JIVANLAL DANTUR & CO.,
Secretaries and Managers.

RAZORS AT BARGAIN PRICES

We are selling now the following well-known Hollow Ground Razors at less than wholesale prices. Kropp at Rs. 6-6, Wilkinson Rs. 4-8, Butler Rs. 3-8, Rodgers Rs. 3-8. Pyramid Rs. 2-8. Packing and Postage Free.

S. PAUL & CO., Chemists,
(Dept. B.), 4, Hospital Street,
Dharamtola, CALCUTTA.

DUTTON'S 24 HOUR SHORTHAND

EASIEST to learn, write and read. Only 6 Rules and 26 Characters. Complete Theory learned in 24 Hours. Practise quickly gives high speed. Prospectus and First Lesson free from DUTTON 24 HOUR SHORTHAND COLLEGE, Sankha va Mark Vidyalaya Sandhurst Road, GIRGAON, BOMBAY. All other Commercial subjects also taught by latest methods. Postal Course in Shorthand now ready

UNION ASSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.

(Incorporated in England.)

Annual Fire Income Exceeds.	£10,00,000
Total Assets.	£23,70,000

We have been appointed Agents for the above Society for Fire Insurance business and are prepared to accept Risks at Tariff Rates.

KILACHAND TEVCHAND & Co.,
63, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
Tele. Address: "SEEDS".
Tel. No. 1885.

KATOL

The Best Insecticide Ans, 11 per tin.
JAPAN INSECT POWDER CO.
Princess Street, BOMBAY.

ELIXIR EAUGODIN.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST TONIC.
Sensational Review by the Press in France.

LE TEMPS.

The ELIXIR GODINEAU is now constantly talked of by the press, it is the constant subject of their articles and the talk of town and country: it is a first class strengthening and restoring tonic of miraculous power.

L'AUTORITE.

The marvellous properties of the ELIXIR GODINEAU having been duly proved by various experiments, this powerful specific is now universally recommended as the best remedy against anaemia, tuberculosis and all cases of exhaustion of the organic system in general.

LE FIGARO.

To make gold, and find out the secret of ever-lasting youth; such were the two problems which alchemists had tried to solve. The progress of science has shown the uselessness of the first, but it facilitated, on the other hand, the working out of the second.

Following out the eminent professor's theories a Paris chemist of high standing, with the assistance of eminent practitioners, has prepared the Elixir bearing his name the ELIXIR GODINEAU, the effects of which are surprising.

LE MOT D'ORDRE.

Several truly marvellous cures effected by the ELIXIR GODINEAU, and which have been echoed far and wide, have given this specific universal popularity. Henceforth anaemia, rachitis, paralysis, senile degeneration will cease to exist. The ELIXIR GODINEAU rapidly suppresses all these affections produced by partial or general exhaustion of the organic system.

L'EVENEMENT.

This fairy tale of the fountain of youth is now a true and real fact; old age still scatters a few wrinkles on the face, a few snowy flakes in the hair, but it can no longer chill the hearts of men to whom the high-mettled spiritness of a youth of twenty years of age, is restored by the ELIXIR GODINEAU, one of the valuable conquests of modern science.

L'ECHO DE PARIS.

The great success of the ELIXIR GODINEAU increases from day to-day, and is fully justified. This powerful specific restores health and vigor every day to numberless invalids whose cure was despaired of All weakened or debilitated organic systems are speedily strengthened after treatment with the ELIXIR GODINEAU, the effect of which is as sure as it is rapid. Sole Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon.

MADON SONS & CO.

CHEMISTS,
(Original Madon's), Crawford Market, Bombay.
Price per bottle Rs. 14. Course of 3 bottles Rs. 40.
PACKING FREE. TRANSIT CHARGES EXTRA.

TAILORS FOR HIGH FOLK

AVARI FERNANDES & Co.
Modern Tailors & Outfitters
Princess Street, BOMBAY.

AN INDIAN GLORY.

ENGLISH TRANSLATION OF THE "SHUSHRUTA SAMHITA."

In three volumes. Superior Edition, Rs. 35 Popular Edition, Rs. 25 in India only.

MAKARADHWAJA VATI.

The only Brain-Tonic and Nerve-Vigor, whose after five or six hours of continued brain-work acts like magic on the system. It is an Elixir of Life being the only remedy for the tension of an over-worked brain. Its chief chemicals are the world-renowned Makaradhwaja Camphor and Musk. Rs. 3 for 15 days. With our Snayuranjan Ghrita, Rs. 5.

KAVIRAJ K. L. BHISAGRATNA, M.R.A.S. (Lond.),
16, Kashi Ghose's Lane, CALCUTTA.

Re INCOME TAX AND SUPER TAX

Please consult

SHARANGDHAR & CO.

whose accounting experience extends over 25 years.
at 54, Medows Street, Fort,
BOMBAY.

WANTED AGENTS.

Gentleman who can command a decent business are recommended to apply to the

BOMBAY LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

67, Apollo Street, BOMBAY.

Liberal Terms and every FACILITY TO SUITABLE MEN.

Ladies' Washed A 6 to Rs. 1
" " Cleaned P 1 to Rs. 2 8

Diamond Jubilee Washing Co

High Class Cleaners & Launderers.

Hamam Street, Fort,
BOMBAY. 1

On all matters concerning
INCOME TAX OR SUPER TAX
CONSULT

NAGINDAS & MANEKLAL

F.L.A.A. (London) F. Inc. C.A,
Hanuman Building, Homji Street,
Circle, BOMBAY.

Over 3,500 firms successfully represented

Telephone No. 2510

HOT WEATHER SUITINGS

In various designs and Shades most Suitable for comming Season, being cool Comfortable durable and Smart in appearence. Order us we will Supply you our famous.

SILK SUITING for one suit @ 12/- 20/- 25/- 28/ 40/- of 45-/
TUSSAR PIECES full piece 9 yds × 36" 25/- 45/- 65/
SILK SHIRTING for one shirt @ 10/- 12/- 15/-
HANDKERCHIEF of pure Silk and fine quality @ 3/ each

Price list free

Shri Krishna & Co.

Gai Ghat, Benares City.

America-India Export Import Co.

Lohar Chawl, Princess Street
BOMBAY No. 2.

WHOLESALE DEALERS
IN
ELECTRICAL ACCESSORES LAMPS, etc.

Prices on Application.

CHEAP PERFUME HOUSE

Just unpacked

Best Selected France Perfumery of Messrs. Coty, Houligant, Bichara Rigaud and Rodger, Gallet etc., etc

THE
Praful Perfume Store,
Lohar Chawl, BOMBAY 2.

JAL DINSHAW & CO.

ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS.

SOLE AGENTS:

NATIONAL METAL WORKS, LTD.

Manufacturers of Building fixtures, Furniture fittings, Electric fittings, Ship and Engineers and fancy Brass Works.

Gastine is Gasoline economiser. Carbon troubles eliminated, power, speed and mileage increased 26 to 40 per cent., motor car troubles minimised.

No. 6, Patni Building,
Princess Street, BOMBAY

WANTED.

WANTED AGENTS throughout India to sell copies of "How to Become a Qualified Accountant." Indispensable to Accountancy Students and others desirous to know the requirements of Accountancy Profession in India. Pages 203. Prices Rs. 1-14 Liberal Commission to Agents and Local sellers. Please apply to S. A. SHARANGDHAR, 53, Medow Street, Fort, Bombay.

KATOL STICKS

Destroys Mosquitos Rs. 1-4 per box
JAPAN INSECT POWDER CO.
Princess St., BOMBAY.

DO YOU REMEMBER OR HAVE YOU FORGOTTEN ?

Note quickly and visit our old shop at vay Saffron, Musk, Amber, Baras—Kapur—Myrrabolams—Momiai Silajit—Kher dyam, etc.

D. Shantilal Kantilal & Co

Jumma Masjid, BOMBAY.

No. 8, Waterloo Mansions opposite Museum West, BOMBAY.

THE ONLY PLACE IN INDIA WHERE HYDROCELE

IS CURED BY QUALIFIED EXPERT

CENT PER CENT

by painless methods not necessitating confinement to bed. Patients attend to their daily avocations while under treatment.

Apply :—ELECTRO-THERAPEUTIST.

N. B.—If you hesitate in the least degree to secure the benefit of this treatment before undergoing it—why not bring your family Doctor with you to whom convincing proof will be Adduced?

AMRUTANJAN

is the last word in the cure for aches and pains. 25 years of increasing sales prove this fact. Amrutanjan is the only Indian pain balm used in millions of homes. It certainly

CURES ALL

aches, pains, swelling, sprain, stiff joints, cold, cough, cuts, bruises, chiblains, rheumatism, backache and a host of other pain troubles. Costs 10 Annas. Sold Everywhere. It kills and cures all

ACHES AND PAINS

OLD Garments Turned out NEW

Why go to the Expense of having new clothes made, when you can get your articles done as good as new at our works.

Under Experienced and Expert Management.

A TRIAL WILL CONVINCE YOU.

Prompt & Co.,

CLEANERS AND DYERS.
9, Tamarind Lane.



The Sree Charkha

is made to supply the needs of those who want a really reliable and efficient spinning wheel. Special features are:—

1. It is very convenient both for a beginner and an expert as the spindle can be rotated either at 40 or 70 revelutions for every turn of the hand wheel.
2. By a simple contrivance the driving-thread can be tightened or loosened at will.
3. The iron handle is very rigidly fixed to the ALL-WOOD wheel and turns exceptionally lightly in iron bearings.
4. The SREE CHARAKA is strong, stable and durable and yet the merest touch of the hand will set it going like a free-wheel.

Come and see to-day. Enormous demand.

Every order should be followed by an advance of Rs. 2.

PRICE Rs. 6 only.

ANNAPURNA COOKER CO.
NEW CHARNY ROAD.
Near West End Cinema, BOMBAY.

Karnik's AGUE Mixture

THE tried specific for Ague Intermittent and all sorts of Malarial Fevers. Price As. 12
KARNIK Depot—BOMBAY 4.

Karnik's AGUE Mixture

SEASON GOODS

Just Unpacked
LARGE CONSIGNMENT
of
REFLEX CAMERAS
of
VARIOUS MAKES
¼ to ½ Sizes VARIETY
of
HAND AND STAND CAMERA
and
EVERY OTHER THING PHOTOGRAPHIC

S. MAHADEO & SON,
295-299 Bora Bazar Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

WHERE OTHER KNOWN REMEDIES HAVE FAILED,

PINAK'S AGUE MIXTURE

has carried the day in removing immediately, all kinds of fevers viz; Ague, Malaria Influenza, etc.

SOLD BY

H. H. JETHABHAI & Co.

Sittaram Buildings.
near Crawford Market;
BOMBAY.

FOR
Satisfaction of Fitting
Durability of materials
Please pay us a visit

New Stock of
Woollen, Silk and Cotton
Suitings just opened.

A. R. Abdurrehman & Co.
Churchgate Street, Tailors.
Fort, BOMBAY.

OMEGA.

Nickel Gents	from Rs. 2/
Silver do	" " 41
Nickel Wristlet (Strap watch)	from Rs. 38
0935 Silver case (" ")	" " 44/
Square Shape (" ")	" " 52/

Gold 9ct. from Rs. 110/-, 14ct from Rs. 136/- and 18ct from 161/

Black or white radium Rs. 10/- extra.

Obtainable from all the watchmakers in India and Burma, in Direct

Sole Agents :—

ABRECHT & Co.,
289, Hornby Road, opp. Whiteaway,

Great Eastern Life Assurance Co., Ltd.

It is hereby notified that the Directors of the above Company have resolved to waive the condition inserted in their policies since February 1918, and in certain of their policies prior to that date, providing for a reduction in the Sum Assured in the event of the life Assured engaging in warlike operations. This waiver applies only to persons who have not been engaged in such operations and have not been in the regular Army or Navy, or if they have been so engaged, or have been in the regular Army or Navy, have now returned to civil life.

The clause in question wil not be inserted in future in policies on the lives of civilians who bave no prospect of engaging in Military operations.

LARGE & FRESH STOCK OF

Mill Beltings, Hydraulic Pump Leather, Roller Skins, Chroms Picking Bands, Suit and Attache Cases (real crocodile). Trunks, Bags, Leggings and Gaiters.

GENTS.	PER PAIR Rs. as.	GENTS.	PER PAIR. Rs. as.
Glace Kid Shoes.. ..	6 4	Marching Boots	14 0
Million Shoes M. S. ..	5 6	Superior Shoes H. S. ..	10 6
Million Boots	6 10	Canvas Shoes	4 12
Monsoon Boots	6 14	Superior Boots H. S. ..	12 6
Albert Slippers from Rs. 4-2,	5 0	Ladies Shoes	5 10
Boys Boots..	5 0	Ladies Boots	9 0

Packing and Postage Extra

Trunks (all solid leather) 42" to 30" Rs. 85 to Rs. 65.

Suit Cases 30" to 20" Rs. 70 to Rs. 45. Hand Bags 12" to 24" Rs. 16 to 36

25 per cent advance money required from outstation Customers.

PRICES VERY MODERATE.

SUTOR & Co., HORNBY ROAD FORT.

geney—The Western India Army Boot & Equipment Factory, Sion, Bombay.

We Always Stock in Great Variety.

INDIAN MADE

Superior textore mill and hand-loom dhoties.
Dainty saries, white, coloured & laced.
Ladies and gents underwear.
White drill office suits and long coats.
Tussore, silk and wool suitings.
Serviceable towels and strong bed-sheets.
Metal and leather travelling trunks and suit cases.
Durable white twill and striped cameric shirtings,
Boses perfumery and hair oils.
Which are.....

UNSURPASSED FOR VALUE.

Asoka Swadeshi Stores,

LIMITED.

PRINCESS STREET, **BOMBAY** No. 2.

BRANCHES AT BOMBAY (Charni Road Junction, Kalbadevi Road, Supari-baug Road and Lalbaug, Parel).

BRANCHES AT MADRAS (Mount Road, and Broadway,

ALLAHABAD & POONA CITY.

Branches Opening Shortly,

NASIK, KARACHI AND POONA CANTT.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 10 April, 2017

WHY SUFFER FROM MALARIA ?

There is now no reason why any person should suffer or dye from MALARIA, INFLUEANZA or any type of Fevers.

Hundreds of people willingly testify that

ADAM'S AGUE SPECIFIC

is SAFE and CERTAIN CURE.

They remove all trace of MALARIA from system.

It is natural Specific, perfectly harmless to old or chield and acts like magic.

M. T. Madon & Co.,

Crawford Market.

A FRENCH Remedy for CONSUMPTION and all Wasting Diseases.

BYLA'S EMULSION of COD LIVER OIL and LECITHIN.

A pre-eminently strengthening and restorative tonic combining in reduced volume and agreeable form the propert of Cod Liver Oil and Lecithin. An excellent preparation giving astonishing results in the Organic Wa Diseases such as : PULMONARY PHTHISIS, every form of TUBERCULOSIS. SCROFULA, COUGHS STANDING COLDS, ACUTE AND CHRONIC BRONCHITIS, RICKETS, ANÆMIA, CHLOROSIS, NF DISEASES, RHEUMATISM, SKIN DISEASES, SORE THROATS, NEURASTHENIA, and in general consti- .utional diseases affecting the nutrition.

Renew your Strength and Vigor to both Body and Mind by taking

Dr. ADAM'S Brain & Nerve Tonic Pills

(Speedy cure for—) **Nervous and Functional Debility, Physical Exhaustion, Anæmia, Loss of Memory, Brain Fag, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Vigor, Neuralgia, Headache, Muscular and Local Weakness, Palpitation, Neurasthenia, Premature Decay, Sleeplessness** and all other **Nervous Complaints.**

It thorougly invigorates the **Brain Nerves** and Muscles—communicates a healthy tone to the System and gives Vigor to every organ—excites appetite and prompts digestion of food. Sold by all well-kn n Chemists at Rs. 3 per bottle.

Sold by all well-know Chemists or

M. T. MADON & Co.,

24-26, ABDUL REHMAN STREET, Crawford Market Corner Shop, BOMBAY.

STEARNS' CELERY NERVINE

In Rheumatism and Gout, Stearns' Celery Nervine relieves by eliminating from the blood through the kidneys, by its diuretic action, substances which are attributed to cause the diseases, thereby acting as a preventive. People who are subject to the disease should take a bottle of Stearns' Celery Nervine occasionally as an aid in preventing suspected attacks.

In nervous disorders and sleeplessness, Stearns' Celery Nervine acts as a tonic and sedative to the nervous system relieving sleeplessness and steadying the nerves.

Uterine and Ovarian disorders such as difficult menstruation, ovarian congestion and disorders of the menopause or change of life are relieved by the continued use of Stearns' Celery Nervine.

In the disorders of the Kidneys commonly known as Bright's Disease, Stearns' Celery Nervine aids the system by its tonic and diuretic alterative affect.

In blood disorders such as scrofula, pimples, blotches, etc., Stearns' Celery Nervine with the proper local treatment is a great aid in restoring the skin to its normal condition.

M. T. Madon Co.,

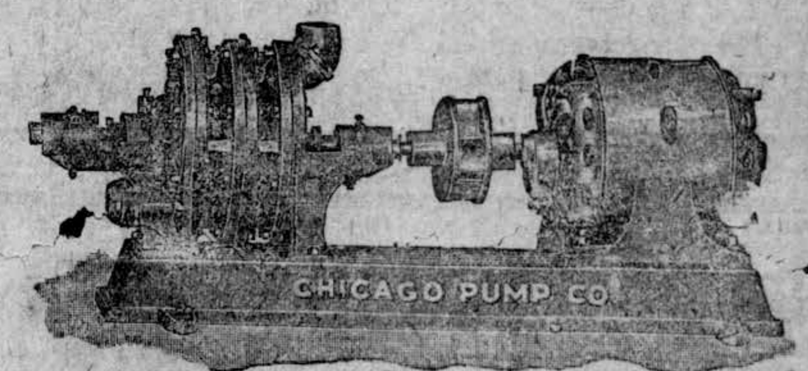
Crawford Market

CHICAGO ELECTRIC HOUSE PUMPS BOTH A.C. & D.C.

Water supply in Bombay is generally inadequate. The municipality allows you water only at certain hours, but your needs cannot be constained to these particular hours only. You want water at your taps and in your latrine flushes all the 24 hours.

The best wayto have this is to instal a water tank on the top of your Building and pump the water into it at the time it is available in the mains and use it all 24 hours independently of muncipality.

You need a reliable house pump for this. We supply at a reasonable price.



CHICAGO TELEPHONE SUPPLY CO.

P. O. BOX. No. 459, BOMBAY.

APIOLINE CHAPOTEAUT



LADIES SAFE REMEDY for functional troubles, delay, pain and those irregularities peculiar to the sex.



WHOLESALE : 8, Rue Vivienne PARIS—FRANCE

Sold by all Chemists



ZANGI Pen Rs. 6-4. Calendar Clip complete As. 8. Spare Calendar As. 4. Zangi Dry Compressed Inklets per dozen Blue, Red, Green or Purple, As. 3. You need ZANGI, the latest improved Fountain Pen. Its large 14ct. gold nib with permanent medium point and improved ZANGI feed ensure steady, smooth and easy writing. Never leaks or blots. Order to-day, V. P., on 7 days' approval. FACTORY SALES COMPANY (19), Darya Ganj, DELHI.

Kashmiri Shawl
Malida, Pattoo . . .
Pashmina, Chegha
Comfortors
Blankets

PRICE LIST FREE.

Amirchand & Son
General Shawl Merchants,
LAHORE.

FANCY FITTINGS.



and Sanitary Ware of every description. We instal bath tubs, wash-basins and drainage at competitive rates. Estimates Free. 10, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

CLUBWALLA & CO.

MARTIN'S APIOL & STEEL PILLS for Ladies.



Telel No. 4195 Telel add. Kopti C , Bombay
M. M. KOPTI AND CO.



TILE, MARBLE & TANDUR POLISHED STONE, MERCHANTS & CONTRACTORS
48, 50 Customs House Road, Fort,
BOMBAY.



USE
DURABLE .
RELIABLE .
INCANDESCENT
LUMINOUS .
LASTING . .
MANTLES

IMPORTERS:—
The London, Eastern & American Trading Co.,
Hammam Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

Spare Parts for

ESSEX . . . CARS
FORD . . . . CARS
OVERLAND . CARS
CHEVROLET . CARS
DENBY . . . TRUCKS

ORDER OUT FROM

Rane Ltd. Proprietors;
EMPIRE AUTOMOBILES,
Telephone No. 2475. New Queen's Road, BOMBAY. Telegrams "AUTOWORKS"

—WICKLESS—
BLUE FLAME OIL STOVES.



Always-in-Stock with one, two and three Burners with and without legs.
(1) Far Superior to any Stove with Wick
(2) No Soot or smell because Wickles,.
(3) Most Economical because no Wick.
(4) Safest because No Pump.
(5) Takes Inferior Kerosine Oil and
(6) Produces a Powerful Blue Flame.
(7) Costs Less, Give More Heat & Last Longer than Stoves with Wick.

Also large and small coal and wood cooking ranges.
10, Church Gate Street, Fort,
BOMBAY.
CLUBWALLA & Co.

English Stove & Gycle Depot.
PRIMUS OPTIMUS CRITERION OIL STOVES & ENGLISH YCLES
Girgaon Tram T. Bombay.

RAI SAHEB Dr. DAS
SECRETS OF HAPPY
FREE
APPLY TO THE
SWASTHYA SA
30/2, HARR



THE

EMPRESS

MADAN THEATRES Ld.

PRESENT

THE SECOND SUPER "SELECT ORIENTAL FILMS" MASTERPIECE.

A POURANIC SPECTACLE OF UNUSUAL SPLENDOUR AND INTENSE HEART-INTEREST.

DHRUVA CHARITRA.

The great devotional story of Hindu life and aspiration.

In 8 Reels—10,000 Feet Long.



COMING NEXT SATURDAY 21st MAY 1921.

DHRUVA CHARITRA

COMING NEXT SATURDAY 21st MAY 1921.

CAST OF PRINCIPAL CHARACTERS.

Vishnu, The Preserver of Mankind—Master Manilal.
King Uthanpad—Mr. James McGrath.
Suniti—Mis[illegible]ce Cooper.
Suruchi—Signo[illegible] Manelli.
King of Mathura—Mr. Pestonji Madon.
Queen of Mathura—Miss Kusum Kumari.
King Parikshit—Mr. Dadabhoy Sarkari.
Rishi Samika—Mr. Isaac Simon.
Sringi—Master Surajram.
Gobardhan—Signor P. Manelli.
Narad—Master Mohan.
Indra—Mr. Cursetji Billimoria.
Dharmadev—Aga Hasher Kashmiri.
Uttam—Master Revla.
Rishi Atri—Mr. Jasodasingh.
Dwapor—Mr. Ardeshir Sanjana.
God Yama—Mr. Cowasji Gotla.
The Dancer—Signorina Dorros.
Dhirghika—Mr. Palwan.



Dhruva Charitra.

Adapted for the Cinema from the

"VISHNUPURANAM"

"He who shall celebrate the Elevation of DHRUVA into the abode of Celestials, shall be released from all and be adored in Heaven. He shall not lose his station, either in this world, or Heaven (after death) and shall live long, possessed of every blessing."



Commencing To-day!

The Serial Supreme!

The Theme OF THE Day!

Messrs. K. D. and Brothers
present
To-day and this Week the

FIRST THREE EPISODES

of their Mighty, Powerful Society Serial

10 Episodes.

"WHEN WE LOVE"

20,000 feet.

The exciting and thrilling story of two lovers who made a satanic agreement signed in their own blood!

A narrative of the attempts of two fond hearts to become rich in a very novel way!

Here is written proof of what is practically an inconceivable compact that was actually made between a young woman and a young man.

"Loving and desiring but one man on this earth, Maxim Queirlly, to whom I belong heart, body and soul, and considering that life is nothing without riches, I take my oath to marry the man that he may choose for me and afterwards slay him at whatever time he may appoint, happy to give my Beloved lover this proof of my inextinguishable love.

(Signed) SABINA LAMBERTIER."

"Loving and desiring but one woman on the earth, Sabina Lambertier, to whom I belong heart, body and soul, and considering that life is nothing without riches, I take my oath to marry the woman that she may choose for me and afterwards slay her at whatever time she may appoint, happy to give my beloved mistress this proof of my inextinguishable love.

(Signed) MAXIM QUEIRLLY."

SIMPLY LOVE!—WHAT DOES IT MEAN?"

What is love? What are its qualities, its powers? It's powers—ah! This gives us something upon which to work!

And it gave Sabine and Maxim something upon which they worked, with what horrible consequences, you are invited to see in this High-Class Serial!

Every Episode is free from unnatural stunts.

Five Shows To-day & To-morrow at: 8-30; 5-30; 7; 8-45 & 10-15 p. m. (S. T.)



WEST-END CINEMA

(New Churney Road).

YOU COULDN'T WISH FOR A BETTER Whisky than MITCHELL'S

OLD HEATHERDEW SCOTCH WHISKY



ONE PEG—Try it this evening—will convince you that MITCHELL'S is absolutely the BEST.

—— At all bars ——

BHIMJI JAYRAJ & Co.,

Chowpatty Sea Face, BOMBAY.

A.A.S. 341

H. K. MISTRY Co.

Always large stock on hand of White Carrara, Marble Tiles and Slabs Real Belgium Black Marble Tiles and Colour. English White Glazed Tiles and Flooring tiles, etc.

Old Custom House Road, Circle, BOMBAY.

Tel. Add. SATSANG. Telep. No. 5741.

New Year Presents.

OF

Indian Silks, Saris, Scarves Opera-cloaks, Shoe-brocades, Blouses, table-centres, purses, brassware, rare Pictures.

COME AND SELECT AT

GUPTA'S

New Queen's Road, Near Opera House, BOMBAY

Phone 3445

Everything that's good for the Eye at

SHANTI BROS, Ld.

Bori Bunder, opp. The Empire

Your Eyes need examining—

Our Doctor, a London Specialist does it

AAS.

free of charge

THE

Persian Hair Dye.

Ladies' Very Best

(1) It turns Grey Hair "Black."
(2) It makes the hair lovely "Black."
(3) It makes the hair look Natural "Black."
(4) It has no equal in the "Hair Dye World."

TESTED AT THE GOVERNMENT CHEMICAL LABORATORY.

To be had from:—Army and Navy Co-operative Society, Ltd., Messrs. LEWIS and Co., Ltd., PHILLIPS and Co., Ltd., PERLMOOTER and Co., Cumballa Hill, THOMSON and TAYLOR, LEACH and WHEELER, Chemists, MADON and SONS, M. T. MADON, Market, NAROTAM GIRDHAR, Jesse Mansion, and also from all known Chemists and Druggists.

SOLE AGENTS

NORMUSJI DOSABHOY & CO.,

Telephone No. 511. BOMBAY 2

LONDON LETTER.

THE GREAT LOCK-OUT

RALLYING TO MINERS' CAUSE.

IS THERE A NEW WAR?

IRELAND—ITS "APPOINTED DAY."

Through the Hindustan News Agency.

LONDON, April 20, 1921.

The great lock-out of miners continues. After twenty days of it, and with their funds diminishing tragically, the men continue solid in their demand for a National Pool of profits and a National Wages Board, so that it shall not be possible for the workers in the less profitable mines to be paid less than a living wage. The great majority are absolutely uncompromising on this point being conceded before any discussions on wages rates can be even considered; in one or two districts, they are willing that a temporary wages system should be discussed so long as the main principles of the National Pool and National Wages Board are not thereby prejudiced.

The crash of the Triple Alliance.

It was the mention by Mr. Frank Hodges of this latter possibility, at a private meeting of Members in the House of Commons last Thursday night, that gave the impulse to the other two great Unions of the Triple Alliance to cancel the strike fixed for the following evening. Unfortunately, no press representatives were present at this meeting which was hurriedly called late in the evening as a last hope of reaching a settlement in time to stop the sympathetic strike of transport workers and railwaymen; and it followed upon a meeting between the members and the coal-owners, at which the latter made so bad an impression by their statement of the low wages they were proposing to offer to the lower grade miners that the M. P.'s summoned Mr. Hodges in order to hear his side of the case. In an answer to a question, the Miners' Secretary intimated that no "temporary" wages settlement had ever been offered to men, and he added further to have thrown out the suggestion that a proposal from the mine-owners to forego all profits temporarily, while the men accepted a temporary wages settlement, without prejudice to their claim for the National Pool and Wages Board, might be considered by the Executive. This was magnified by most of the morning papers into a concession amounting to a "climb down," and the Miners' Executive, after considering the fresh offer from the Government which was based upon it, decided to turn it down and adhere to their original demands. Even without a verbatim report of what Mr. Hodges did or did not say at the fateful Members' meeting, it is fair to conclude that he made a mistake in tactics, though no fair-minded person can call it more than that or fail to be glad that the Executive refused to accept his resignation which was immediately tendered. But the effects of the incident were immediate, and fatal to the success of the sympathetic strike. The leaders of the Transport Workers and of the Railwaymen at once called off the strike, which was to have taken place on Friday evening, on the ground that owing to the "confusion" caused by the reopened negotiations it would not be successful.

Rallying to the Miners' Cause.

Sometimes, however, a calamity is so big that it has a favourable reaction, and this would seem to be the case to some extent now. For public sympathy has veered considerably round towards the miners since their apparent betrayal by their comrades of the Triple Alliance; and the fund which has been opened "to save the miners' children" is being contributed to very largely by the middle classes. Also, people are growing a little timorous of all the military display called forth by the Government on the pretence of threatened disorder. There is a little too much Prussianism about raising a special anti-Labour army bigger than the whole of our regular army and saddling our already overtaxed population with a new charge of a million a week, to say nothing of calling up all the Reserves as well. The parks are being evacuated, it is true, and recruiting for the "Defence Corps" (or White Guard, according to taste) has stopped. But in view of the cancelled strike and of the utter absence of any sign of disorder, the tin hat and tank display of the last fortnight frankly makes the Government look simply silly. And meanwhile, the deadlock of miners and owners continue.

Is there a New War.?

As May 1st approaches, the warlike preparations of France assume a serious aspect. Already, she is preparing to send in 200,000 fresh troops to occupy the Ruhr district; and there are sinister rumours in this country that, unless Germany performs impossible feats in the way of paying indemnity by that date, many of our reserves called up under pretence of maintaining order during the strike will be drafted into the Ruhr to support France in her rapacity. Germany's new offer is still on the way, but nobody seems to be very hopeful about it, especially, in view of the uncompromising attitude of the Reparations Commission, which has just ordered Germany to transfer, before May 1st, to the branches of the Reichsbank in the occupied territory, the whole of the gold reserves of the Reichsbank. The further threat to apply "sanction" to Austria, in the event of her refusing to place a 50 per cent tax upon all German imports is scarcely conductive to peace and goodwill on the Continent. M. Briand comes over for the week-end to visit Mr. Lloyd George. It is a visit of ill omen, in view of the character of the two arch-plotters, and unless something happens to convince them of the inexpediency of such a course—its ethical iniquity will make no appeal to either of them—there is every prospect of our being plunged ain a fortnight's time into a new war, in which one side can do little more than scratch and die. It will not be a glorious victory for the side that wins.

Ireland.

The "Appointed Day"—April 19,—on which some of the provisions of the Government of Ireland Act were to come into effect, has dawned, and there are no visible signs in that country of "government" except by bayonet and revolver. Outrages on both sides intensify, as the days go by; and to suppose that, under such circumstances it will be possible to make arrangements for an election, or that, if it is held, it will result in the South in anything but the election of a Sinn Fein Parliament that will refuse to take the oath of allegiance, is simply folly. Friends of Ireland here call it vain for some signs of decency on the part of our Government, some indication that for Black-and-Tannery goodwill and justice will be substituted; but the Prime Minister's attitude is seen in his seply to the 20 English Bishops who recently memoralised him on the subject. "So long as Sinn Fein Ireland demands a Republic, and refuses to accept Loyal Membership of the British Commonwealth coupled with the fullest Home Rule which is compatible with conceding to Ulster the same rights as it claims for itself, the present evils will continue. "writes the Prime Minister; and he proceeds to ennumerate the crimes of Sinn Fein. It is interesting, however, to note that he admits the excesses of the Crown forces by somewhat ingenously confessing that during the last three months 28 members of the R. I. C. and 59 members of the Auxiliary Division have been dismissed as "unsuitable" as members of a police orce.

News items.

In Bristol alone 20,400 unemployed are now on the Labour Exchange books, and 22,000 workers in short time. The Distress Committee, in a letter addressed to the M. P.'s of the district, state that they have come to the unanimous conclusion, after years of experience in the boot and shoe trade, that the prime cause of much of the distress in the district is the unsettled state of Ireland.

In the course of a claim for compensation against the Crown in the Newry Sessions (Ireland) it was stated that four policemen (R. I. C.) in revenge for a raid upon them in the neighbourhood, entered a farmhouse and shot a boy of 18, leaving him for dead. His widowed mother begged them to spare him, saying—"He is my only boy; I lost the other son in France."

Regarding the recent sentences of two years' and one year's hard labour, passed respectively upon a printer and his manager (Frank Shouldice and John O'Grady) by court-martial, for the printing of a poster which alleged to be treasonable, Mr. Tom Johnson, Secretary of the Irish Labour Party, sends to the "Daily Herald" a description of the poster which shows it to have been an appeal for funds in aid of "the North Wall railwaymen who had sacrificed £1,600 per week in wages in a fight for Self-Determination." Mr. Tom Johnson adds, "How the printing of a poster appealing for funds in their support can be construed as a crime passes comprehension."

N. C. O. VOLUNTEER ACQUITTED.

PROSECUTION WITNESSES VEER ROUND.

(Associated Press.)

GIRIDIH, May 12.

The Magistrate acquitted Moghuljan, non-cooperation volunteer, who was charged with having wrongfully restrained the daughter of the complainant, a Mahomedan of Pachamba. The Court Inspector for the prosecution submitted that the prosecution witnesses had veered round and been trying to save accused, and so he must take his stand on their statements before the police. Mr. Yunus, defence counsel, said there was no evidence to substantiate the charge and that these troubles would never have arisen but for the police trying to make a noncognisable case a cognizable one. Further, he said that the complainant had filed a petition, declining to proceed with the case.

THANA AND JAIL CASES.

Regarding the Thana case and jail case, the Public Prosecutor prayed that the Thana case might first be taken up as he was not prepared with the other case. Mr. Yunus submitted that in sequence of events, jail incidents having occurred first, should be taken up first. The Magistrate was for taking up the Thana case first and Mr. Yunus thereupon moved for transfer of the case. The Magistrate put off the jail case to 31st May and the Thana case to the 4th June.

THE WEATHER.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, May 13.

There has been local rain in Burma and Bay Islands with few falls in Assam and Bengal.

The chief amounts are:—Port Blair, Diamond Island one inch, Bassein half, Tavoy, Lashio three-quarters, Dhubri two, Jalpaiguri three. A storm appeads to be forming near centre of Bay.

Forecast:—Increase on Arakan Coast

The oil mill labourers strike in Calcutta is still continuing.

INDEPENDENCE--THE BIRTHRIGHT.

DEMAND OF FILIPINOS.

CALL TO U. S. TO REDEEM THEIR PLEDGE.

"WE HAVE STILL FAITH IN AMERICAN SINCERITY."

HON. ISAURO GABALDON'S SPEECH IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The following is the full text of the speech of the Hon'ble Isauro Gabalden, Resident Commissioner from the Philippine Islands to the United States House of Representatives, delivered there on March 5, 1921:—

Mr. Mondell—Mr. Speaker, I ask the unanimous consent that the gentleman from the Philippines (Mr. Gabaldon) may be permitted to address the House for five minutes.

The Speaker:—The gentleman from Wyoming asks unanimous consent that the gentleman from the Philippines may be permitted to address the House for five minutes. Is there objection (after a pause). The Chairman hears none. (Applause).

Mr. Gabaldon.—Mr Speaker and gentle men of the House. I am most grateful to you all for the opportunity you have given me to-day to address you on an issue which is all important to the ten and a half million people whom I represent. This is an issue which has been before the American people for almost a quarter of a century. A settlement has been pressed a thousand times but the Congress to this day stands unmoved. The reasons for this attitude of yours are unknown to my people. But once again, I, as their representative in this body, desire to remind the American Nation to whom we owe so much, that the American promise of independence to the Phillippines is still unredeemed.

During the last four years no Filipino Resident Commissioner has raised his voice in this Hall to plead for the fulfilment of America's promise to grant us independence. This silence might have been due to the general state of affairs then existing throughout the world. But it is perhaps due to this silence, also, that the impression has been created among some members of the Congress that there are leaders of the Filipino people who are not in favour of independence for their country.

Mr. Speaker. I would be a traitor to my people, to the political party in the Philippines to which I have the honor to belong, and to my own convictions; I would be recreant to the trust imposed upon me by the people who have elected me to the position I now hold, if I did not express to you in unmistakable language the genuine sentiments of the Filipines on this question of their political emancipation.

I shall, however, first ask your indulgence to say a few words concerning my own personal feelings relative to this body and the great and mighty Nation that you represent. Permit me to do this to the end that you may thei better comprehend the official attitude I shall take in my remarks.

HAS LEARNED TO LOVE AMERICA.

Fifteen years ago I visited this country for the first time. I was impressed with the vigour, aggressiveness, and patriotism of the people of this wonderful land. But it is only now that I am realizing more than what I then relized. It is only now that I have come to really know the American people. I have met scores of Americans in their own homes, and their hospitality has been unbounded. The members of this body with whom I have come in contact have shown me a thousand co... my heart has been touched by yo... cans. And although I am here ... ing another race and another p... nation that inhabits an archipe... most 10,000 miles away yet I can ... say that your own admiration ... people can scarcely excee... (Applause).

I take great pleasure, also in... to this distinguished body tha... tionship existing between the F... American people is most cordial. ... official, Maj Gen Frank Mo I... ues to this happy state of affa... report he expresses surprise "... of the feeling of all the Phili... including persons of all classes...

There are various reasons... attitude of ours towards this... country. It is a feeling ... gratitude. America has tru... Filipino people as no other n... treated an alien race in all ... the ages. The high point o... policy in the Philippine isl... consistently inspiried by ... have implanted there an ... tem as fine as any countr... can boast of. There are ... tors who declare that the... struction of our school sy... perior to that in vogue ... States. Every Filipino ... of the school system you ... Our legislature is approp... more funds for school w... There are to-day almost ... without any compulsory ... schools, and you can tr... of the country to the ot... self understood in Engli...

You have also succeed... the industrial and com... our people. By the ... you have sent there t...

modern government, you have inculcated the pioneer spirit in a nation that theretofore dared not venture out in the pursuit of new enterprises. Americans have awakened our initiative, and they have taught how to make better use of the vast natural resources our virgin country. They have made us realise the potentialities of our undeveloped areas. These are some of the richest areas in the world, capable of supporting a population as large as that of Japan. They are fast being developed to-day, and they will soon make the Philippines a rich nation. History will give America the credit of having started, on our way, not only to political independence but also to agricultural, commercial and financial independence (Applause).

American's works in the Philippines in the interests of hygine and pubblic health is also monumental.

Marvellous as you are in sanitary engineering works, you have promoted the sinking of artesian wells, the establishment of a splendid system of sanitation, the building of good roads, bridges, and the extension of public and sanitary works of every character. In a sentence, you have shown us how to make our country a better place to live in.

Gentlemen we know that in you labours in the Philippine Islands you were actuated by the desire to contribute to our own welfare. This is the reason why we have cheerfully paid every cent of the cost of your undertakings. We have responded to your magnificent approach, and it is not too much to say that you could not have succeded in the marvellous way you have succeeded if you had not found in the Philippines a people willing and anxious and capable of working with you in these betterments. We also deserve credit, therefore, for having so loyally eagerly, and intelligently cooperated with you in your colonial experiment.

Such, gentlemen of the Congress, are the ties of gratitude which to-day bind the hearts of the people of the Philippine Islands to this great Republic. I pray that these existing bonds of affection and sympathy may endure throughout all time (Aplause.)

INDEPENDENCE DEARER THAN LIFE.

Nevertheless, paradoxical as it may seem, we wish to tell you that our desire to independence, to have an internatio... personality of our own, to be entitle t... place in the community of the nation... as strong as ever. America's task in... Philippine Islands is finished. What... have assumed as your sacred obligat... that part of the world has been fu... A people with a medieval system of ... tions as been transfermed into a c... notion, imbued with all that is mo... the activities of nations. We ar... a modern State, much like you ... trust sense. While, therefore, w... grateful for all the good that A... done us permit me to state th... you for nothing else so much a... man promise to grant us that ... hold dearer than life itself—o... Independence is our national ... aim. It is ... which all ... grows s...

B... Is... of ... and ... teres... grant ... to you.

Mr. Sp... day betw... Philippin... before Co... Philippine...

That a ... whether o... pines at p... existance o... invariably ... the Americ... recognition ... the conditio...

The Jones ... proclamed in...

It is, as it ... of the people ... draw their s... Islands and t... as soon as a ... established the...

By virtue of ... attitude of yes... living formula. ... joiced, and they acce... the representatives ... as the official pledg... lying upon that pie... ing stable govern... was immediately ... pleted.

The phrase "st... definite meaning ... the United Stat... Grant:

To establish ... essential to th... (stability), th... ing a known ... known and ... acknowledge... which the ... ministered ... meet out ... afford re... wrongs, ... ternation... quisition ...

ST...

Gajar 75-25	Dec. Jan.	—	
Gajar 50-50	Dec. Jan.	—	
June-July	—	—	—
Aug.-Sept.	—	—	—
...at Oct. Nov.	—	—	—
...seed Sept. —	—	—	—
...nseed Dec. —	—	—	—

3/4

-10 1/4

May, 1921

d — — £17 3/4

6 lbs. — —

6 lbs. — £15 1/2

...nding Dearers.

ex-Ship — £18 3/4

...rmly Held

...ata) — — £15 1/4

...und — Sellers— £ 10

...May, — — £ 18 3/4

...E.

...11th May, 1921.

— — £47 80

— — £76 10

— — £251 00

...TINENTAL CENTRES
...OTATIONS.

— — 16 86

— — 25 08

— — 11 17 3/4

— — 22 37

— — 47 00

— — 75 00

...KET.

May 13.

...arket at ...ward and ...death of

...IONS.

...1921.

Rates.

7/16

...5/32

7/8

1/2

...391

.../2

...66

.../2

...0

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton produce etc., for the 48 hours ending 6 p. m., on 12th May, 1921.

Cotton	15465	Bales
Wheat	10217	Cwts
Linseed	2415	—
Rape, etc.	2	—
Gingellyseed	1022	—
Poppyseed	Nil	...
Groundnuts	Nil	...
Castorseed	571	—
Rice	135908	—
Myrabollams	2426	—
Cottonseed	6994	—
Mowraseed	Nil	—
Gram	2968	—
Juwar	3112	—
Masur	Nil	—
Barley	1076	—
Bajra	1568	—
Coal	6708	Tons

PIECE-GOODS.

The Cloth Market has remained quiet during the past week. The absence of demand has again been felt. Merchants have not been inclined to transact business even amongst themselves, as upcountry have not been in the mood to purchase at the moment. Rupee rates have remained steady but the higher level has no doubt checked business on a free scale. It is believed that if substantial reductions are made in the ruling rates, fair business would result. On the other hand the famine in Gujerat has put a stop to purchases from that quarter. Delhi and Cawnpore buyers seem to have satisfied their immediate requirements. The local demand for the *Ramjan* has not yet been in evidence. The only hope is now centred on the monsoon, and if the beginning be favourable a fair demand may be experienced for all sorts.

The quotations for the leading shops and Whites are as under:—

	Ins	Yds.	Rs.	a.	p
GREY SHIRTINGS—					
Ralli's Fazl No. [illegible]	29	37 1/2	16	0	0
" 100,000	46	"	18	8	0
" No 33,000	45	"	17	8	0
" " 2800	27	"	14	0	0
Graham's No. 2740	32	"	15	8	0
" Yellow Horse	45	38	—		
" No. 2510	44	38 1/2	—		
Dewhurst "BBB"	36	"	26	8	0
" "BB"	—	"	—		
" "Rupee No 5	38	"	—		
Bombay Co.'s No. 2082	44	38 1/2	—		
" No. 1000	39	37 1/2/8	15	8	0
" No. 0608	33	37 1/2/8	41	0	0
Lyonlo's No. 610	29	37 1/2/8	—		0
" " 4402	41	"	16	0	0
" " 1055	32	37/37 1/2	—		0
Forbes' " 604	38	37 1/2/8	—		0
Lyon's "Shanker"	39	"	—		0
Fleming's No. 1905	63	38	—		0
...Y DRILLS—					
Pepperell's "Diagon"	29	46	27	0	0
Ralli's Musjid No. 428	28	40	16	0	0
Mitsui's "Mlopuanth"	49	69	22	8	0
WHITE JACONETS—					
Ralli's No. 18	45	52	—	8	0
" " 18	60	28	10	8	0
" " 158	40	28	—		
" " 680	44	28	10	6	0
WHITE SHIRTINGS—					
Liepman's No. 1028	82	48	38	0	0
H.S.T.C. 40009	36	48	38	0	0
Ralli's No. 8688	33	48	21	8	0
Forbes K.B. 108	36	40	—		
" 161	32	46	22	8	0
Fleming's No. 7182	36	20	8	8	0
WHITE MULLS—					
Ralli's No. 6	31	10	10	4	0
" No. 69	40	16	11	4	0
" No. 606	31	18	12	4	0
No. 6002	50	18	18	12	0
No. 88	59	20	12	12	0
No. 1378	21	18	5	0	0
" No. 813	39	26	11	6	0
" No. 360 (5 lines)	54	20			
" No. 360 (6 lines)	"		16	0	0
" No. 355 (6 lines)	62	28	17	8	0
" No. 425 (6 lines)	"		17	0	0
" No. 1340	35	20	9	0	0
" No. 5502	40	20	14	0	0
" No. 8750	"		15	8	0
" No. 1703	93	20	20	0	0
...chis's No. 1208	27	18	5	0	0
" No. 119	37	18	7	0	0
" No. 228	42	18	7	8	0
" No. 538	47	18	8	0	0
" M/44 39," 44," 49,"	54	18	9	12	0
No. 90	52	20	12	8	0
No. 80892	40	18	7	8	0
No. 86790	"		8	0	0
No. 778	60	18	8	0	0
No. 573	46	18	8	8	0
No. 873	58	18	9	0	0
No. 615	"		9	0	0
...haw's "Balloon"	58	20	12	8	0
" No. 142	34	15	11	0	0
" No. 430	35	15	11	0	0
...es' No. 5404	27	15	5	2	0
...ng's No. 8188	27	42	5	0	0
NAINSOOK					
No. 7076/9098	27	15	5	8	0
Nos. 61/81	"		5	2	0
No. 1200	"		4	10	0
No. 59650 T B	35	24	8	10	0
...Nos. 88/8888	26	16	6	8	0
...950/97978					
...aswati"	33	15	11	0	0
...poo" W/WWW	34	18	7	8	0
...0000	"		8	8	0
...88340/33350/33350	"		9	3	0
...4545/6656/6767	25	12			
...80000/50000					
...000 T.B.					
...5500/4510/55...					
...os. 5800/58...					

stocks in the hands of some Japanese Firms, which will soon find their way in the market.

WHITES.

In White Goods the position has remained much the same as the previous week. The demand has only been of a retail nature. Such sorting lots have not appeased the appetite of the sellers, who are anxious to get rid of their heavy stocks before the monsoon season begins. White Mulls have been in better position than nainsooks or shirtings. 39 inches by 20 yards Gold End Mulls have advanced further by an anna per price. Nainsooks have been neglected. White Shirtings have been sold in retail quantities at good rates.

The members of the Managing Committee of the Bombay Native Piece-Goods Merchants' Association and the representatives of the different Sub-Associations will meet at 1-30 p.m. Bombay Time on Sunday the 15th instant to give further consideration to the situation arising out of the resolution of the 22nd December last regarding payment of bills at two shillings exchange. The result of this conference will be awaited with interest. If a recommendation to the following effect be made by the Committee to the general meeting of the Association, it should meet with the approval of all concerned:—"That dealers should pay for their goods on account, with liberty to fix the exchange on any day before the beginning of next year." This will enable the dealers to get delivery of the goods that are needed, and they might get the advantage of a rise in the rate of exchange during the next seven months.

The Manchester Market has been firm and steady, but there is not much business passing through. Efforts are being made everywhere to decrease the costs of production to bring down the prices to a normal level. The Federation of Master Cotton Spinners have decided to notify 150,000 operatives of thirty per cent reduction in wages, as the advance of 28 per cent was granted a year ago, since when the cotton spinning trade has been most depressed. The cotton manufacturers are expected to serve similar notices on their quarter million operatives.

LOCAL MARKETS.

F. G. Broach for April-May and July-August 1921 opened in the market at Rs. 300 and at Rs. 327 respectively, went up to Rs. 306 and Rs. 332 on the same day, went down to Rs. 297 for April-May and Rs. 319 for July-August on 10th May and again advanced to Rs. 306 for April-May and Rs. 332 for July-August 1921 and closed at Rs. 305 for April-May and at Rs. 330 for July-August yesterday. Japanese exporters selling freely July-August Broach at this level. We don't think market will be sustained and we therefore recommend sales at this level with the idea of buying back at a level of Rs. 309 later on.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay, 11th May, 1921.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr in.	29,735
Temperature of Air — degrees	85 2
Wet Bulb Thermometer — "	77 4
Dew Point — "	74 5
Relative humidity of Air	0 713
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10)	1-6
Maximum temperature of Air degrees	92 4
Minimum do do	80 0
General direction of Wind From Midnight to Midnight	NNE, WNW, NW.
Movement of Wind	Miles. 206

SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMABY.

HIGH WATER

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time		Depth on Still	
		h.	m.	ft.	in
Wednesday	18th	m9	4	26	8
		9	4a	26	7

LOW WATER

Day of Week	Day of Month	Bombay Mean Time		Depth on Still	
		h.	m.	ft.	in
Wednesday	18th	m2	40	16	10
		3	3a	19	1

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 13th May 1921, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear except at Multan. Humidity is in considerable defect. Day temperature is above normal at Ambala but below it at Multan; night temperature is nearly normal.

The United Provinces.—Skies are clear and ...midity is in considerable defect. Day ...ature is nearly normal or slightly ... than usual; night temperature is ... normal.

...and Rajputana.—Skies are clear. Hu...is in considerable defect in Rajputana ...perature is below normal at Jacoba...ght temperature is higher than usual ...r and Jodhpur.

...t, Kathiawar and Central India ...kies are clear and humidity is gene... defect. Day temperature has risen ...igher than usual in Gujarat, Cutch ...hiawar; night temperature is nearly ...ver the division.

...ntral Provinces.—Skies are clear ...ir is considerably drier than usual. ...erature is nearly normal or slightly ...n usual; night temperature is be...d at Akola.

...kan.—Skies are moderately clouded. ... and temperatures are nearly ...

...bay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies ... the northwest of the division and ... or moderately clouded elsewhere. ... in considerable defect except in ...ombay Deccan where it is near... Day temperature is higher than ... temperature is above normal ...d.

...marks.—No rain is reported. ...tly or moderately clouded over ... and humidity is in consider... the north of the latitude of ... sea has become moderate at ... and is probably rough at ...

...few falls of rain are likely in ...uth.

...phic Summary for the 12th ...

...disturbance has caused local ... with a few falls in the North ...Province and is passing away ... has left low temperature in ...ainfall has been nearly ... Burma and local in Upper ...d Malabar while a few falls ... Bengal, south east Madras ... Madras coast.

...re:—Mergui, Tavoy, Ran...an inch; Bhamo one; ...quarters; Dhubri three; ... Salem a half; Cocanada ...

...vance of the monsoon is ... and weather is probably ... half.

BOMBAY'S POPULAR RENDEZVOUS.

THE MAJESTIC

Daily 5-15 7, 8-45

TO-NIGHT.

HINDUSTHAN CINEMA FILM Co.,

VALMIKI.

A Louraine Master piece depicting the Life-story of

THE HEMER OF INDIA

A powerful picturization of the stirring life-events of once, the greatest free booter and in after life the greatest poet of India—the authur of Ramayan, one of the world's best classic.

Settle it with your-self and your family to see this masterpiece during this week.

at

CINEMA MAJESTIC

NEXT WEEK

Sati Anusuya

The Kohinoor Film Co; master picture.

Telegrams:—CHEMICOLOR BOMBAY. *Telephone* 3642 & 2331 BOMBAY.

K. H. KABBUR & Co.,

(K. H. KABBUR)

—COLOURS—CHEMICALS—MILLSTORES—

56, ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

also at

LONDON—ALEXANDRIA—PARIS—MILAN . . .
MADRAS—CALCUTTA —DELHI—MADURA etc.

Aniline, Alizarine, Indanthrine and Algol-Colours, also heavy Chemicals for Bleaching, Dyeing, Printing, leather, paper and other works., . . .

The Following Consignments just received:—

SULPHUR BLACK
CONGORED
RHODAMINE
ORANGE II
DIRECT YELLOW

Indanthrine BLUE RS (double paste)
Indanthrine BLUE G. C. D. (Single and double paste)
Indanthrine YELLOW G. T.
Indanthrine Red VIOLET RRN
ALGOL-RED, BLUE PINK, etc.

TRIAL ORDERS SOLICITED.

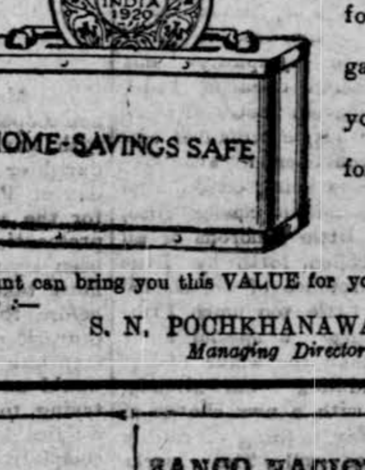
THE CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA. LIMITED.

SAVINGS BANK

Our "HOME-SAVINGS SAFE" Account Scheme is not only INTERESTING but HIGHLY PROFITABLE to the Public.

Besides promoting and encouraging in your family the habit of thrift and economy, it may bring about results which may surprise you.

Rs 10 saved every month for ten years under this Scheme will amount to Rs 1,600.



Rs.25 saved monthly under this Scheme for 20 years will gather for you and your family a fortune of Rs 11,000

NO Savings Bank Account can bring you this VALUE for your SAVINGS

For further particulars apply to:—

S. N. POCHKHANAWALA
Managing Director.

DR. BOSE'S COLLEGE.

7/2 Hogolkuria Simla, Calcutta.

All lovers of Homoeopathy can easily learn and practice by the help of our 3 English books:—Materia Medica with Repertory, Rs. 3-8; Hand-book of Practice, Rs. 2-4; Physiology, with plates, Re. 1, by Dr. S. Bose, L.M.S., Principal. Price reduced to a minimum for the benefit of all, and obtain our College diploma H.M.B., etc., by correspondence. Apply for rules with one anna.

B237

Dr. S. RANGASWAMI IYENGAR

"DIABETES SPECIALIST"

"PREVENTION IS BETTER THAN CURE."

If you are inclined to have a complete and perfect Cure of the wasting "Diabetes", please see details on Saturday's issue of this paper. Consult in person for further information to:—

Ghia building Khetwadi Main Road, Opp. N. G. Library, Girgaon, Bombay. Consultation Hours:—8 to 10 a.m. and 5 to 7 p.m.

BANCO NACIONAL ULTRAMARINO

NATIONAL OVERSEAS BANK

Incorporated in Portugal.
ESTABLISHED 1864.

Authorised Capital Esc. 48,000,000 (£10,[illegible],000)
Capital Paid-up Esc. 24,000,000 (£[illegible],000)
Reserve Fund Esc. 24,900,000 (£5,527,[illegible])

STATE BANK OF THE PORTUGUESE COLONIES.

Head Office—LISBON.

BRANCHES.

LONDON:—275, Throgmorton Street, E.C.

PARIS:—8, Rue Helder.

NEW YORK—Wall Street.

OTHER BRANCHES.

Portugal (30 Branches).
Brazil (9 Branches).
East Africa (9 Branches).
West Africa (15 Branches).
Azores (3 Branches).
Madeira.
Macau.
Timor.
Belgian Congo.
Portuguese India.

Over 500 correspondents in all important Commercial Centres.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

BOMBAY (Temporary) OFFICE.
Great Western Building, Apollo Street.
S. de. Mogul..., Manager.

Correspondence.

The Editor does not hold himself responsible for the opinion of his Correspondents.

The Editor does not undertake to answer or publish or return any particular letter.

Letters should be written on one side only.

MOSLEM ORPHAN.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—Knowing your sympathy for the poor and your warm feeling for Moslems I crave the hospitality of your columns to appeal to rich and well to do Mohamedans of this city who have the good of their co-religionists at heart. Owing to ravages caused by famine in many districts of Gujarat and Kathiawad, and also to the widespread poverty among the Mohamedans of this part of India I daily come across very sad cases of extreme destitution and when the bread earners of the family have hardly any means to support those dependent on them it is hopeless to expect them to educate their children. People have come to recognize the benefit of education so it breaks one's heart to see poor parents and guardians calling every day at charitable institutions begging for admittance of their children and wards who accompany them with sad looks, clad in rags, and it is really heartrending to see them going away utterly dejected, their appeals falling on deaf ears. Lacs of rupees are virtually thrown away year after year by our merchant princes in feasting able-bodied vagabonds under a mistaken sense of performing a pious and religious act and these sturdy and lazy mendicants who are in no sense fakirs and are a curse and burden upon their community and their country, are gorged with food when thousands of poor children and intelligent youths are denied what may be considered their birth right, even a semblance of education.

There are at present about half a dozen charitable institutions which support and educate poor Mohamedan orphans but all these institutions are full and no more orphans can be admitted, still these poor derelicts continue to pour into Bombay from their famine stricken villages with high hope of asylum and education but when the doors of such institutions are slammed on their faces the gutters and pavements are their sole refuge. Then there are feasts on occasions of marriage when whole Jamats are regaled on dainties for days together and when decorations alone absorb thousands which are literally snatched away from the mouths of the hungry waifs. How may free schools can be maintained out of the money thus squandered away and if our charities are properly directed and well organised. I do not believe for a moment that conscience of our leaders and our men of position and wealth is dead to all appeals except those of self interest and that no call of suffering humanity and honour of Islam can reach their ears.

The spirit of charity is not dead in us nor our love for our holy religion and our fellow Moslems a thing of the past No they are still there but what is required of us is to shake off our lethargy and make a supreme effort to save ourselves from impending destruction.

There are Mohamedan Orphanages in our city and there are worthy and chairtable gentlemen who maintain and manage them according to their light and understanding even at considerable self-sacrifice. The foremost amongst these institutions is Seth Haji Cassum Free Boarding School at Muzafarabad Hall. The income from estates set apart to maintain this school is not enough to board and lodge even sixty Mohamedan children and what with high cost of living and provision for the education of these youths every year there are large deficits which are most generously and unostentatiously met out of his own pocket by Seth Haji Alimohamed a worthy son of a worthy and noble hearted father, that prince of merchants the late Seth Haji Cassum Yusuf Agboatwala whose charities and religious endowments are counted not by thousands but by millions and the Halai Memon community owe a great deal of their fame and prestige to this great man whose name is blessed by thousands of poor people whose wants he relieved. Seth Haji Mohamed Haji Suleman Agboatwala also like his uncle never hesitates to dip his hands into his pockets for the welfare of the poor orphans and as Managing Trustee of this school he takes a personal interest in the direction and supervision of the institution.

To the generosity and energy of these two gentlemen many a reform for the benefit of the poor orphans owe their existence, chief among which are affording facilities for higher education to those of the orphans who have average abilities by sending them to well known local high schools, maintenance of a competent teaching staff, provision or good uniforms and all requisities of out door games.

What I wish is that others besides the Agboatwala family should come forward with generous contributions that this institution be enlarged so that instead of sixty at least one hundred orphans may be accommodated and more comforts may be provided.

Seth Haji Alimohamed's income is princely and as his tastes are simple and leads an unostentatious life and as his fortune is ample he can if he so wills it, by the grace of God do much more for his less fortunate Moslem brethren in this direction even without the co-operation of other rich Sethias.

Sir Mohamed Yusoof a scion of the same illustrious family maintains a large orphanage at his island of Navah, which is capable of accommodating about two hundred orphans but as far as by information goes many guardians of orphans are reluctant to send their wards to this orphanage as the uniforms provided for the boys are akin to those worn by our Khalasis, training imparted there is also of a nautical character and the boys are given much out-door manual work and it is commonly asserted that the poor orphans of this School have no scope for higher education and their ambition in life is confined to becoming postmen, Khalasis or perhaps petty clerks.

Sir Mohamed who is veritably a Nawab on his vast estates is a very generous man and ready to assist his co-religionists and being a cultured gentleman he no doubt if he desires to heap greater obligation on these lad and induce more of them to join his institution can arrange for education on a more liberal plan affording greater scope to the young to rise in the world.

Bai Jamabai's Orphanage accommodates about 70 boys and the institution is conducted on a good line and comforts of the inmates are well looked after and as for the other Sunni Mohamedan Orphanages I have very little to say but before they can be of real benefit to the orphans they must be better organised.

The Khojas who are conceded at all hands to be very educated and enterprising and although they number a few thousand souls have provided amply and generously for their orphans.

There is a great future for the Haji Cassum Orphanage as the Muzafarabad Hall is capable of accommodating a large number of orphans and if once Seth Haji Alimohamed makes up his mind to bring this institution bearing the revered name of his illustrious father to the forefront he can do so with very little difficulty and convert it into a model institution of its kind, a fit memorial to his great father, Seth Haji Cassum Agboatwalla.—Yours etc.

"AHMED."

Bombay, May, 10.

TILAK SWARAJ FUND.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—An happy suggestion has been made by two of your correspondents in requesting Srj. L. R. Tairsee, the Treasurer of many a National fund, to patronise different banking concerns managed solely by Indians. This course, if adopted by Srj. Tairsee will encourage Indian banking and impart confidence in the conductors of Indian concerns.

But the two writers have left out, through oversight, the name of one Bank viz., *The British India Banking and Industrial Corporation Ld.* Though the name sounds queer in these changed times, the above corporation is solely conducted by Indians and from manager downwards they have purely an Indian staff. They have before them, the encouragement of indigenous and home industries, as their object and if they are supported by patronage from National funds, we will be achieving two objects simultaneously. The Bank is a new concern and run on sound and straight forward lines and as such deserves all kind of backing both from the patriotic public and the managers of public funds.

Will Srj. Tairsee respond to the call of Indian Banking in general?—Yours, etc.

ASAHAKARITAVADI.

7, Chewulwady.
Bombay, May 12.

FIJI DEPORTEES.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—We learn that many of the deportees from Fiji are out of employment. We have got large tracts of land here, whereon we can engage some as farmers, and others as labourers. Please put us in communication, with any of their leaders, with whom we can correspond and arrange on the subject. —Yours, etc.,

NATVARLAL DAYABHAI & CO.
Nandod (via Ankleshwar).

BOMBAY PORT TRUST

INDIAN APPOINTED AG. CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER

Dr. F. D. Bana, M.B., M.R.C.S., D.Ph., D.T.M. & H., has been appointed to act as Chief Medical Officer, Bombay Port Trust, in the vacancy caused by Dr. N. Nunan, proceeding on leave. It is satisfactory to note this is the first occasion on which even an acting appointment of this nature has been bestowed upon an Indian, by a quasi-public body like the Bombay Port Trust.

The following additional units have been ordered to be disbanded:—80th Carnatic Infantry (prewar unit) and 2/35th Sikhs (raised during war).

Following Units have arrived in India and have proceeded to stations named:—87th Punjabis, Multan; 99th Infantry, Ahmedabad; 2/117th Mahrattas Belgaum; 1/32nd Pioneers, Multan; 2/7th Rajputs, Fatehgarh; 46th Punjabis, Jhelum; 2/70th Burma Rifles, Burma; 1/21st Punjabis, Ferozepore.

Sir John and Lady Wallis left Madras for Bombay on Friday *enroute* to England. There was a large number of their friends at the railway station to bid them farewell, including Judges of the High Court, the Advocate-General and others (A. P.).

Mr. J. W. Ramsden, charged with forgery of credentials connected with his application as Assistant Engineer has been taken under police escort to Madras for trial before the Presidency Magistrate.

BOXING IN ENGLAND.

FIGHT FOR EUROPEAN LIGHTWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 9.
Recd. 9-15 p.m., May 13.

At the National Sporting Club, to-night, in a twenty round contest for the European Lightweight Championship, Ernie Rice, British Lightweight Champion, beat Georges Papin (France), the holder in the tenth round.

LATER.

The fight for the Lightweight Championship of Europe was very one-sided. Rice covering himself well was nearly always at tacking. In the second round he shook Papin with a heavy right to jaw. Rice repeatedly scored with downward chop and right swings. The Frenchman going down several times in the sixth and the following rounds for counts of eight and nine. In the tenth round his seconds threw in the towel. Papin showed signs of severe punishment, but fought with the utmost gameness.

SAFEGUARDING OF INDUSTRIES' BILL.

SIR W. BARTON'S AMENDMENT REJECTED.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 11.

After Mr. Asquith had condemned the Fiscal Resolutions in connection with the Safeguarding of Industries Bill, the House of Commons by 289 votes to 79 rejected Sir William Barton's amendment restricting duration of resolutions to a year instead of five years.

MATAUNDH RLY. COLLISION.

HEAVY LOSS OF LIFE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS

VICTORIA TERMINUS, May 12.

In regard to the collision at Mataundh between 653-down and 654-up passenger trains, further enquiries have shown that the loss of life was heavier than was at first advised and the latest information shows that 12 persons are presumed to have been killed and about 30 injured. A Committee of Enquiry to investigate the cause of accident will be held in the course of the week, and the District Magistrate and Superintendent of Police have been advised.

DRIVER STUART DIES.

JHANSI, May 13.

Driver Stuart of the Up-passenger that collided with the down-passenger at Mataundh the other day succumbed to his injuries yesterday afternoon in the Nursing Home. His condition was precarious since the accident. (A. P.).

ANOTHER ELECTION SET ASIDE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

MADRAS, May 12.

The Election Enquiry Committee to-day resumed further hearing of objection petition with regard to election of Rao Bahadur Venkatarama Iyer to the Madras Legislative Council to represent the Taojore non-Mahomedan rural constituency. The Commissioners found in the case of fifteen polling stations in two taluqs the time for polling was not extended from the 30th November to 3rd December, as it was done in other talaqs and that a large number of electors was disenfranchised by irregularity. Under these circumstances they set aside the election.

"I. D. T." ON MR. WHYTE'S "PROCLIVITIES.

(Associated Press.)

LUCKNOW, May 13.

Referring to the Associated Press statement that the Hon. Mr. Whyte's letter published in the "Observer" was private and unauthorised for publication, the "Indian Daily Telegraph" says:—In connection with this we might add that Mr. Whyte's proclivities for writing reviews of books for the "Observer" are well-known. We can see no harm in the publication of such a letter, unless it be that Mr. Whyte is in the same category as professional cricketers, who are now prevented from contributing accounts of matches in which they play.

EARNINGS OF STATE RAILWAYS.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS.)

SIMLA, May 12.

The total approximate gross earnings of the State railways from the 1st to the 30th April, 1921, amounted to Rs. 7.05 crores. The Budget estimate for the current year was framed in anticipation of a total gross earnings of Rs. 87 crores and the results of the first four weeks given above have fallen short of the estimate for that period by Rs. 55.82 lakhs. Although, however, the results for the last week are still short of what was estimated would be earned. Several important lines show improvement over previous weeks. The unfavourable results are principally due to the shortage of booking of coal and jute on the Bengal-Nagpur and Eastern Railways and so coaching traffic on the North-Western and Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway being below the normal expected.

LADY WILLINGDON SAILS EORENFLAND

(Associated Press.)

MADRAS, May 12.

Their Excellencies the Governor and Lady Willingdom left Ootacamund on Tuesday and arrived in Madras the following morning. His Excellency opened the same evening the new Tuberculosis Institute at Egmore.

SURAT AND N-C-O.

SPLENDID MUNICIPAL WORKING.

From Our own Correspondent.

May 11.

Loyal to the Congress Mandate and true to the pledge given to the voters of Surat, the N. C. O. councillors of the Surat Municipality have resolved to give up the Government grant of Rs. 1,14,000 in spite of the vehement opposition and dark forebodings of the anto-Non-Cooperators in the council. Of course, the sheer force of the majority of N-C.O.'s would have been quite enough to pass a resolution of the kind, but they have tried to refute the arguments advanced by the other side and have further managed to square up the budget in such a way as not to necessitate to levy any further taxation on the people, to make up for this loss of Rs. 1,14,000. It was amusing to hear the debate that ensued on this point when the Municipal hall was changed into a sort of political club. The tactics that are now employed by the opposition in the Surat Municipality are entirely of an obstructionist nature. They were first wondering how the inexpertenced N. Co's. would be able to run an institution like Municipality without having had any adominstretive experience and knowledge of legal technicalities. But in spite of the show and obstruction of technical objections at every turn the Surat Municipal car is merrily marching onward in its triumphal course under the guidance of its new N. C. O. members, and the wonder is daily being lessened.

DISTRICT INSPECTORS.

After Mr. Gandhi left Surat the band workers here seem more determined than ever to push on the Congress Mandate in all its aspects. The District Congress Committee have appointed Bhai Jinabhai Naik as a District Inspector to organise the Congress work, to advise the taluka secretaries, and to supervise and lead the volunteers working in the District. This Bhai Jinabhai has just returned from South Africa after giving up a lucrative job to join the Indian National Service here. One further Inspector for the National Schools of the District is also appointed. Mr. Parbhabhai Mehta has taken up this task. This work is also growing everyday as in Bardoli taluka alone, after Mr. Gandhi left, as many as eleven primary schools are vacated and, new national schools in their stead have been started and its is hoped the whole taluka's primary education is going to be nationalised in a very short time.

In addition to these activities some thirty-two college students have joined the Indian National Service and are going to be distributed over the whole district for propayandist and other constructive work.

Mr. Gandhi before joining the first Maharastra Conference at Bassein passed via Surat twice over for going to Nandurbar. While returning two Tapty Valley timber merchants at Fort Songarsh gave each a purse of one thousand rupees and further on, Amalsad people detained him for an hour to hear him and give their quota to the Til Swaraj Fund.

The local workers here feel about one thing only, viz, the absence of a pleader among them who has yet been not able to take courage in both his hands and give up or suspend his practice. In this respect only, they feel Surat is lagging behind; but in other respects it is pushing onward everyday and faithfully carrying out the N. C. O. programme according to the Congress Mandate.

MONEY AND SHARE MARKT.

May 13.

Bars Gold Ready, Rs. 29-4-6.
Bars Silver Ready, Rs. 90-4-0.

EXCHANGE

T T on London, 1/3-7/16.
D D on London, 1/3-15/32.
3 M/st D A, 1/3-15/16.
D D on Paris, Francs 295.
3 M/st D A, Francs 330.
T T on Japan, Rs. 186.
60 D/st D P, Rs. 181.
London Silver Spot D, 34½d.
London Silver Forward D, 34d.
American Cross Rate, 3.99½.
Paris Cross Rate, Francs 47.55.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5 per cent War Loan, 81-8.
5½ per cent War Bonds due 1920-22, 100.
4 per cent Conversion Loan, 69.
4 per cent Terminable Loan, 94.
3½ per cent Paper, 57-6.
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974, 62.
6 per cent Port Trust due 1930, 96.
4 per cent Municipal due 1974, 62.
6 per cent Municipal due 1929-49, 96.
4 per cent Bombay Improvement Trust due 1974, 62.

SHARES.

The market was closed to-day.

HOME MARKETS.

Advices from Home markets are of a mingling character and are not so very emphatic in their opinion about the course of the market. Markets continue quiet but steady. The table below will give an idea of the changes in the markets during the week under review.

Commencing from 4th May to 11th May, 1921.			
Liverpool Spot, 1921 ...	8.18	8.27	plus 9.
Liverpool May, 1921 ...	7.97	8.00	plus 3.
Liverpool July, 1921 ...	8.27	8.31	plus 4.
New York Spot, 1921 ...	12.75	13.00	plus 25.
New York May, 1921 ...	12.48	12.88	plus 40.
New York July, 1921	12.93	13.03	plus 10.

READY MARKET.

Our market for ready cotton remained quiet, but steady during the week under review. There was a fair demand for high class cotton from Japan shippers. About 12,000 bales are reported to have changed hands during the week.

COLOURS-MARKET.

May 13.

Practically little fluctuations have been evidenced in colours markets. The tone is fair. The consumption has increased specially on Madras side. Congo and Alizarine were fairly inquired. I. P. Alizarine has met with fair competition by German shift which has been offered in good lot by merchants.

The quotations are as follows:—
Congo Red 14-B, Rs. 4-12.
Congo Red ordinary 2 per cent, Rs. 2-8.
Delta Perpurine, Rs. 7.
Fast Magenta, Rs. 13.
Crysophenine, Rs. 5.
Direct Black, Rs. 5-8.
Direct Blue, Rs. 5.
Direct Violet, Rs. 6.
Methyl Blue, Rs. 10-8.
Methyl Violet, Rs. 13.
Metanil Yellow, Rs. 6 to 8.
Sulphur Blue, Rs. 2-12.

BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

A DISHONEST MEHTA.

SEQUEL TO AN AUCTION SALE.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Mr. B. N. Athavle, Acting Third Presidency Magistrate, Sergeant Goulter charged Rewashankar Dowlatram with cheating, as a servant, by dishonestly inducing the delivery of Rs. 525 belonging to his master Thakersey Gopalji.

The facts of the case are that Thakersey Gopalji, the complainant, had engaged the services of the accused as a mehta in Messrs. Kallianji Anandji and Co. The accused used to make purchases of cloth on behalf of his firm. On the 13th of November, 1918, Messrs. Gandhi and Co., Auctioneers, had an auction sale and he instructed the accused to go to the auction and make purchases of cloth. The accused came back and told him that he had purchased some bales of cloth, but he did not say how many bales of cloth he had actually purchased. The accused asked him for money to deposit with the auctioneers. He accordingly gave him Rs. 400. On the 15th of November, 1918, the complainant told the accused to bring the bales, and latter demanded from him Rs. 1,437 8 annas, which the former paid to him. Of that amount he made the entry in his own handwriting in the cash-book. The entries of Rs. 400 and Rs. 1,437 8 annas respectively had been daily posted in the firm's cash-book on the 13th and 18th of November, 1918. Subsequently, he had his books examined and the mehta, who looked into his books, brought the sum of Rs. 1,837,8 annas to his notice. On enquiries being made, Messrs. Gandhi and Company informed the complainant that they had received only Rs. 1,312-8 in the aforesaid transaction. The cloth purchased appeared to have been three bales.

Manoobhov Pragji, clerk of Messrs. Gandhi and Company, gave evidence to the effect that three bales were sold for Rs. 1,312 8 annas, that Rs. 912 8 annas and Rs. 400 were paid to the complainant on the 15th and 28th of November, 1918, and that the latter sum was received from Hansraj Damodar.

ACCUSED PLEADS "GUILTY."

After further evidence had been recorded, the accused pleaded guilty to the charge and prayed for mercy. His Worship, in convicting the accused, stated that the evidence in the case very clearly showed that in the month of November, 1918, while the accused was in the complainant's employ as his mehta, the latter entrusted to him two sums of money, viz., Rs. 400 on the 13th of November 1918 and Rs. 1,437 8 annas on the 15th of November 1918, to be spent in purchasing piece-goods which Gandhi and Co. were selling by auction. The accused spent only Rs. 1,312 8 annas and did not account for Rs. 525. He, therefore, on the evidence and his plea convicted him under Section 408, I. P. C., and taking into consideration the fact that he had been in custody in respect of that charge along with several other charges for about a month, he sentenced him to a day's simple imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 600, out of which Rs. 525 be paid to the complainant by way of compensation.

Mr. Baloobhoy Desai appeared for the accused.

FALSE CHARGE AGAINST A TRAM PASSENGER.

CONDUCTOR TO PAY RS. 30 COMPENSATION.

At the Esplanade Police Court, before Rao Bahadur Chunilal Setalvad, Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, Sub-Inspector Chitre charged Hussein Yusuf, a Mahomedan broker, with attempting to commit theft from the person of Shivsing Surajsing, a tram conductor.

Mr. D. N. Deshpande, pleader, defended the accused.

The facts of the case are that the accused got into a tram car and handed him a rupee and asked for an anna ticket. Thereupon, the complainant handed him the ticket and asked him to wait for the change. The accused created a row and putting his hand into the complainant's bag tried to take out some money. Thereafter, the complainant handed the accused over to the police.

Bhagwan Prasad, a Purdeshi passenger in the tram car, corroborated the above statement of the accused.

The defence of the accused was that the complainant handed him the balance of fifteen annas in which was a false eight anna coin. On asking the complainant to change the false coin he denied having handed it to him and a how ensued.

MAGISTRATE DISBELIEVES PROSECUTION STORY.

His Worship disbelieved the complainant's story which differed in material points from the evidence of his witness. The accused had been kept in custody a whole night, on account of the alleged action of the complainant. He further stated that the accused had suffered inconvenience and disgrace. He, therefore, ordered that Rs. 30 should be paid to the accused by the complainant, by way of compensation. The accused was accordingly acquitted.

PATHAN BRUTALITY.

One more instance of Pathan brutality was revealed yesterday in the course of an inquest held by the local Coroner regarding the death of Dagdoo Kasam, a Mahomedan, aged thirty-five, living at Tindal Street.

It appeared that on the 18th ultimo, during the early hours of morning, a Pathan, named Gulam, came to Tindal Street with a whip in his hand and began to slash everybody, he found sleeping on the street. There was another man, Dost Mahomed, with him. Abdul Rahim Sarwad, a butcher, who was one of the men whipped by the Pathan, got alarmed, ran up and took shelter in his room. The Pathan also came following him and began to abuse him at the top of his voice, when the deceased came there to know what the matter was and on seeing the Pathan and his companion, shouted out "chor", "chor", whereupon the Pathan took out a penknife and inflicted several stabs on his chest, shoulder and stomach. He was removed to the hospital where he succumbed to the injuries on Thursday last. The police have arrested Dost Mahomed, the Pathan's companion, while the Patahn has been absconding ever since.

Mr. A. R. King, the Coroner, held an inquest yesterday on the body of Dagdeo when the jury returned a verdict of death due to wounds inflicted by a man of the name of Gulam who had not yet been arrested.

NATURAL HISTORY SOCIETY.

The Committee of the Bombay Natural History Society have submitted their report to the members on the operations and progress of the Society, covering a period from the signing of the Armistice in November 1918 to the 1st August 1920.

At the date of the Armistice the number of members on the roll was 1,775 and on the 1st July 1920 the roll stood at 1,841, including also a number of learned Societies and individuals resident in different parts of the world.

The Society possesses a reference library, containing over 1,000 volumes mainly devoted to Natural History of the Oriental region. The museum of the Society contains many specimens of mammals, birds, eggs, reptiles, fishes and other invertibrates in addition to botanical specimens.

In connection with the Exploration and Research the Society had taken up the mammal survey of India, Burma and Ceylon. The Society's journal published during the period under review contained several contributions to scientific biology.

During the period reported on, the Society has extended its scope of work so as to include that of interesting those who are resident of the Natural His[illegible]

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

Engagements.

TO-DAY.

S. S. Caledonia with mails of April 28th expected to arrive at 7 a.m.

S. S. Naldera with homeward mails leaves at 1 p.m.

BAND AT BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

The band of the G. I. P. Rly., Regt. A.F. (India) will play at Bombay Gymkhana, commencing at 6-15 p.m. this evening.

C. S. K. P. CREDIT SOCIETY

The Chandra Seniya K. P. Credit Society Sixth Annual General Meeting will be held at Dadar English School Hall, at 4 p.m. to-morrow.

"KHARE KUNABI MARATHA CONFERENCE"

The third sitting of this conference will be held on 29th May at Ukharda (Talq-Warora Dist. Chanda, C.P.) a mile off from Nagri Station (G. I. P. R.)

THE ZOROASTRIAN BROTHERHOOD:

Under the auspices of the Zoroastrian Brotherhood on Sunday the 15th instant at 5-30 (p.m.) S.T. at the Hall of the Tutorial High School, Grant Road, Mr. Jamshed J. Cursetjee will deliver a public lecture on "Some European Painters."

CITY MORTALITY.

The total mortality of the city on the 12th May was 152 as compared with 119 on the corresponding day of last year and 252 in 1919. There were 10 attacks and 5 deaths from plague and 5 attacks and 1 death from smallpox.

SOMAVANSHIYA MAHAR MANDALI.

Under the auspices of the above Mandali a public meeting of the Depressed Classes will be held at 15th Kamathipura Street, at 10 p.m., to-day. Mr. E. G. Turner, I.C.S., Chairman, Bombay Improvement Trust, will preside on this occasion.

BANK GODOWN BROKEN INTO.

In reference to a paragraph in our issue of Friday which stated that in a godown at Mandvi belonging to the Central Bank, a burglary was committed between the hours of 6 p.m. on the 9th and the morning of the 10th instant and cotton worth about Rs. 5,100 was removed therefrom, we have received information that the godown belonged to the Eastern Bank and not to the Central Bank.

F. WARD CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Working Committee of the F Ward Congress Committee will meet at 8-30 a.m. (S. T.), to-morrow, at Shri Nivas Buildings, Matunga, G. I. P. Railway. All the workers and volunteers are requested to be present. Mahatma Gandhiji and Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will come at Matunga on 20-5-21. Those who desire to work as volunteer should see Mr. Jivraj G. Nensey at Matunga near G. I. P. Railway Station.

FORT DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the members of the Fort District Congress Committee will be held on Tuesday the 17th instant at 6-15 p.m. in the premises of Mr. V. A. Desai's Office, 72, Apollo Street, Fort (just opposite the Imperial Bank's Building under construction) to frame rules for the Committee, to appoint office bearers and to elect the Council of Management.

THE PARSI ADER FESTIVAL.

The Parsis are celebrating their Ader Festival to-morrow evening at Sir Cawasji Jehangir Hall, Fort, at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.) when under the auspices of the Rathestar Mandal Dr. D. N. Patel will give a Gujerati rendering of "The Fire Worshippers," the famous episode in Thomas Moore's "Lalla Rookh," with specially composed song in mpsic when artistic magic lantern slides relating to the subject will be displayed. Naeb-Dastur Rustomji Edulji Sanjana will preside. The meeting is open to the Parsis.

SEQUENCE TO WATER SCARCITY.

On account of the scarcity of water at the house taps, a crowd of people on Thursday morning flocked near a hydrant on Soparibaug Road to fill their pitchars, when a tram trailor proceeding towards Lallbaug came up. On the driver's ringing the bell, the people made way for the trailor to pass when suddenly a Hindu girl of seven years, Janabai, came in front of it, running from the right side and was knocked down by it. She was soon extricated, but was found dead.

At an inquest held on her body by the Coroner, a verdict of death caused by her having been accidentally knocked down by a trailor was returned by the jury.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL

WHIT SUNDAY.

7 a.m. Holy Communion.
7-45 a.m. Matins.
8-30 a.m. Holy Communion—Choral. Lloyd Ed.
Hymns—157, 156, 321, 211.
5-30 p.m. Children's Service.
6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon.
Canticles—Chants.
Hymns—157, 154, 207, 215.
Collections for Diocesan Fund.
Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m. and Evensongs at 5-15 p.m.
Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m.
On Wednesdays, Choral Evensong at 6-30 p.m.

ST. JOHN AMBULANC ASSOCIATION.

The following are the results of the Examinations of the classes conducted by the Radian Club Ambulance Branch under the auspices of the St. John Ambulance Association.

First Aid. Medallion. Liabel. Mr V. D. Madgaoker.

First Aid Madallion. Mr. R. K. Nayak.

Home Nursing. Messrs. M. N. Dhurandhar, and M. W. Nayak.

First Aid. Messrs. P. M. Lad; G. V. Jaykar; C. S. Joshi; A. S. Dharahar; M. R. Nakhwa; V. S. Joshi; and H. B. Kothare.

First Aid Ladies (Poona Class). Miss Kashibai Karnik. (Voucher). Mrs. Annusuyabai Joshi; Mrs. Yesoobai Rege; Mrs. Laximi[illegible] Gokhale, Mrs., Sushilabai N. Sabnis.

Sergeant Snelling of the Royal Air[illegible] Bangalore, charges with causing [illegible] hurt to Sub-Inspector Wale, while [illegible] tion of duty, has been ordered to [illegible] trial before the Madras High Cou[illegible] the Military authorities having [illegible] to produce him whenever he was [illegible]

With reference to the letter [illegible] the "Observer", substance of [illegible] cabled by Reuter on Thursday, [illegible] ed Press learns that the letter [illegible] one and their [illegible]

CONVINCED

THE ROVER IS THE BEST CAR

A user writes :—

"I have had my Rover only for 6 months, but long enough to be Convinced it is the BEST CAR on the Market for its price. It's a very good looking Car and runs beautifully."

Sole Agents,

THE

BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO., LTD.,

Apollo Bunder,

Branch at DELHI. BOMBAY. Telegrams. "CHALO."

9

Always at your Services.

SURAJMAL LALLUBHOY & CO

DIAMOND MERCHANTS

AND

JEWELLERS.

225, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY

AWARDED GOLD MEDAL 1920.

MOHANLAL CO.

JEWELLERS.

[illegible] Sk Memmon St,

BOMBAY. Tele No 1703

[illegible] Colours in Black and Grey from [illegible]

[illegible] Cloth Tints in various shades. [illegible] specially ordered out for Bombay Racing Season.)

[illegible] in all colours, from Rs. 10/8.

[illegible] White or Piths, from Rs. 5/12.

[illegible] Caps, attractive designs from [illegible]

A. R. DIAS & BROS.

(Late of Leach & Weborny.)

[illegible] Meadows Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

USEFUL BOOKS

(Sanctioned by the Director of Public Instructions Bombay.

(1) USEFUL INSTRUCTION

For all communities in matters religious quarrels and others. In three vols., in 166 subjects. Full of moral truths. Price Rs. 7.

(2) BEAUTY AND JOY

An integrating and instructive novel of [illegible] (original) a moral guide for all [illegible] ckies, of about 950 pages. Price Rs. 4-8.

(3) A CODE OF INSTRUCTION FOR THE YOUNG

Price As. 2.

(4) GOOD READING

Of about 200 pages. Price As. 8. Postage in all extra. All in English.

MOTILAL M. MUNSHI, B.A.LLB

Gopipura, SURAT.

To be had from the Author and Bombay Booksellers.

THE VULCAN INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:

113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

DIRECTORS:

Sir JAMSETJEE JEEJEEBHOY, Bart., (Chairman).

Sir HUKAMCHAND SARUPCHAND, Kt.

RAHIMTULLA CURRIMBHOY, Esqr.

COWASJI JEHANGIR (Junior) Esqr.

COLLINS M. ROSS, Esqr.,

KIKABHAI PREMCHAND, Esqr.,

M. C. SETALVAD, Esqr.,

VITHALDAS LAKHAMSI NAPPOO, Esqr.

J. C. SETALVAD, Esqr. (Ex-Officio).

CHIEF AGENTS FOR BOMBAY:

MESSRS. CURRIMBHOY IBRAHIM & SONS, LTD.

Applications for Agencies in unrepresented districts are invited from First Class [illegible]

J. C. SETALVAD & CO.,

Managing Agents.

GODREJ SAFES

Large Safes supplied to Messrs. Stewart Latham & Co., after their experience of other safes in the recent fire in their premises.

[illegible] Safes supplied for Savings Bank, Indian and Burma, after a severe competitive test by fire held Calcutta in the Director-General Posts and Telegraphs, in July 1912

[illegible] Burglar Resisting Safes, recently supplied to Government, to replace [illegible] Makers' safe that had been [illegible]

[illegible] ment to H. E. the Governor. [illegible] M.'s Mint and a number of [illegible] and Indian Banks.

[illegible] BOYCE MFG. CO.

[illegible] Parel, BOMBAY.

'Colossal Incompetence.'

In response to numerous enquiries for copies of the "Bombay Chronicle" in which the above article appeared reviewing the Viceroyalty of Lord Chelmsford, a reprint of the same has been issued . . .

Price: 2 As.

Special discount for large number of Copies . .

Postage on 6 Copies half Anna.

Apply to :—

S. K. BANERJEE,

(Publisher,)

General Manager,

'THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.'

STEEL BEAMS

GEO. SERVICE & CO

BOMBAY,

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL BUILDING

(FRONT ENTRANCE) FORT, BOMBAY.

Expert preparations as for the last twenty years both personal and through post, for High Commercial Accountancy, Banking and Secretarial appointments or practise, the Senior Commercial Examinations by the London Chamber of Commerce and the Government Auditors' Diploma Examination, a speciality.

PROSPECTUS ON APPLICATION.

THE EASTERN ENGINEERING,

AND

STORES SUPPLY AGENCY,

The Well-known Firm of Shipchandlers, Hardware Merchants, Stores Suppliers and Contractors,

Call or write:—

ABDUL REHMON STREET.

Mandvi Post Box No. 230.

Phone. 5204. Tel. "DHUNSTEEL."

TILES

RED HEXAGONAL

From the

WELLKNOWN MARSEILLES

MANUFACTURERS FOR FLOORING

(USED BY THE P. W. D.)

CHEAPER AND MORE DURABLE THAN ANY OTHER MAKE.

SAJAN & CO.

TILE AND MARBLE MERCHANTS,

Tamarind Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.

THE

BOMBAY CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION & ENGINEERING CO. LTD

Reinforced Concrete an Masonry Work Designed And Constructed,

2 Dean Lane, Fort,

BOMBAY,

Telegrams: "REINCON," BOMBAY.

Code : Bently.

NEW IDEAS STIRRING EVENTS

A LIFE OF SHIVAJI

Founder of Swarajya and popular Government,

An ally of Muslim Sultans of Bijapur and Hyderabad

by S. V. RADDI B.A.

Price Rs. 3.

Copies can be had of

A. V. RADDI

Ghatkopar BOMBAY.

TILES

RED HEXAGONAL

from the

Best and Wellknown Italian Manufacturers for

FLOORING

RESIDENCES SCHOOLS, CHURCHES

SHOWROOMS, etc., etc.

(Used by the P. W. D.)

Always in Stock, Send your requiries to

MOTILAL, MOOLCHUND & Co.

12, Bank Street, Fort,

BOMBAY.

MOTORS & GENERATORS.

Wagner A. C. Motors 1/4 to 50 H.P. Rectifiers for charging batteries. Standard testing instruments. D. C. Motors 1/8 to 15 H.P. Dynamos 1 to 13 K. W. Ready delivery. Crude Oil Engine.

Sole Agent and Distributor for India:

BABAN GOKHALAY.

Opera House, Terminus, Girgaum.

Tel. WAGNERELEC, Bombay. 'Phone 654A

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.

Saturday, May 14, 1921.

THE MISSION TO KABUL.

We have already drawn public attention to the aggressive frontier policy the Government of India have been pursuing during the past two years, and have commented, among other things, on the Khyber railway project—one of the most important causes of the grave unrest that now prevails all along the borderland—regarding which the authorities have given little or no information. Another important matter about which the bureaucracy is ominously silent is the British Mission headed by Sir Henry Dobbs that went to Kabul some months back and still remains at the Afghan capital. When the Mission left India, nothing was said about the specific objects for which it was sent. The telegrams that reached India in the beginning of March last stated that the British Mission represented the Government of India on the occasion of the second accession anniversary durbar of the present Amir of Afghanistan. Later telegrams—apparently inspired—hinted at negotiations, but, during the debates in the Legislative Assembly and the Council of State, the Government spokesmen, civil and military, notwithstanding their pompous talk of cooperation and frankness, maintained an attitude of studious silence without making any reference to the Mission. In April a telegram stated that motor cars had been despatched to Jelalabad, Jagdalak, and Kabul by Major Fennell, Director of Transport at Peshawar, and that the Mission, if not delayed, would shortly return to India. A later telegram stated that the Director of the Khyber Motor Trasnport had left for Kabul with some more petrol in order to conduct back the British delegation if they were not again detained on promises of further hopes of a treaty being signed. We now understand that General Muspratt, who came to India a few days ago, has again left for Kabul with *papers* for Sir Henry Dobbs. An Anglo-Indian paper recently stated that an Austrian officer who had come from Kabul and interviewed Jemal Pasha was hopeful that an alliance would soon be made between the Afghan and Indian Governments and considered that negotiations were going on very satisfactorily between the delegates of the two Governments, that some important terms had been settled satisfactorily, and that those relating to military points were being discussed. The official answer given to questions put in the House of Commons a few days ago are highly disquieting. Replying to Col. Yate, Sir William Mitchell Thompson, on behalf of Mr. Montagu, said that the recrudescence of the activity of the Mashuds and Waziris was attributed, amongst other things, to conditions dependent upon the negotiations at Kabul and the approach of the hot weather. War conditions prevailed and all usual and necessary military precautions had been taken. In reply to Sir Walter De Freece in the House of Commons, Mr. Montagu regretted he could not, consistently with the public interest, make a statement with regard to the Anglo-Afghan and Turko-Afghan negotiations.

The history of this Mission is an illuminating commentary on the methods of the Government of India and their policy of concealment and secrecy. The Indian public know nothing, the India Office talks of war conditions and military precautions, and Mr. Montagu declines to make a statement regarding the Anglo-Afghan negotiations. Meanwhile, the Director of Transport is running between Kabul and Peshawar with papers and despatches to and from Sir Henry Dobbs and the Simla bureaucrats. Militarism is in full swing and the authorities may, for aught we know, bring about an Afghan and frontier war at any moment. If the Indian public does not stir itself and conduct a monster agitation against the intrigues of the Indian foreign office and the militarist gang that now controls the Government of India, the country would soon be face to face with a terrible situation. The fullest details regarding the Mission should be immediately demanded, especially in respect of its instructions. When was the Mission despatched and for what purposes? What was the correspondence that passed between Mr. Montagu and the Government of India, and who were the prime instigators? Is there any military escort to the Mission and, if so, what is its strength? Did the Amir consent to receive this Mission or was the Mission thrust upon him? Have any secret instructions been given to Sir Henry Dobbs? Here is a golden opportunity for the Moderates who sing in season and out of season the virtues of cooperation to put matters to a test and convince the people that the bureaucratic Ethiopian has changed his skin, if it is true.

Persistent attempts are being made in official and inspired non-official quarters to give a sinister hue to every thing done by the Afghan Ministers, especially Jemal Pasha, the Minister of War who is a Turk, and to attribute every act of the Afghans, real and imaginary, to Turkish and Bolshevist influences, while the movements of the tribes are said to originate from Kabul. The official reply to Col. Yate, in the House of Commons, attributes the recrudescence of the activity of the Mashuds and Wazirs to conditions dependent upon the negotiations at Kabul. Mr. Montagu speaks of Anglo-Afghan and Turco-Afghan negotiations in the same breath. Why should he connect these two matters which are absolutely distinct? As the head of the Indian Administration, the Secretary of State knows or should know all about the Anglo-Afghan negotiations and the public expect him to make a full and frank statement. As for the Turco-Afghan negotiations, he is not in a position to say anything first hand or accurately. The official determination to read sinister designs, Turkish or Bolshevist, into all Afghan affairs bears a close resemblance to what happened during the time of Lord Lytton's Viceroyalty.

A correspondent to an Anglo-Indian paper from Peshawar gives the following account of Jemal Pasha: "The Turkish plenipotentiary, Jemal Pasha, who was deputed by the Angora Government to study matters in the East and was later on invited by the Amir to Kabul, is now in full sway at Kabul as Minister of War. Many Turkish fugitives who accompanied him from Anatolia or Tashkent, and Russians who happened to meet him on his way to Kabul, are now being given high rank in the army." There is nothing wrong if the Amir makes a Turk his Minister of War. As for the many fugitives nothing is said about their number nor any detail is given to show how many are given high rank in the army. The whole thing seems to be the invention of this precious correspondent at Peshawar who is so cocksure about the events at Kabul. He goes on to say that "A new staff college is *about to be* opened where Turkish instructors and experienced military officers will be entertained." (the italics are ours). This is purely speculative, and if the Afghans establish such an institution there is nothing to be alarmed at. The correspondent then proceeds to add that four officers who have been sent by the Angora Government as a first instalment have started preparing schemes for the reorganisation of the Afghan army and that secret letters are being sent to Angora and Berlin. Considering the present position of Turkey and Germany, no sane person would swallow all this silly stuff, thrown up to cloak the aggressive and provocative policy of the Government of India. The following extract shows to what lengths these British correspondents at Peshawar are prepared to go in order to create friction by their imaginative accounts of what is supposed to happen in Afghanistan: "It is authentically stated (*when and by whom?*) that Jemal Pasha has obtained sanction for the scheme that Jelalabad and the chain of fortresses up to Dakka and even to Laudikhana should be strengthened by sending reinforcements and guns. The pick of the military officers are being sent to this side under the general supervision of General Gulam Nabhi Khan. A committee of engineers is about to reassemble for a final discussion with regard to the making of a road as far as the Chitral boundary fit for wheeled traffic. The Pasha in company with general Nadir Khan will shortly visit the frontiers and his first tour will be from Jallalabad to Dakka and the line of defence on the Kabul river. He is also expected to convene a tribal jirga and discuss about their future attitude." There is absolutely no justification for the prolonged stay of the British Mission at the Afghan capital. The various acts of the British authorities in occupying Waziristan, blockading independent tribal territory, building the Khyber railway in the teeth of Afridi opposition, and, above all, threatening the Amir, have goaded the Afghans and the border tribes to fury. The Director of Transport at Khyber who has returned from Kabul states, according to a telegram dated the 3rd instant, that the main road to Kabul is ruined, being impracticable for motor traffic and adds that some of the fanatic tribes have blocked the route by throwing stones from the hills above in odrer to create obstacles for the motors of the members of the British delegation on their return. How far this is true we are not in a position to say. The late Amirs Abdur Rahman and Habibullah refused to receive British envoys at Kabul as they could not guarantee their safety owing to the turbulence of their subjects. Sir Henry Dobbs and his party should be immediately recalled from Kabul. If anything should happen to any member of the Mission—which God forbid—during their further stay by the action of "fanatics," Afghan or tribal, all India would regard the Government of India as the sole *agents provocateur*.

Notes of the Day.

Outrageous.

The announcement is made that Mr. P. J. Thompson, who has been on deputation, as President of the Railway Police Committee, will shortly resume charge of the Chief Secretaryship of the Punjab Government. We sincerely hope that Lord Reading will see that Mr. Thompson is *not* allowed to resume charge of the post which he disgraced in such a flagrant manner during the closing period of the O'Dwyerian regime. This is the *least* justice that the Viceroy, anxious to redeem the fair name of his country, can do to the Province, which feels the presence of Mr. Thompson in its midst as an outrage on the honour of its children. The public of the Punjab as well as of the rest of India has demanded that Mr. Thompson should cease to be a member of the Service which he has dishonoured. The appeal to the Punjab "to forgive and forget" will fail to fructify so long as the wound inflicted by O'Dwyer's underlings is left to foster by the immunity shown to Mr. Thompson and other colleagues of his in the regime of terror of 1919.

Germany Yields.

Germany has accepted the Allied ultimatum and, in doing so, she has chosen the lesser of two monstrous evils. She has, for the time being, deprived Marshal Foch of the satisfaction of seeing his ambition to enter Berlin realised in the event of a new war. The issue in the reparation deadlock was the difference in the respective estimates of the real values of the tribute already paid by Germany under the Versailles Treaty as well as Germany's capacity to pay without ruining her own economic life. The estimates, made as they were by interested parties, required reference to an impartial arbitrator who also was best fitted to judge of Germany's capacity to pay. Germany appealed to America, but the latter refused to mediate with the result that Germany has been compelled to accept slow but economic ruin in preference to the nightmare of French domination of her economic life or, perhaps, of a new war. The economic menace to Germany in her decision will react on the Allies and Europe generally and the Allies will owe it to their own peoples to take the earliest opportunity of modifying the terms of the tribute exacted from the Germans.

Heading Towards Disaster.

The Lloyd-Georgian Government, which has confronted the miners with the two alternatives of starvation or submission, is now itself faced with a new menace. The situation, as Reuter's cable says, has been exacerbated by the Executive of the Transport Workers' Federation deciding, after a prolonged sitting, to tighten the embargo on sea-borne coal the handling of which would be likely to defeat the miners. Messrs. Cramp and Williams, leaders of the railwaymen and transport workers, have intimated to Sir Eric Geddes that their men would refuse to handle a single ton of sea-borne coal. The Cabinet has decided to meet this move by issuing orders that the railways must insist upon their men handling the coal and must dismiss those who do not comply with the order. The action of the Cabinet is hardly likely to improve the situation, being a challenge to organised Labour which declares that the importation of coal with the object of defeating the miners is morally equivalent to importing "black leg miners." Evidently Britain is again heading towards the crisis which was averted a month ago by the Triple Alliance calling off a general strike.

The Burmese Deadlock.

The evil consequences of the non-inclusion of Burma within the purview of the Government of India Act, for which both the Governments of Burma and India are entirely responsible, are seen now in the unenviable situation which Mr. Montagu has to face. At the time he came to investigate the situation personally, the bureaucracy succeeded in hoodwinking him into the belief that Burma was not yet ripe for reforms of the type intended to be introduced in India. But now the bureaucracy, compelled by circumstances beyond its control, is obliged to tell Mr. Montagu that nothing short of a constitution modelled on the lines of the Indian provincial constitution will satisfy the Burmese public. In the meanwhile, these delaying tactics of the bureaucracy have exasperated the Burmese beyond measure and they refuse to make any further representations in respect of the authorities. We think the Burmese have done the right thing in declining the invitation to send a fresh deputation to England to give evidence before the Joint Committee. The Government of India as well as Mr. Montagu are fully aware of the demands of the people of Burma and are at liberty to place the information at their disposal before the Committee. The complaint of the Burmese not that Mr. Montagu, backed up by the Government of India, is proceeding to draft the reform scheme in ignorance of the real demands of the people of Burma, but that he is trying to whittle down the reforms in spite of his full knowledge of the aspirations of the Burmese.

The Sind Scandal.

The acute resentment of the Sind public at the inordinate delay in the hearing of the Singhoro police torture case is voiced by our Hyderabad (Sind) correspondent in a communication we publish elsewhere today. It is amazing that though the atrocities complained of occurred so far back as February last, the authorities concerned have not seen their way yet to commence the trial. The way the police have been proceeding in framing the charges and in collecting the evidence and the fact that some policemen themselves are among the accused, has raised strong apprehension in the public mind regarding the outcome of the trial. Our correspondent has drawn attention to certain unpleasant features of the preliminary enquiry and the part which certain high officials are playing in connection with it. We ourselves had occasion to show the extremely ill-advised character of the press communique issued by the Commissioner in Sind. His attempt to minimise the gravity of the circumstances attending the death of Hingoro, while yet the case is *sub-judice* is calculated seriously to prejudice the case of the complainants. That the Commissioner should have misrepresented the correspondent of the "Sindhwasi" in the glaring manner pointed out by our correspondent shows that something is really rotten in Sind. It behoves Sir George Lloyd's Government immediately to call upon officialdom in Sind to mend its way, if they value the prestige of their administration. We say this not only in respect of the present case, but with regard to the entire complexion of things in that province.

Quicksands.

The attempt of our morning contemporary to fish in the troubled waters of Bassein has landed it on such quick-sands of confused reasoning that its struggles to regain *terra firma* must appear to be ludicrous in the extreme. We are told that the recent Maharasthra Conference has given a "direct slap" to Mr. Gandhi and that the latter no longer counts among the Deccan non-cooperators. Our disinterested contemporary proceeds to demonstrate this fact by dwelling on the rejection by the Conference of the elaborate resolution on the Malegaon tragedy brought forward by Mr. V. J. Patel in favour of the simpler and briefer one moved by Mr. Jamnadas Mehta. We know "The Times" is not in any way enamoured of Mr. Patel's politics, but still it backs him up simply because thereby it can indulge in its game of sowing dissensions where none exist. The shorter resolution adopted by the Conference condemned the misdeeds of both sides at Malegaon and yet, our contemporary would have us believe that the Conference acquiesced in if not applauded, violence. But our contemporary's arguments become really ludicrous when it refers to the fate of Mr. Bhopatkar's resolution as "an instance of the utter lack of principle which now characterises the movement." Mr. Bhopatkar's resolution went directly against the recommendations of the Indian National Congress and we fail to understand how in refusing to adopt it, the Conference has shown any "lack of principle." On the other hand it has fully demonstrated its loyalty to the Congress and to Mr. Gandhi. To the perverted vision of our contemporary, no doubt consistency appears to be inconsistency. Our contemporary describes Mr. Bhopatkar's resolution as "based on obvious commonsense and actual practice," oblivious of the fact that it recommends concentration of the boycott to British goods only instead of all foreign goods. Does our contemporary urge that this course should be followed? The aim of our contemporary in applauding the defeated resolution is clear enough—it is to discredit both the Conference and Mr. Gandhi. Our contemporary dismisses in high disdain the movement in the Deccan as beneath notice and goes on to assure Government in truly Pecksniffian style that they "need no longer have any fear for the Deccan." With such a well-informed and reliable guide as our contemporary, the Olympians may now safely resume their round of hill-top frivolities.

New Dewan of Junagadh.

His Highness the Nawab of Junagadh has made a wise selection in appointing Mr. Tribhavanrai D. Rana as his Dewan. Mr. Rana has in the past rendered loyal and useful service to the State as its Legal Remembrancer,—especially in connection with the important Gir Forest case in which the Gondal State had claimed some twelve villages. Readers of "The Chronicle" are familiar with the harm done to the State during the Rendall Administration and it was mainly as a result of the agitation of this journal that that administration was brought to an end and the Nawab installed on the Gadi. Mr. Chhajuram was appointed Dewan, but sinister influences which surrounded the young Nawab brought about the resignation of that able administrator whose place was taken by Rao Bahadur Tambe. Since that unfortunate episode, the influences round the Nawab have been dominant. The appointment of Mr. Rana shows that the Nawab has at last realised his mistake and we trust the new Dewan will not be long in proving his capacity to get rid of these influences, to repair the wrongs done to the people and to administer the State well and with integrity. We shall watch his activities with keen interest.

"IMPERIAL" CONFERENCE.

INDIA'S "DELEGATE" INTERVIEWED.

MAHARAO OF CUTCH ON CURRENT TOPICS.

A representative of the "Chronicle" called on His Highness The Maharao of Cutch State on Friday and interviewed His Highness regarding the work before the Imperial Cabinet, to which His Highness has been nominated by the Government of India as one of the two delegates from India, the other delegate being the Hon. Mr. Sastri. The Maharao received our representative with great courtesy and showed great affability in answering the questions submitted to him. The following is a list of the questions:—

QUESTIONS.

1. Is Your Highness informed about the agenda to be placed before the Imperial Cabinet? Has Your Highness received any instructions from the Government of India in regard to the attitude of the Indian delegates to the Cabinet Conference? Does Your Highness find these instructions to be adequate and satisfactory from the Indian point of view?

2. What are Your Highness' views regarding Imperial Defence, and the status of India under any concerted scheme of the defence of the Empire, such as has been on the tapis for some time past? What, in Your Highness' opinion, should be the proper relation between the purely national defence of India and Imperial Defence? What is the proper size for an Indian Army, regarded from the point of view of National Defence? In what directions does Your Highness apprehend danger to the national existence of this country, from a military point of view? Does your Highness maintain an Army, and what functions does it fulfil?

3. Your Highness must be aware that the question of Imperial Preference is to come up for consideration at the meeting. Has Your Highness considered what the relationship of India should be to the other parts of the Empire in any scheme of Preference? Does Your Highness think that India will derive any special advantages by joining in any scheme of that nature? In what directions is a scheme of Imperial Preference feasible?

4. Is Your Highness aware of the serious discontent that prevails among Indians about the treatment meted out to them in the self-governing Dominions, such as South Africa, and the Crown Colonies? Does not Your Highness regard a fair and proper solution of this question of the Status of Indians in the Empire vital to the proper solution of other questions, such as Imperial Defence and Imperial Preference? Is Your Highness aware that a considerable body of settlers in South Africa are Your Highness' subjects, and the laws enacted by the Union Government adversely affect their status and rights? Have these subjects made any representations to Your Highness on the subject? What attitude has Your Highness taken up in regard to their protests? Has Your Highness at any time represented their case to the Government of India, and with what result? Has Your Highness reason to feel that their lot has been bettered or is going to be bettered by such representations? Has the Government of India definitely suggested to Your Highness the attitude to be taken up in regard to this matter? In the absence of such instructions, does Your Highness propose to take up a bold stand for the defence of the rights of Your Highness' subjects as well as the subjects of British India?

5. Is Your Highness aware of the serious discontent and deep distrust produced by the Government of India's Currency policy? Does Your Highness intend to represent to the British Government and the Imperial Cabinet how India has been made to sustain enormous losses to the extent of over 35 crores by the sale of Reverse Councils against Indian public opinion and against the true interests of India's financial economy? Is Your Highness aware that the loss saddled on the Indian Treasury brought proportionate gain to the British Exchequer and British merchants, and will Your Highness be pleased to represent to the conference that the loss must be made good to India by the Government of the United Kingdom, if public opinion in this country is to be satisfied?

Does Your Highness expect from all that Your Highness must have hitherto known about the attitude of the Dominions, that the next meeting of the Imperial Cabinet will be useful to that extent as to bring about a complete change of heart among their statesmen and induce Indian public opinion to repose confidence in their *bona fides*?

STATUS OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The first question was of a general nature and referred to the programme of work before the meeting. His Highness replying to the question said that he knew very little more than what had been stated in the press about the nature of the work before the meeting. Some questions that were likely to be taken up had been mentioned in the papers and the public were aware of them in this country. His Highness thought that those were only a few of the questions and that others might also come up. He had been given to understand by the Government of India that the meeting was to come off sometime in June, but he had not been apprised of the exact date fixed for the opening of the conference. His Highness said that he had received no instructions from the Government of India regarding the attitude to be adopted by the delegates and that the latter were, he thought, free to express their own views. Of course the Secretary of State for India was there who would be representative of India. His Highness thought that before he would make up his mind on certain questions, it would be necessary for him to have a discussion with his colleagues on such questions.

INDIA AND IMPERIAL DEFENCE.

Questioned about Imperial Defence and the position of India under it, His Highness said that he had not yet come to any definite conclusions in the matter, which in the circumstances was somewhat difficult to answer. However, he would carefully go into the question with his colleagues. Speaking for himself, he thought that India by herself was hardly strong enough to undertake her internal and external defence without the backing of Great Britain and the Dominions.

Reminded about the position of the Dominions in regard to this question, His Highness admitted that so far as he knew before the great war the Dominions had not contributed to the defence of the Empire on any extensive scale, but during the war their response was wonderful. So far as India was concerned, the recent war had shown that it required great fighting strength and millions in money. There was already large provision made in the Indian budget for military expenditure, and any augmentation of the expenditure would constitute a strain on India's finances. His Highness thought that this one consideration alone rendered the question of the independent defence of India at present impracticable and in his opinion there was safety in concerted action. His Highness was aware that considerable dissatisfaction was expressed by the people over the military expenditure, which absorbed something over 50 per cent. of India's revenues. He thought that the question concerning the present organisation and equipment of the Indian army was a technical one and required careful consideration.

THE FRONTIER POLICY.

Answering about the Frontier policy of the Government of India, which has formed the subject of much adverse criticism, His Highness said that there was at present no tendency on the part of the Government to push the frontiers onwards. Though thirty years ago, the tendency was distinctly for an advance as far as the utmost limits the situation would allow, he thought that latterly a halt had been cried to that policy. From Afghanistan by itself His Highness apprehended no danger to the security of India, but if other Powers joined Afghanistan, there might be some danger. On our representative pointing out that there was no prospect at any rate for the present, of any such combination, owing to the crippling of Germany and Russia on the one hand, and the chaotic condition of Persia which was too weak to contemplate any such issue, on the other, His Highness agreed and said that they had to look ahead and provide for future contingencies all the same. Incidentally, His Highness referred to a talk Lord Curzon had with him years ago when personally His Highness had expressed the view that India by herself should be able any day to hold against any foreign Power especially considering her size and population, which to-day is 32 crores. His Highness also said that there was no regular army in the State worth mentioning.. They had their police and old army of Irregulars. His State, unlike other States maintained no Imperial Service.

IMPERIAL PREFERENCE.

Coming to the question of Imperial Preference, which has admittedly been the cause of much serious controversy, His Highness did not think that it was going to be one of the questions for consideration by the Imperial Cabinet. As matters stood at present it was not going to come before them. Speaking generally, however, His Highness thought that it was a wide question to answer whether Free Trade was better than protection or *vice versa*. He was open to conviction on this point but so far as Imperial Preference was concerned, His Highness declared that he was in favour of it, particularly for the reason that industrial development in this country was still in a state of infancy.

STATUS OF INDIANS ABROAD.

The next question to be discussed was regarding the status of Indians in the Dominions and the Colonies. His Highness at the outset remarked that the Cutchi population was not very large in South Africa but their number was considerable in East Africa, which was only a Crown Colony. These subjects of His Highness had made no representation to him regarding their disabilities or other grievances. And he had no occasion to make any representations to the Government of India or lodge a protest concerning the treatment of his subjects, because he had not been moved by his subjects to do so. Of course, the status of Indians within the Empire was a question which had His fullest sympathy. With Indian aspirations in this connection even the Government of India had fully sympathised, and he himself believed, had made strong representations in the proper quarter. The Government of India had also advocated their cause. But His Highness said he had not been satisfied with the result and for

(Continued on next page.)

COAL SITUATION.

EMERGENCY PLANS IN OPERATION

CABINET'S ORDERS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 10.

Messrs Cramp and Williams, Leaders of the Railwaymen and Transport-workers respectively discussed a fresh menace with Sir E Geddes, Minister of Transport, to-day, and intimated that their men would refuse to handle a single ton of seaborne coal.

The Cabinet thereupon met and issued orders that the Railways must insist upon their men handling coal and must dismiss all who did not comply with the order.

The country has reached a position of dependence upon imported coal and hence the Government's firmness in taking steps to put into operation emergency plans which were recently formuated upon the Triple Alliance strike threat including commandeering of the London parks and motor vehicles.

COAL STRIKE.

SITUATION EXACERBATED.

LONDON, May 10.

The Coal Strike situation has been exacerbated by the Executive of the Transport-Workers Federation deciding, after a prolonged sitting, to tighten the embargo on coal of which handling would be likely to defeat the Miners. The Federation declares that the importation of coal with the object of defeating the Miners is morally equivalent to importation of "Black-Leg" Miners. The Federation also asserts that a blockade has not loosened and that the steps are being taken to consult the Railwaymens' organisations with the object of rendering them effective.

SERIOUS EFFECT OF COAL DISPUTE.

DECREASES IN EXPORTS & IMPORTS IN APRIL.

LONDON, May 10.

A serious effect of the coal dispute on National trade is evidenced by the Board of Trade returns for April which show that the exports amounted to nearly 60 million sterling and the imports to 90 million, being decreases of 46 million and 77 million, respectively, as compared with the figures for April 1920.

REDUCTION IN WAGES.

LANCASHIRE COTTON EMPLOYERS' NOTICE.

LONDON, May 10.

Lancashire Cotton Employers Federation has notified its operatives that their wages will be reduced by 30 per cent. from June 11th.

INDIAN INFANTRY BATTALIONS.

QUESTION IN COMMONS.

LONDON, May 10.

Replying in the House of Commons to Col. Yate, Mr. Montagu stated that he had not yet received figures of recruiting for the Indian Auxiliary Force up to March 31st but he had asked for them. Mr. Montagu also stated that the 44th Merwara Infantry was only a pre-war battalion which he was informed was to be disbanded but it was evident that if certain new units such as Burmese and Kumaons etc., were to be retained an equivalent number of old units must disappear. Mr. Montagu reiterated that it was proposed to maintain the same number of Indian infantry battalions after as before war.

EXPORT CREDIT SCHEME TO INDIA.

MANCHESTER ASSOCIATION'S WARNING

LONDON, May 10.

The Manchester Association of Importers and Exporters has sent a letter to Government declaring that the extension of the export credit scheme to India and Far East will have a detrimental effect upon the present state of markets. The letter considers that the Exchange Banks are capable of adequately dealing with the situation.

GOVT. OF INDIA BILL.

RETIRING ON PROPORTIONATE PENSION

LONDON, May 10.

Replying to Col. Yate in the House of Commons Mr. Montagu stated that up to April 1st Government of India had received one application for permission to retire on proportionate pension under recommendation made in clause 36 of the report of the Joint Committee on the Government of India Bill. Government of India had informed the applicant that they could not support his request as it was evident that his desire to retire had been longstanding and was based mainly upon reasons which were quite unconnected with those discussed by the Joint Committee.

GERMAN CABINET.

ITS PERSONNEL.

VON WIRTH, CHANCELLOR AND FOREIGN MINISTER.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 11.

The German Cabinet crisis is settled. A Berlin telegram states that at the opening of Reichstag, von Wirth, Centrist and a former Minister of Finance, announced formation of Cabinet in which he was the Chancellor and Foreign Minister; ex-Chancellor Bauer, Vice-Chancellor and Minister of Treasury; Robert Schmidt, Minister of Labour and Gessler, Minister of Defence. Finance Minister has not yet been appointed. The Cabinet includes four Centrists, four Majority Socialists and three Democrats. The latter are only provisional as they do not wish to join the administration in which People's Party is not represented.

ITS FORMATION EXPECTED.

LONDON, May 10.

Attempts to form a German Cabinet have hitherto broken down on the questions of disarmament, trial of War Criminals and Bavaria's recalcitrance on the subject of disarming her irregulars and intimidating the Berlin politicians but the latest telegrams from Berlin indicate that the principal political parties are agreed upon the advisability of accepting the Allied Ultimatum and it is expected that Von Stresmann, leader of the People's Party, will form a Cabinet to-day.

LONDON, May 10.

Berlin.—Von Wirth, Late Minister of Finance, has agreed to form a Cabinet.

ALLIED ULTIMATUM.

ACCEPTED BY 221 VOTES TO 175.

LONDOS, May 10.

Von Wirth in announcing to Reichstag Cabinet's decision to accept the Allied ultimatum invited Reichstag to make a pronouncement upon it. Von Wirth said that it could only be accepted or rejected. Reichstag after debate accepted ultimatum by 221 votes to 175.

ACCEPTED BY NEW GERMAN CABINET.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 11.

Berlin.—The new German Cabinet has accepted the Allied Ultimatum.

AMERICA'S SYMPATHY FOR ENGLAND.

DR. HARVEY'S MESSAGE.

LONDON, May 11.

In the course of an interview at Southampton, Dr. Harvey said that he brought a message of good cheer and hope. England had more than American sympathy. There never was a time when America felt so keenly moral obligation she owed to the Motherland. Great Empire and Great Republic must get together to save themselves and save the world.

BOWING TO THE INEVITABLE!

"DEEDS MUST PROVE GERMAN SINCERITY."

LONDON, May 10.

A Berlin message states that the debate in the Reichstag was not sensational. There was a general atmosphere of bowing to the inevitable to avoid worse consequences. Occasionally, the Communists indulged in noisy interruptions. Von Wirth emphasised that it was useless to accept without an earnest determination to do their utmost to meet the burdens. Only by deeds could their opponents be convinced of the sincerity of Germany's intentions. He did not share the fears that an invasion would come even if the ultimatum were accepted.

[Von Wirth is a tall upright man. He was born in 1879. His father was an engineer. He took up politics in 1913, and is regarded now as possessing the most able financial brain in Germany. He is a leading member of the Centre Party, but inclines to the Left. He has strong democratic tendencies.]

POLISH SILESIAN FRONTIER.

CLOSING INCOMPLETE.

LONDON, May 10.

Reuter learns that the promised closing of the Polish-Upper Silesian Frontier is nothing like complete. The insurgent leader Korfanty crosses daily and Commissariat lorries and trains for the insurgents continue to pass through the frontier regularly. The Polish Government has been warned of the seriousness of its attitude.

Sthamer visited Mr. Lloyd George this afternoon and is understood to have made a statement with reference to Upper Silesia.

SINJHORO POLICE TORTURE CASE.

INORDINATE DELAY IN HEARING.

POLICE TACTICS TO TRANSFER & PROLONG CASE.

COMMISSIONER OF SIND'S ATTEMPT AT WHITEWASHING.

HINGORO'S DEATH SCANDAL.

(From our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD, (Sind) May 6.

There has been an inordinate delay in the trial of the Sinjhoro Police Torture Case. The atrocities were committed in the middle of February. The police inquiry did not commence till the end of March, and the hearing of the case has not yet been allowed to commence, although it is now the first week of May. The delay of each day means more time to the police to tamper with witnesses, and there is evidence that attempts to do so have been made repeatedly through certain channels. In the meantime, the accused police officials are trying their best to have the case transferred from the Court of Mr. Hamed Ali, I.C.S., District Magistrate, Nawabshah. The case had originally been challenged before Mr. Abdulkader, who was related to some of the influential friends of one of the accused. Mr. Hamid Ali, being evidently apprehensive of a miscarriage of justice transferred the case to his own court. This was too much for the accused police officials.

D. M. CRITICISED—HIS REFUTATION.

In the meantime, the "Sindvasi" a local organ of liberal school strongly criticised the conduct of the District authorities of Nawabshah and Thar and Parkar, in not instituting immediate inquiries into the allegations of torture when made to them, within a few days of the occurrence, and asserted that the complaints against the police had been lightly treated. The District Magistrate, of Nawabshah, in self-defence, wrote to the paper contradicting its assertion as to the delay in making the inquiry and stating that the guilty parties would receive due punishment.

The accused police officials took advantage of this communication to the press and have applied to the Judicial Commissioner's Court for a transfer of the case from the Court of the District Magistrate of Nawabshah. The Judicial Commissioner's Court has passed interim orders stopping the proceedings. Its final orders are now awaited.

HINGORO'S DEATH SCANDAL.

Another development of this interesting case has been that the Special Correspondent of the "Sindvasi" exposed certain facts showing that one Abdullah Hingoro who had been beaten by the police, together with others, had died as a result of the torture, and he accused the officials of delay in inquirying into this fact, and drew the attention of the Commissioner in Sind to the fact. The Commissioner in Sind ordered no fresh inquiry into this serious allegation which, if proved true, would result in some of the police officials being hanged, but relying on some evidence recorded by the police, and in defiance of the fact that the case was still sub-judice, issued a Press Note flatly contradicting the allegation about the death of Abdullah Hingoro as a result of the beating.

COMMISSIONER'S EXTRAORDINARY ACTION.

That such a high and obviously disinterested official as the Commissioner in Sind should have thus interfered to definitely with the free trial of the case when it was still sub-judice, and tried to prejudice the case against the complainants, and tried to protect the police is most regrettable, it is hoped that the Bombay Government will take note of this extraordinary action taken by the local officials here. The Commissioner ought to have known that the police inquiry was not very strict where the more serious allegations were made against the police, or else the arrest of Kamalkhan, Sub-Inspector, would not have been postponed until the evidence, recorded not by the police but by the Magistrate of Sinjhoro, proved his complicity, that evidence as to miscarriage of a child through shock was recorded after a second thought, that only about 11 out of 25 persons beaten by the police were medically examined. How far the Commissioner in Sind is adopting a fair and impartial attitude in this matter is clear from the version he gives of the allegations of the Special Correspondent of the "Sindvasi" in narrating the facts which led up to the death of Abdullah Hingoro. The "Sindvasi" Correspondent stated that Abdullah, who was suffering from asthma, was made naked and made to go round and round the bare backs of 8 of his doubled-up companions, and as he slowed down his pace he was occasionally struck at with a babul stick which had not been entirely cleared of thorns. This treatment of Abdullah continued for three hours. The Commissioner in Sind, however, in his Press Note, makes the Correspondent of the "Sindvasi" say that Abdullah was beaten by the police for three hours continuously with a babul branch covered with thorns. The Correspondent again had stated that Abdullah fell down exhausted three times, but the Commissioner in Sind makes him say that the man fell down senseless, which means much more than merely exhausted, although the Correspondent specifically mentions that after the beating Abdullah was made to ride to Mirpurkhas, a distance of 48 miles. The Commissioner in his Press Note, makes him say that the man went on foot. The Press Note even putting the words "on foot" in italics.

The public is anxiously awaiting the upshot of the whole affair.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

LORD MESTON ON INDIAN INVESTIGATORS,

(REUTER'S SPECIAL SERVICE.)

LONDON, May 10.

Lord Reay presided at the Annual Meeting of the Royal Asiatic Society when the Prince of Wales was invited to follow the example of his father and grandfather by becoming Vice-Patron. A similar invitation was extended to Lord Reading.

Lord Meston in recalling the distinguished group of civil servants and orientalists in the United Provinces when he went out said that the traditions of scholarship attaching to public services in India had grown little thin of recent years. Right spirit had not departed but had increased though pressure of life and strain of work were giving scanty leisure for old pleasure of communion with the older school of cultured Indians. He thought however that the present was a transitional period and believed that when things settle down there would be a revival of this tradition of civilian scholarship. In the meanwhile a new school of young Indian investigators had arisen versed in modern criticism and exploring field with honesty and sincerity. This was one of the best fruits of the new Nationalist Movement and the Society could do much to promote community of work and interest between Englishmen and the new school.

ALI BROTHERS LEAVE ALLAHABAD.

ALLAHABAD, May 13.

The Ali Brothers and the visitors that had come to Allahabad have departed. (A. P.).

His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore will be among the visitors to Bangalore during the coming season. He arrives at Bangalore on the 2nd June, and is expected to attend the forthcoming birthday sessions of the Representative Assembly and the Mysore Economic Conference (A. P.).

SHIPPING DISPUTE SETTLEMENT.

LABOUR SECRETARY'S FAILURE.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 10.

Washington.—Efforts of the Secretary of Labour to effect a settlement in Shipping dispute have failed in consequence of Shipping Board's insistence upon 15 per cent reduction in wages. No further conferences will be held.

PLUMAGE COMMITTEE.

FORMATION OF ADVISORY BODY.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, May 10.

The Plumage Committee of the London Chamber of Commerce states that an agreement was reached in regard to the Plumage Bill in the Committee stage in the House of Commons to-day and that a new clause will be added providing for an advisory body to draw up a schedule of birds whose plumage are excepted from prohibition of importation. There will be an independent Chairman and the other nine members will include expert ornithologists, plumage traders and four independent persons. Plumage trade express satisfaction at the nature of the agreement.

GEN. SIR GEORGE WOLSELEY.

ACCIDENTALLY KILLED ON RAI

LONDON,

General Sir George Wolsel
found killed on the rai
Maidstone. Circumstanc
indicate that the death
dental.

"BE FIRM : BE COURAGEOUS".

"THE COUNTRY MUST KEEP ITS TEMPER.

LALA LAJPAT RAI INTERVIEWED.

Lala Lajpat Rai, who happened to be at Allahabad on Tuesday last was interviewed by a representative of "The Independent". Th following is a full report of the interview:—

I went round yesterday afternoon to the Anand Bhawan—the residence of Pandit Motilal Nehru, to see if I can see and have a talk with Lala Lajpat Rai who has come down here to attend the marriage of Miss Nehru and also to be present at the meeting of the Working Committee of the Congress. Lala Lajpat Rai was standing on the verandah facing the west and as soon as he saw my card he took me into his room neatly furnished in Indian style.

Without much ado, I directly told the Lalajee that I wanted an interview with him. "Yes", said he, "what do you want to ask of me?"

"Do you mind my reclining on a pillow"? asked the Lalajee. "Surely not", I said: and I found the dignified figure with his head on a fairly stout pillow.

My first question was: "In view of Lord Reading's recent utterances, do you think there is any possibility of a revision of the Turkish Peace Treaty and reparation due to the Punjab"?

"It is yet too early", the Lalajee began, to speak of Lord Reading's mind. As regards the Punjab question I am not prepared to say what he is or is not likely to do. But I do say that if Lord Reading thinks a few more rupees will satisfy the Punjab, then I must say he is utterly mistaken." "We are not" continued the Lala in a firm and solemn voice, "fighting for a few rupees, more or less. Certainly not. We are fighting for principles."

Then I asked: "What do you think of a possibility of the Round Table Conference so loudly proclaimed by a few Punjabi Legislators?"

"I am extremely sceptical about the possibility of such a Conference" said the Lalajee: and after a moment's silence added in measured tones. "If there is a Conference at all, it all depends upon the spirit in which the official mind expresses itself."

Further questioned, he said that he was not one of those favourites who would be invited to the official cabinets.

"Supposing", I said, "a conference was called for and yourself invited, what may be the nature of the conditions you are likely to insist upon before accepting the invitation?" "I cant tell you that" was the quick answer. We have not yet discussed the question. We must first meet and then decide. Any action thereon I think, should be the result of an organized resolve."

We drifted on to repression and I naturally enquired: "What is your advice to the country at this time of general repression?" The Lalaji's answer was decisive. "The country should keep its temper. It should observe strict non-violence."

"Don't you think," I was asking when a cup of Sharbet brought in by a volunteer to the Lalaji kept us silent for a few minutes. After he had finished his drink I persisted.

"Do you not think the time has yet arrived for the country to adopt civil disobedience" "Not yet." were the spontaneous words that escaped his lips at once and proceeding he said: "You might take it from me that the talk of disorder and violence indulged in by the officials and our "candid" friends is all exaggerated." "Take for instance the United States of America" and here the Lalajee spoke rather with some warmth—"where there are only 100 millions of people. Take Great Britain with only 40 millions. Take Germany. Take, if you like, even Japan. Speaking comparatively with these countries that are less populated than our own. I should think that India is remarkably patient and I must say that the so-called violence is absolutely insignificent compared to those countries."

"But" I was saying ... when the Lalajee interferred and said: "But I do not for a moment thereby suggest that I approve even of the little violence exhibited in some parts of the country. In this point, I am as strong as the Mahatmtji,—that the only condition of our success is non-violence, pure and absolute. At the same time, I must warn the people," he went on, "not to be misguided by the speeches of the authorities in power which are extremely extravagant."

Further querried. Lala Lajpat Rai said: "We are determined to preach and practise non-violence. If Government makes it impossible for us to pursue this policy of Ahimsa by their provoking the already troubled Indians, then I am bound to assert that we cannot be responsible for the results."

"What is the remedy you would suggest against non-violence?" I asked.

Lalajee smiled in his simple way and with his eyes raised and in a consi... tone "well, I believe the best re... for the Moderates to join the ...ation movement at least in the ...ers' demand for immediate ...n-Co-operation and fore... Lalajee said: "I be... is so much interrelated ... country can afford ... at its peril. The ...ding information ...d be influential ... as to necessitate an action on our part to give our story to the world. I quite realise that this won't help us directly to attain Swaraj. But surely the moral support of the world will be of great use in our struggle".

After this he sank for a moment and said "Is this not enough for you? "Well" I acquiesced, "I shan't trouble you further. But just tell me what is your message to the young aspiring India"?

The Lalajee replied waxing eloquent "Be firm. Be courageous. Freedom's battle once begun must be carried on at any cost and at any sacrifice."

This closed the private interview and after the formal exchange of greetings we parted.

MR. ANDREWS AND RAILWAY MEN.

CONFERENCE WITH RLY. BOARD.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, May 12.

Mr. C. F. Andrews returned to Calcutta from Simla to-day. Interviewed by representative of the Associated Press, he stated he met the Railway Board and discussed with them many subjects relating to recent strikes, especially that of the men of the Lilooah workshops and O. R. Railway workshops at Lucknow. The Railway Board were able to make no concessions to men regarding forfeiture of gratuity and strike pays; on the other hand, they were prepared to consider very carefully the proposal which Mr. Andrews put forward that the privilege of being admitted to provident fund should be extended to those working as day labourers whose monthly average of pay came up to Rs. 15 per month Mr. Andrews' own proposal was that this benefit should be given at the earliest possible moment as soon as there was any reasonable hope that the daily labourers would become permanent workers. The Railway Board informed Mr. Andrews that they were prepared to refer to London on this subject and do what they could in the matter

The question of recognition of railway workmen's unions was then brought forward. Mr. Andrews pointed out disadvantages to the Union if the Union Secretary still received pay from the railway company. As a railway servant, this would place him in a difficult position and would tend to detract from his independence and the men would regard him as under the influence of the railway company. A further point was raised as to whether a bona-fide ex-railway man from another railway could take up the post of the Union Secretary. Mr. Andrews proposed this should be allowed except in such cases as those when railway men had been dismissed for bad conduct. The question of discharge should not stand against a man if the Railway Union wished to have him as their secretary, but the only question was of dismissal. The Railway Board were prepared to consider Mr. Andrews' suggestion on his point and give their decision to State Railways

A very full discussion took place afterwards regarding sick allowance, superannuation, and other kindred subjects. It was pointed out to Mr. Andrews that difficulties at present in the way of issuing definite and precise regulations on these subjects were almost insuperable, but that everything would be done to deal with each individual case sympathetically.

Mr. Andrews is proceeding at once to Kancharapara at the request of workmen to help towards the settlement of the railway strike on the Eastern Bengal State Railway.

KANCHARAPARA WORKSHOP TROUBLE.

ACCUSED COMPLAIN OF POLICE ZULUM.

(Associated Press.)

CALCUTTA, May 13.

In connection with the riot which took place between the two sections of labourers of the Kancharapara Workship of the Eastern Bengal Railway, ten more arrests were made yesterday, making a total of twenty-five men under arrest. Of them four are Mahomedans and the remainder Hindus. They were placed before the Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Barrackpur and remanded.

Counsel on behalf of the accused filed a petition, stating that men wanted protection from the police high-handedness. The Magistrate promised to enquire into the matter personally.

LALA LAJPAT RAI

ARRIVES IN SIMLA.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, May 13.

Lala Lajpat Rai arrived here last night from Allahabad. It is understood Mr. Gandhi who is staying with Pandit Malaviya at Shantikuti will remain till Monday.

Official & Personal.

Lord and Lady Willingdon and party left Madras by special train at 7-30 p.m. on Wednesday and arrived on Friday morning.

Lady Willingdon accompanied by Captain Parbury, will leave Bombay for England on Saturday the 21st while His Excellency and party will proceed to Simla, where he will stay still the first of June.

Their Excellencies Sir George and Lady Lloyd, accompanied by Mrs. Melville Balfour, Master David Lloyd, Mr. C. G. Adam, Private Secretary, the Hon. Mrs. Forbes Adam, Major R. L. Benson, Military Secretary, Lieut.-Col. G. J. Grafton Young, Surgeon, Mrs. Grafton Young, Lieut. K. H. Grant, R.N., Captain J. H. Carmichael and Captain G. S. Rawstorne, Aides-de-Camp, left Mahableshwar for Bombay on Friday afternoon.

HEDIJAZ PILGRIMS.

DEFENCE OF RETURN TICKETS SYSTEM.

GOVT. OF INDIA STATEMENT.

REPATRIATION FUND PROPOSED.

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, May 12.

A communiqué says:—

As certain misunderstandings have arisen regarding the attitude of Government towards the conditions under which tickets are issued to pilgrims to the Hedjaz the following facts are made public:—

Some years ago, the question arose of insistence upon compulsory return tickets for such pilgrims. The matter was carefully considered by the Government of India. Local Governments were addressed and the opinion of Anjumans and other Muhammadan authorities was collected. Opinion was found to be divided on the subject and the Government of India decided to make no rule under Section 58 (1) of the Pilgrim Ships Act, since the matter was one in which they were unwilling to move save with fairly unanimous backing of Muhammadan opinion. A modified system of compulsory return tickets was introduced in 1919, as a condition of the arrangements which the Government of India made in that year with a view to reducing the return fares for pilgrims from Rs. 175 to Rs. 125 in each case. This was a purely administrative measure introduced as a condition of the momentary grant and at the same time an arrangement was made between the two steamship companies which then had vessels upon this run to make tickets interchangeable, although the Government of India continued their assistance to pilgrims. In 1920, this modified arrangement for compulsory return tickets has already been discontinued, nor unless the Muslim community are themselves of opinion that such a system is desirable do the Government of India propose to make any such rule.

"SIMPLEST AND MOST HUMAN."

(2) The system of compulsory return tickets is the simplest and most human system which can be devised for the convenience of pilgrims, but Government are aware that certain Musalmans object to it. Accordingly the possibility of a system of compulsory deposits which would have somewhat similar effect was discussed at Bombay at the close of 1920 and again with non-official Muhammadan members of the Council of State and of the Legislative Assembly early in the present year. The Government of Bombay was also asked to consult the local Haj Committee. Although a considerable body of the opinions collected by the Government of India was in favour of the compulsory return ticket system, a slight majority declared themselves in favour of option in the matter combined with private contributions to assist repatriation. Opinion was also invited from the Bombay Haj Committee, a number of Muslim Associations in that presidency, and the Muslim members of the Bombay Legislative Council. The views of these associations and individuals so far as received are found to be opposed to insistence on a deposit by pilgrims who take single tickets. The Government of India have accordingly in deference to these views again decided not to frame any rule under the Pilgrim Ships Act, but to permit the companies a free hand in the issue of tickets.

PAST RECALLED.

(3) The Government of India are fully aware of the inconveniences which may result if large numbers of pilgrims who have furnished themselves with single tickets find themselves on the return journey stranded at Jeddah without means to purchase the passage back to Bombay or Karachi. They understand that in the past the shipping companies have on occasion afforded free repatriation and rations to destitute pilgrims. Such repatriations were made in the past by the Shah line, Messrs. Shirazi and Co. and Messrs. Khandwani and Co. and last year by the Mogul Line, Messrs. Turner Morrison and Co. Possibly other lines have taken similar action, but the Government of India are not in possession of information about them. Private generosity and Government assistance have also contributed.

GOVERNMENT'S SYMPATHETIC INTEREST.

(4) The sympathetic interest of the Government of India in the success of the pilgrimage has been demonstrated by the expenditure of about 11¼ lakhs of rupees during the past two years in securing cheap tickets for pilgrims in 1919 when shipping was scarce. They secured the release of a large and suitable vessel for purposes of the pilgrim traffic last year. They equipped and maintained at a cost of about two lakhs a hospital at Jeddah which will again be maintained during the forthcoming year. They have also at various times expended considerable sums on the repatriation of indigent pilgrims.

REPATRIATION FUND.

(5) The Government of India agree with the opinions which have been laid before them by the majority of the Muslim members of the Council of State and the Legislative Assembly regarding the method of repatriation. They desire fully to recognise the generosity shown in the past by the shipping companies and by private individuals in their efforts to assist destitute pilgrims stranded at Jeddah, but it is clearly undesirable that the Muhammadan community as a whole or the pilgrims to the Hedjaz should continue to rely upon such generosity or even upon Government assistance. The Government of India accordingly have under consideration the question of proposing the raising of a repatriation fund which should be managed so far as possibly by non-official agency. The object is one which the Government of India are convinced will make a strong appeal to the charitable instincts of the Muslim community at large, and it is confidently hoped that such a fund may serve for the needs of repatriation in the present and in the forthcoming years.

OUR SIMLA LETTER.

"THE CLOUDS THUNDER."

PRESS ACT COMMITTEE.

From Our own Correspondent.

SIMLA, May 10.

We in Simla are passing through an anxious period. Every day marks the arrival at Viceregal Lodge of a Governor, a jurist or a politician. Till now the satraps of Bengal and P. P., Sir Grimwood Mears of the Allahabad High Court, Mr. G. F. Andrews and last but not least, Pandit Malaviya have all had interviews with Lord Reading, and by the time this letter is in print, Lord Willingdon and Sir George Lloyd will have wound their way up the Himalayan heights. It is understood that Mr. Andrews and the Pandit had long conversations with the Viceroy on the general political situation, with special reference to the Non-Cooperation movement. But all these confabulations, though useful in their own way, will not tend to ease the tension of feeling or be productive of any immediate practical solution so long as they do not breathe that spirit of catholicity which is essential in all such undertakings. The leaders of the Non-Cooperation movement are still out of this orbit in spite of the persistent demand for a round table conference which has begun to express itself even from unexpected quarters. It is indeed strange that the ex-Chief Justice of England should hear only one side of the case and not in the least attempt to call for witnesses on the other. and it is this latter side that counts most in the existing situation. Meanwhile Colonel Yate's antics—which look more like inspired than original—are causing grave anxiety amongst a timorous public who seem to scent danger ahead. The gods whisper; the clouds thunder; but the prophets are either silent or not unanimous. If it should rain disaster. let it come down at once, rather than be held up—for that would indirectly hasten the day of freedom.

Viceroy and Mahatma.

Writing of the danger ahead, I am reminded of the latest utterance of Lord Reading while replying to the welcome address of the Simla Municipality which, by the way, is a purely nominated body with only two Indians on it. There was neither the offensive odour nor the silly cynicism which used to distinguish the effusions of his illustrious predecessor: on the other hand, Lord Reading's speech was a judicially balanced expression of opinion, but without any judgment. The recent deplorable events at Malegaon and Giridih were taken full advantage of for a mild though significant attack on the followers of Mahatma Gandhi who himself, however, was given, indirectly, of course, a certificate for preachings of non-violent doctrines. But it is this non-violent Mahatma who has been deliberately kept out of mind and not been invited for any conference by the Viceroy. However, Lord Reading hopes that "such differences of opinion or policy as may exist between fellow-citizens may be brought to solution by light of reason, mutual sympathy and understandings" !!! All this talk of mutual sympathy and mutual understanding is all mere twaddle and huge bunkumb so long as there is no place for the much-contemned non-cooperators in the secret conclaves at Viceregal Lodge and so long as Section 144 of the Criminal Procedure Code is allowed to run amock throughout the country. And yet Lord Reading speaking from the Executive Council Hall eagerly desires to "contribute to the happy and peaceful development of the high destiny which awaits India, *if* she chooses to avail herself as a partner in the British Empire." This is but an empty dream unless and until the Viceroy removes the causes which make necessary the inclusion of "if" by doing—to quote his own speech—"even-handed justice without distinction of race or creed."

No more Bamboozling.

How does Lord Reading propose to fulfil this high and pleasing ambition of "even-handed justice"? In my last letter I had to express the disappointed feelings of Simla on account of the "bad beginning" of the Viceroy. Since then, not a little finger has been moved in the desired direction and the popular feeling has been exacerbated to a great extent. While even that notoriously Moderate organ of Allahabad is crying for the release of Martial Law victims, the Viceroy coolly announces that he has called for the records! And for what? The communiqué naively admits that it is to "satisfy himself that there is no case still remaining in which clemency cannot suitably be exercised" !!! And so the Viceroy proceeds with the question with a determined mind and in the face of this, we are solemnly enjoined by Lord Reading to believe that he will "administer the country with understanding of the people's wishes and with sympathetic regard for their troubles." Thanks to a good one century and a half of British Rule, India can no longer be bamboozled by such platitudinous phrases which are no more honest than the words of a grocer !!! The whole world is watching India and her attitude towards the new Viceroy, and while we are prepared to give him every opportunity to start his Viceroyalty with a clean slate, we should at the same time warn that unless he releases forthwith the victims of the reign of terror and justly punishes Sir Michael O'Dwyer and Dyer by at least effecting the withdrawal of the grant of pensions to them we cannot but come to the conclusion though in the opinion of some it may be hasty—that his administration even if it should be a great success, would leave much to be desired.

Press Act Committee.

By the time this letter is in the hands of your readers a number of committees would be assembling in Simla in pursuance of the resolutions passed at the last Delhi session of the Legislature. The Press Act Committee would sit first; closely following on its heels would come the Repressive Laws Committee and the Factory Laws Committee. The Press Act Committee though consists of some personal friends of the Law Member who is going to preside over it, has some able members on it like Mr. Seshagiri Iyer, an ex-Judge of the Madras High Court, whose denunciation of the measure in connection with the "New India" security case will perhaps be some guarantee that some good will result. Dr. Sapru was also a publicist until he assumed the Law Membership in the Government of India, and he fully knows the dangers of the "Damocle's sward" that is hanging over the head of journalists in India. If one reads his arguments in the "Bhavishya Security Case" before a full bench of the Allahabad High Court, one would be clearly impressed with his views on the Press Act. It is however a doubtful matter whether the views which he formed in his "happy days"—to quote his own expression, meaning, when he was not an official—are the same now in his official robe. But the Indian public unanimously demand the total repeal of the Press Act and not any patching-up. I hear that the proceedings of this Committee will be made open to the public; and it would then be proper to notice its doings.

Repressive Legislation.

The Committee on Repressive Legislation does not promise to be so hopeful as the Press Committee except that the Rowlatt Act, which is now a dead letter, would be buried in its grave without even the usual ceremonial. Along with these committees there will spring up another committee consisting of nine non-officials and six officials with Sir William Vincent as chairman to advise the Government of India on matters connected with publicity. Except Mr. Sachidanand Sinha, Mr. K. C. Roy and Mr A. H. Kingston there is not one among the non-officials who knows anything about the work they are invited to give advice upon. We all want publicity and more light, but it must be publicity of truths and not half-truths and untruths against which a Punjab member so indignantly spoke at the last Delhi session of the Assembly at the time of voting on grants. No doubt his remarks were then directed against the Punjab Publicity Bureau, but a word of caution in respect of the Central Bureau of Information would not be out of place. It is understood that the Committee would in addition be consulted on questions of expenditure, and unless this expenditure is brought down so low as to conform to the utility of this body I am afraid some other Bhaiman Singh will be up against its very existence.

MR. GANDHI IN SIMLA

"LONG INTERVIEW WITH VICEROY."

(Associated Press.)

SIMLA, May 13.

It is understood that Mr. Gandhi had a long interview with Viceroy to-day, particulars have not transpired. Mr. Gandhi is staying on in Simla till Monday and will address a public meeting on Sunday.

"IMPERIAL" CONFERENCE.

(Continued from previous page.)

very good reasons. He would have to decide in consultation with his colleagues as to the attitude to be taken up by him on this question at the forthcoming meeting of the Imperial Cabinet.

THE EXCHANGE MUDDLE.

On the Currency question and the Exchange muddle which had resulted in India losing very heavily His Highness thought that it was not a question which would be placed before the meeting. Asked if he would take an opportunity of incidentally placing the facts of the iniquitous deal by the Government of India before the meeting of the delegates and telling them that Indian public opinion would not be satisfied until the wrong done to their country had been righted and the loss sustained by India made good the Government of the United Kingdom the Maharao thought that if the question did not come before the conference he might not have an opportunity of expressing his views on the subject.

"MYSELF FIRST AND MY FRIEND NEXT."

Another question that was asked was whether His Highness had reason to hope that the Dominion delegates would display a change of heart towards Indian aspirations, especially of freedom of movement in the Dominions. On this point His Highness' answer was frank and even illuminating. He reminded our representative of human nature: "Myself first and my friend next" and said he would not be surprised if the attitude of the Dominions delegate would be no better than it has been in the past. Judging from their present attitude, His Highness felt he had no reason to express an opinion one way or another but thought that he and his fellow delegates would take up a firm attitude on this subject. His Highness seemed to feel reassured on this subject by the knowledge that the Government of India was in full sympathy with Indian aspirations in this matter.

His Highness and suite which is not very large, will be sailing to-day by the S. S. Neldera. It is expected that the party will sojourn on the continent for about six months and will be back in India about October next. During His Highness' absent, the affairs of the State will be looked after by his son and Heir-Apparent The Maharao, in his European tour, will be assisted by Mr. Parshrambhai, Political Secretary to the Jam Sahib of Jamnagar. Mr. Purshrambhai had previously accompanied the Maharaja of Bikanir to the first Imperial War Conference held in London and later on he accompanied the Jam Sahib to the League of Nations Conference at Geneva last year. Quite a large number of people including State Officials, have arrived in Bombay to wish His Highness godspeed and a safe voyage.

The Agent of the East Indian Railway has notified the Agra Municipal Board that unless it agrees to pay six per cent. commission for collecting terminal tax the railway company will cease to work for the board. The board's reply is required by the 15th instant.

FAILURE OF PRESENT EDUCATION.

NO HOPE IN "NEW ERA!"

HOME-MADE NATIONAL EDUCATION.

THE URGENT NEED.

(Associated Press.)

PALGHAT, May 12.

Presiding over the 13th Madras Educational Conference held at Palghat to-day, Mr. S. Srecnivasa Iyengar, C.I.E., ex-Advocate-General, said that the conviction of the educated community and feeling of masses was on the whole that the western system of education as administered in this province had been barren of results. The failure of primary, secondary and University education in India, he said, was traceable to the fact that those who were responsible for the direction of education in India had ignored our racial psychology, history, literature and religion and patriotic ideals and aspirations. Alongside of these was the fact that the general education as imparted in our schools and colleges ever since Indian Universities were established has been dominated by older educational ideals of the west as to liberal education. The startling increase of unemployment amongst the educated section of the community, success of ill-educated or illiterate man in making fortune or competency merely by his enterprise, and great political and economic upheavals of recent years have undermined the prestige of accepted educational canons and unsettled our faith in the value of many western ideals and methods. The need for a new departure has been for years universally felt in some quarters. There was expectation that in the new Council under the Reforms Act there would be enunciation of a new educational policy designed more or less to give effect to criticisms and conclusions of the Calcutta University Commission. But, he thought that the Government under the Reforms Act was not to move faster in the matter than Government before the Reforms Act. In his opinion, what is urgently wanted in this province is a home-made national education. He said the Indian educationist and teacher required to be wholely emancipated from European control. Swaraj in education was the least inconvenient to Government and education could not for all practical purposes be regarded as transferred subject till the directing expert who must necessarily guide the Minister was an Indian. As an important step for nationalising organization, he urged to make the vernacular the medium of instruction without delay. Whether vernacular should be the medium of instruction in colleges or at least in the intermediate classes raised a debatable point which was perhaps not within the range of practical politics, but he did not see any objection to it in principle. He urged that any new education should be such as to give us a sense of pride in all that is of enduring value—in our institutions, while helping to materialise them, in our history, literature and religion, and should, above all, be such as to create a feeling of robust confidence in ourselves as nation. He urged for a comprehensive education Act which would make the State responsible to make ample provision not only for elementary, but also for secondary education.

CALCUTTA COAL FREIGHT MARKET

From Our own Correspondent.

The market appears to have touched top at Rs. 15 to Bombay, and May enquiry having been largely satisfied the demand for tonnage has fallen off. The decision to limit the issue of June export licenses to urgent cases points to a quiet month in chartering which would appear to coincide with a shortage of tramp tonnage giving June loading.

Fixtures effected recently are:—

6,000 Ton steamer May/June loading Rs. 14/14 to Bombay, usual terms.

5,000 Ton steamer May loading Rs. 14/12 to Bombay, usual terms.

4,500 Ton steamer May loading (first voyage) 3 consecutive voyages to Bombay. Rs. 14/12, 1st voyage, Rs. 14/8, 2nd and 3rd voyage, usual terms.

The market is quiet with nominal quotations as follows:—

Bombay, Rs. 14/12, per ton of 20 cwt.
Karachi, Rs. 15/8, per ton of 20 cwt.
Colombo, Rs. 10, per ton of 20 cwt.
Madras, Rs. 8/8, per ton of 20 cwt.
Rangoon, Rs. 8/8, per ton of 20 cwt.

COASTWISE FREIGHTS.

Rangoon to the U. K., rice per 20 cwt. S. 32-0d.
Calcutta, rice per 20 cwt., Rs. 4-0.
Madras, rice per 20 cwt., Rs. 8-0
Colombo, rice per 20 cwt., Rs. 10-0.
Bombay, rice per 20 cwt. Rs. 10-0.
Moulmein to Calcutta, sleepers, timber, Rs. 18-0.
Colombo, sleepers, timber, Rs. 30-0.
Bombay, sleepers, timber, 29-0.
Colombo to Singapore, tea and rough per 50 c.ft., Rs. 35-0 cts.
Penang, tea and rough per 50 c.ft., Rs. 30-0

CABLE ITEMS.

The King's Bench has upheld the arbitrators' award of two thousand sterling damages for a breach of warrant in charter-party between the owners of a steamer "Tibermade" and Messrs. Graham and Company by which it was agreed that the "Tibermade" should load a full cargo at Bombay for Liverpool. The vessel's cubic capacity was represented as 245,000 cubic feet bale space whereas in reality it was 229,518 cubic feet.

His Majesty has approved the granting of the African General Service Medal with Somali land Clasp to the Indian Colonial Fodces which participated in the brief campaign in Somaliland between January 21st and February 12th of last year.

The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice.

All COMMUNICATIONS intended for publication in the "Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. In preparing MS. for the Press, correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only, and to address their communications to the EDITOR, and not to any member of the staff by name. Attention to this rule will save much inconvenience and delay.

In the absence of express agreement to the contrary, the copyright of all literary or other contributions published in the "Bombay Chronicle" vests in the Proprietors of the journal.

The Editor cannot undertake to return rejected communications unless a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed for the purpose.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 5 p. m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS whose copies of the "Bombay Chronicle" are delayed in delivery will facilitate enquiry into the cause of the irregularity by noting the date of the paper on the wrapper, and sending it to the Manager.

RATES of SUBSCRIPTION

DAILY EDITION

	Local	Mofussil
Yearly	Rs. 30	Rs. 35
Half-Yearly	„ 16	„ 18
Quarterly	„ 8	„ 9
Monthly	„ 3	„ 3-8

Single Copy, Two Annas.

SUNDAY EDITION.

Yearly Rs. 5 Rs. 6

PAYMENT STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

SITUATION VACCANT.

WANTED—A PERSIAN TEACHER for the Wankaner High School. Apply stating qualifications, etc., to the HEAD MASTER, Wankaner High School.
A C 9351

WANTED—Second and Third ENGINEERS for Government Steam Trawler. Apply DIRECTOR OF INDUSTRIES, New Customs House, Bombay.
C8860

WANTED—A competant and fast SHORT HAND TYPIST, well versed in the knowledge of correspondence. Apply sharp stating terms to Box No. 3041, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R 201

WANTED—A FEMALE SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON on pay Rs. 100—150 with free quarters, also a qualified NURSE on Rs. 40—60 with free quarters. Preference given to Marathi knowing applicants. Apply HON. SECRETARY, Maternity and Infant Welfare League, Nagpur, C. P.
A R236

WANTED—An expert ICE MECHANIC to work on an Ice plant by Linde Refrigeration Coy. Ammonia system. An Anglo-Indian, European or Parsi will be preferred Apply with testimonials and terms to KARAMCHAND MADAN & SONS, Dera Ismail Khan.
A C9357

WANTED—One HALL-PORTER, must speak, read and write English and have had experience of Club work. One BILLIARD MARKER. An experienced man. Apply with copies of testimonials to THE SECRETARY, Willingdon Sports Club, Bombay. 11.
A C9364

WANTED—For the Shia Intermediate College, Lucknow, a PRINCIPAL with European training on Rs. 500-40-700. Apply to the HONORARY GENERAL SECRETARY, Board of Trustees, Shia College, Lucknow, with copies of testimonials, which will not be returned.
A C9365

WANTED—2 Experienced GRADUATES, one as Head Master with Science and Sanskrit as second language, and the other as 1st Assistant Teacher with Science and Persian as second language, for Municipal A.-V. School, Jambusar District, Broach. Pay according to qualifications. Apply sharp to the U. S. with copies of testimonials. PRANVALLABH H. BANATVALA, Chairman, M. S. Board, Jambusar, District Broach.
A C9256

WANTED—A competent PERSON as a Municipal Secretary to the City Municipality, Thana, having knowledge of survey &c.; persons experienced in Municipal or similar work will be preferred; pay Rs. 150-15-300 without any allowances. The applications with testimonials mus reach the undersigned on or before the 10th June, 1921
J. B. PRADHAN, President, City Municipality, Thana, Municipal Office, Thana, 15-5-1921.
A C 9378

WANTED—By the Principal, College of Engineering, Poona, the services of experienced and qualified persons to work as:—1. A PLUMBER MISTRY to teach the Sub-Overseer Class the Syllabus given in the College of Engineering Calendar, including work in G. I. piping, lead piping and G. I. sheet metal; water and sanitary connections, &c. Pay Rs. 80. No war or temporary and Provisional allowances will be given. 2. A CURATOR OF INSTRUMENTS, who must be a skilled mechanic, preferably used to fine work and the repair of instruments. He will be required to maintain surveying instruments in repair, to take charge of a gas-making plant and to do fitting and machine work, as required. Pay Rs. 80-2-100, without allowances. 3. ASSISTANT SUPERINTENDENT of the Electrical Workshop, pay Rs. 150-5-200. Applicants should possess a good training in technical electricity, both theoretical and practical. The duties of the post are to instruct Workshop apprentices in electrical engineering as indicated in the syllabus printed in the College Calendar, to maintain the batteries and other electrical plant in the College in good order and to take charge generally of the electrical section of the College Workshop. Applications for the above-posts should reach this office on or before 25th May, 1921. R. S. CREE BROWN, Ag. Principal. College of Engineering, Poona, 19th May, 1921.
C 9330

SITUATION VACCANT.

REQUIRED in Solicitor's office SHORT-HAND TYPIST, must be experienced and intelligent. Apply Box No. 3063, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A C9389

WANTED—A good COMPOUNDER. Apply personally to Dr. D. M. GAGRAT, Petit Mansion, Sleater Road, Grant Road, Bombay.
A R 226

WANTED—An EDITOR for Anglo. Gujerati weekly paper in Calcutta. Pay Rs. 200 per month. Apply with particulars to the MANAGING DIRECTOR, Gurjar, Prabhat Publishing Co., Ltd., 22, Amratola Street, CALCUTTA.
A R 296

SITUATION WANTED.

WANTED—ENGAGEMENT by experienced Piece-Goods Salesman. Well up in all styles, Whites, Greys, Prints, Sundries have served best English firms best references. Apply Box No. 3053, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle.
B 230

HOUSE & FLATS TO LET.

TO BE LET—SHOPS at Girgaum, New Charni Road, on Tram lines for stores, etc. Rent Rs. 150 per month. Inquire within, opposite Aerograph Building.
C R159

MUBARAK MANZIL—TO BE LET.—A spacious BUNGALOW, upper floor only at Reynolds Road, Byculla Club Back Road, Apply ALLIBHAI CHAGLA AND CO., Kharek Bazar, near Masjid Station, or Chagla Villa, Dadar.
C R 195

TO LET—GROUND FLOOR 538, Ratan Vila POONA, Eight Bed Rooms, Hall, Office, Dining, Kitchen, Stores, Out-houses, Spacious, Garden. Apply P P. Kapadia, 73, Apollo Street, Bombay or D. J. WRITER. Sachapir Street, Poona.
C R 187

TO LET—Two fine BUNGALOWS in one compound with all conveniences, good water, three minutes' drive from Malad or Kandivali Station. Please communicate with Box No. 3048, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
C R214

BOARD, & ROOMS, ETC.

TO LET—ROOMS in the new Hanuman Buildings, Lamington Road, best locality. Enquire in the premises.
E C9371

TO LET—ROOMS in the Manilal Mansion, Lamington Road, near Precious Cinema, enquire Proprietor, Hanuman Buildings, Lamington Road.
E C9372

BY European, a room with board from about 16th instant, while arranging passage. Accommodation in Fort preferred. Apply stating terms to Box No. 3061 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
E C 9379

TO BE LET—Three large offices in Medows Street, very centrally located, suitable for a big firm. Also one Godown in the same vicinity. For rent and inspection please apply to THE BOMBAY HOUSE AGENCY, 47-49, Medows Street, Fort.
E C9344

TO BE LET—A very decent furnished up-to-date ground floor of a bungalow with a good compound, situated near Cumballa Hill for one year only from June next. For inspection and other particulars please apply to THE BOMBAY HOUSE AGENCY, 47-49, Medows Street. Tel. No. 156.
E C9244

TO BE LET—Ground and upper floors of a newly built spacious building at Ballard Pier for immediate entry or from first June. Rents according to area required not less than 2,500 square feet. For inspection and rent please apply to THE BOMBAY HOUSE AGENCY, 47-49, Medows Street, Fort. Tel. No. 156.
E C9345

PROPERTIES WANTED.

SITE WANTED in central position in Bombay for small workship approximate area 1,000 sqr. yards. Apply Box No. 3034, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
G C 9300

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE. Apply Box No. 60 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
G

FOR SALE.—In Bangalore, Salubrious climate, 7 sanctioned building plots, best locality, 8 annas per square foot, also new houses, particulars from. Apply Box No. 3062, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
G R234

MOTOR & ACCESSORIES.

GRAND RAFFLE OF MOTOR CAR, &c.—Please apply for books of eleven Tickets to Messrs. HASAN & Co., Indore Residency.
J A R 205

FOR SALE—A Beauchi Landaulette, 4 cylinder 20 horse power, 7 seaters motor car in plendid condition. Best opportunity for buyer. Trial can be had on appointment. Apply to Box No. 3038, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
J A R192

THE INDIAN AUTOMOBILE CO., LTD., 310, Lamington Road (off Jacob Circle), at the request of several of their Patrons, have decided to postpone the next Auction of Motor Cars, Motor Cycles and Accessories, etc., until SATURDAY, the 11th June, 1921. Sale commences at 3-30 p.m. "Entries are now being received."
J A C9267

MACHINERY, TOOLS, ETC.

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE—One quite new LANCASHIRE BOILER, 30ft. by 7ft.—6in. Diameter 200lbs. Pressur and some Looms and Dobbies, Bombay, delivery. Particulars apply Box No. 3060, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
L C 9274

MACHINERY. TOOLS, ETC.

FOR SALE—One brand new LANCASHIRE BOILER 30ft. by 7ft. by 160 lbs. pressure, complete with all mountings. Immediate delivery. For prices and particulars please apply Post Box No. 792, G. P. O., Bombay.
K R235

WANTED—Up-country, a GAS ENGINE with complete equipments to start with 50 Gins or 40 Gins. Please enquire at Seth HIRALAL BADRINARAYAN, No. 327, Khara Kuva, Bombay.
K C 9377

FOR SALE—Just Received and not yet unpacked two Ring Doubling Frames (J. Hetherington's Make) of 244 Spindles each, for wet work 3½in. gauge, 5in. lift, with rings of 2½in. internal diam., with Chain drive. Apply to the MORARJEE GOCULDAS SP. & WG. CO., LD., Ismail Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
K C 9355

EDUCATIONAL.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY.—Owing to ill-health Mr. S. S. RAO, of Tailoring College Bombay, will be in Poona for a time long enough to thoroughly crach up e hatch of students in any branch of tailors' cutting and practical work. S. S. RAO c/o Messrs. Tillu Brothers Budhwar Chowk, Poona City.
R 223

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects—"Book-keeping and Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes." Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, GOPALDAS LALDAS, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay.
M

WANTED—STUDENTS to know that (New Easy Rapid Method) Typewriting Accountancy, Auditing, Correspondence, Banking, New Commercial Course French, etc., taught within 3 months by a Twenty years' expert service and examinations results guaranteed. Apply LENTIN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE, 28, Hornby Road.
M R 231

INSTITUTE OF COMMERCE—Established 1906—Sound Training in Book-keeping & Accountancy, Auditing, Banking, Law, etc., Imparted by Principals Messrs. A. J. Mukati and R. S. Bharucha (Late of the Kalkadevi Shorthand and Typewriting Institution): Fees Moderates, Enrolment Daily, Classes Morning and Evening, Kanta Terrace, Kalbadevi. Branch, Maratha High School Premises Sandhurst Road, Bombay Prospectus on Application.
M

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Large quantity of DEAL WOOD, baling planks, Empty Ink Casks. Immediate Delivery. Apply to Box No. 70 "Bombay Chronicle."
N

FOR SALE—About 80 lbs. of Best English make Greaves' Eagle Brand superior Oaktonned Leather Belting 2½ inches. Apply to Box No. 50 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
N

FOR SALE:—300 I. H. P. Compound CORLISS STEAM ENGINE and 30' 7' x 160 lbs. pressure brand new Lancashire Boiler, Ready for immediate delivery. For price and particulars. Apply to ENGINEER & CO., Pydhoni, Bombay.
N R199

THE PLANET MILLS, LIMITED.—Sale of Hard Waste. Offers will be received by the Agents at the Registered Office of the Company 43a Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th instant at 4 p.m. (S.T.) for the purchase of all kinds of Hard Waste lying at the Mills at Ferguson Road, Parel. The Waste can be inspected at the Mills. AHMED RAHIM and SON. Agents, The Planet Mills, Ltd.
N C 9308

MISCELLANEOUS WANTED.

WANTED—FREE RECEIVERS of Begum Bahar Diary of 1921-22 free on application. Two anna stamp for an excellent wall almanac with two fine pictures. Apply to BEGUM BAHAR OFFICE, Post Box 709, (B), Calcutta.
P

LOST & FOUND.

NOTICE—I have lost my certificate No. 441 of 1902 of 2nd Class Mechanical Engineer on the 14-4-21. If anybody will give it to me I shall be highly obliged. H. P. THELLI, W. W. I., Nasik Municipality.
PB C9382

FINANCIAL.

WANTED.—PARTNER with Rs. 40,000 to develop established business, having best agencies. Apply Box No. 3058, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
R R 237

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE:—

	Rs.
National Portable No. 3 with Case	125
Remington 7 2 Cols., Rs. 120, Oliver 3...	125
Empire 2, R 150, Sun, Back Spacer	150
Oliver 5, A erican Rebuilt, like new ...	190
Yost 20, La t, Brief, little used	250
Remington Visible, Rs. 210, 240 .....?	27.
Remington Brief, Rs. 225, 11, Policy.	29.
Remington Factory Rebuilt, Brief ...	22.
Underwood ew, used few days	325
Remington ew, used few days	375
L. C. Smith 250, American Rebuilt.	275
Oliver 9, An Rebuilt, Brief	275
Royal No. ble, 2 Cols., B. Spacer.	175

LLS & COMPANY,
Typewriter Experts,
Opp. Petit Institute,
Hornby Road, Bombay.

GLOBE'S RITER BARGAINS:—

	Rs.
Remington ief Size	220
Remington Size	110
Under wood st, Leather Case ...	220
Oliver No. ike New	200
Empire No. spacer	145
Empire No. e. Visible.....	100
L. C. Smith	195
Royal No.	125
7 Lbs. Fox case	165
Typewrite cked. Repairs to all Makes of T arms moderate.	

THE G WRITING CO.,
Church Gat Bombay

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENT.

FOR SALE—Red or blue checked glass toweling, superior quality 24" wide Re. 0-15-0 per yard. Hemmed towels 24" x 36" Rs. 11-12-0 per doz. THE COMMONWEALTH TRUST, LIMITED (Late Basel Mission Industrials) CALICUT.
T 9315

FOR SALE.—Glass cloths, Duster cloths, Kitchen towels with the respective names interwoven 24" x 24" hemmed ready for use. Reduced Price Rs. 8-8-0 per doz. THE COMMONWEALTH TRUST, LIMITED (Late Basel Mission Industrials) CALICUT.
T C9314

FOR SALE—Heavy and medium weight suiting a limited stock to clear at the uniform rate of Re. 1 per yard. Cuttings not sent. State colour and pattern required. THE COMMONWEALTH TRUST, LIMITED, (Late Basel Mission Industrials) CALICUT.
T C9318

FOR SALE—BED SHEETS, made of finest American cotton, bleached, hemmed and ready for use, 58" x 106" Rs. 15-4-0 per pair of, 72" wide Rs. 8-8-0 per yard, 100" wide Rs. 4-7-0 per yard. THE COMMONWEALTH TRUST, LIMITED, (Late Basel Mission Industrials), CALICUT.
T C 9316

FOR SALE—Our famous glass towelling, white soft, 24" wide Re. 0-12-0 per yard. Hemmed towels 24" x 36" Rs. 9-2-6 per doz. THE COMMONWEALTH TRUST, LIMITED (Late Basel Mission Industrials) CALICUT.
T C9317

FOR SALE—Finest damask table cloths, bleached ready for use 6½' x 6½' Rs. 10 each. All sizes available. Napkins to match 22" x 22" Rs. 10-12-0 per doz. THE COMMONWEALTH TRUST, LIMITED (Late Basel Mission Industrials) CALICUT.
T C9313

GENTS' SUITINGS for hot weather "Lusitania Tussor" Cloth specially manufactured for the Company. Piece for one suit complete (8 Yards) Rs. 10 only. Apply to the AGENTS, INDO-LUSITANIA RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT Co., Ltd., 110, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
T C9296

FOR SALE.—SCHOONER RIGGED YACHT, fitted with auxiliary motors of Torneycroft design. Principal dimensions 185 feet by 23 feet and draft 14 feet. Has lead keel weighing about 60 tons. Vessel fully equipped. Apply in first instance to view the vessel prior to purchase to Box No. 3053, Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."
T R220

FOR SALE—The Famous "Basel Mission" suitings, dress materials, ginghams, table, bed and toilet linen at heavily reduced prices. Wholesale trade inquiries solicited. Respectable and energetic Indenters required in unrepresented districts. Liberal terms offered. Apply to THE COMMONWEALTH TRUST, LIMITED (Late Basel Mission Industrials) Head Office, Calicut MALABAR.
T C9312

FOR SALE—GAMMETER MULTIGRAPH No. 4, prints innumerable typewrite copies, etc. Rebuilt Oliver No. 5 with B. & Tab Rs. 170. Slightly used Blick Portable with T. case Rs. 100. Secondhand Oliver Re 100, Brand New Fox Standard and Portable Typewriters. Eureka and Tagger Ribbons Carbons. Repairs a speciality. STANDARD TYPEWRITING CO., 259/261, Hornby Road opposite Messrs. COX & Co. Fort.
T

TENDERS, AUCTION SALE.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

ELPHINSTONE ESTATE IN VICINITY O THE DOCKS.

LEASE OF LAND BETWEEN THANA STREET AND MUSJID SIDING ROAD.

THE Trustees of the Port of Bombay invite SEALED TENDERS for taking up on lease the whole of their plot on the Elphinstone Estate between Thana Street and the Musjid Siding Road admeasuring 2200 quare yards.

A Lease will be granted to approved applicant for 50 years with option to renew on conditions for a further term expiring on 13th September, 2019, from 1st June, 1921, or at such other date when the land is available, which includes one year's free building time subject to the conditions in the Agreement for lease.

Only such buildings, consisting of GODOWNS on the ground floor and RESIDENCES OR OFFICES on the upper floors erected in accordance with Trustees design will be permitted.

Tenders will only be accepted on Forms to be obtained from the Manager, Land and Bunders and must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000, which will be returned if Tender is not accepted.

The Trustees do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any Tender.

All Tenders must be in sealed envelopes marked "Elphinstone Estate Plot" and be in the hands of the Manager, Land and Bunders by 12 noon (S.T.) on Thursday the 19th May 1921.

Plans and Elevations of Buildings may be inspected at the Manager's Office between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. where particulars and conditions may be obtained.

F H. TAYLOR, P.A.S.I., M.R.S.I.,
Manager,
Land and Bunders.

Bombay Port Trust Offices,
Prince's and Victoria Docks, Bombay.
TA C9175

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS for works in the erection of a new building at Thakordwar Road will be received by the undersigned up to 4 p.m. (S. T.) on the 16th instant.

Plans, conditions of contract, and specifications of works may be seen at the office of the undersigned between 2 and 5 pm. (S. T.) on any week day where copies of Form of Tender can also be obtained on payment of Rs. 2 per copy.

The owner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

SANJANA & MISTRY,
M.S.A. (Lon) L.C.E., etc.

No. 4, Cowasji Patell Street, Fort,
Bombay, 2nd May, 1921.
TA

PUBLIC NOTICE.

DIRECTORATE OF DEVELOPMENT.

THE OLD SAILORS HOME.
CARNAC ROAD, BOMBAY.

THE above site admeasuring 889 sq. yards (with the Building thereon) and with frontages of 131 feet to Carnac Road and 46 feet to Patakwadi Road.

To be Sold by Public Auction on the site on Friday, 20th May, 1921, at 4 p.m. punctually.

The site is exceptionally well placed close to the Small Causes Court and a short distance from Crawford Market and is eminently suited for the erection of shops and flats or offices.

Particulars and conditions of sale may be had upon application to

THE LAND MANAGER,
Directorate of Development,
Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay.
C 9017

FOR SALE.

BUILDING STONES such as Copry Khanki Bubble, Corner Stones, Metal Header, etc.

Also machine extracted "Sisal Hemp or Agave Fibre." For samples and rates apply to the AGENT, the Powai Estate, 50, Medows Street, Fort.

NOTICE

SHETH KARSANDAS GOPALDAS CHARITY TRUST FUND.

APPLICATIONS are invited by the undersigned not later than the 31st May, 1921, from poor and deserving high caste Hindu students studying in Bombay and desiring to have scholarship from the above fund.

Applications should contain full particulars as regards studies, etc.

ROOGNATHDAS GOPALDAS,
for Self and other Trustees.
11, Hummum Street, Fort,
Bombay, 1st May, 1921.
R171

THE NATIVE SHARE & STOCK BROKERS' ASSOCIATION.

MEMBERSHIP CARDS of the above Association are offered for sale by the Defaulter Committee of the said Association. Intending purchasers should send in their written offers to the undersigned.

A. H. MADAN,
Hon. Secretary and Treasurer.
Dalal Street, Fort.
C9323

50,000 HIGH CLASS COTTON BLANKETS

READY FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY.

Size 48in. by 72in., Rs. 2-4-0 each.
Size 48in. by 96in., Rs. 2-12-0 each.

IN KHAKI, FAWN, Grey and Red Colours If required in white eight annas less. Delivered to any part of India by Post. These Blankets are now being used in India, Africa, Arabia, Mesopotamia by European as well as Indians of all classes and creeds and continue to give universal satisfaction. Over 10,00,000 Blankets sold in the year 1920.

Inquiries from Trade are invited, Apply:—
HARJIVAN VALJI,
17, Champagalli,
Near Mulji Jetha Market,
Bombay No 2.

THE JAMSHED MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-SEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of The Jamshed Manufacturing Co., Ltd., will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Motilal Mansion, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY, 6th June, 1921, at 3 p.m. (Standard Time), to transact the following business:—

1st. To receive the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts made upto the 31st December, 1920.

2nd. To declare a dividend on Preference Shares.

3rd To declare a dividend on Ordinary Shares.

4th. To confirm the appointment of Messrs. T. V. Baddeley and F. E. Dinshaw as Directors of the Company.

5th. To elect a Director for the ensuing year in the place of the one who retires.

6th. To elect Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

And to transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the meeting.

By Order of the Board,
HORMUSJEE ARDESHIR & SON,
Agents.

Bombay, 15th April, 1921.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, 16th May, to Monday, 6th June, 1921, both days inclusive.

H. A. & SON,

N.B.—The Dividend when declared will be made payable at the Registered Office of the Company, on and after Wednesday, the 22nd June, 1921, to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on the 16th May [illegible] between 11-30 a.m. and 4 p.m. on [illegible] and 11-30 a.m. and 1 p.m. on [illegible]

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE.

THE PIONEER CLAY AND INDUSTRIAL WORKS LTD. KHANAPUR.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the STATUTORY MEETING of the Pioneer Clay and Industrial Works, Ltd., will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, at Khanapur, District Belgaum on SUNDAY, the 22nd May, 1921, to receive and adopt the Statutory Report and other business in that connection.

By Order of the Board,
M. S. NADKARNI & CO.,
Managing Agents.
Khanapur, 12-5-1921.
R 232

NOTICE.

The Shareholders of
The Kilachand Mills, Ltd.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the Shareholders, who have failed to pay their allotment money or the First and Second Calls in spite of the notices sent to them, that if they fail to pay up all dues with interest on or before the 31st May, 1921, their shares will be forfeited.

By order of the Board of Directors.
KILACHAND DEVCHAND & Co.
Agents.
C 9366

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE COORLA SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.

LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Offices of the above Companies will be REMOVED from No. 23, Church Gate Street to Readymoney Building, Apollo Pier Road, from Monday the 16th May, 1921.

COWASJEE JEHANGIR & CO., LTD.
Secretaries Treasurers & Agents,
The Coorla Spinning & Weaving Co., Ltd.
Sir Cowasjee Jehangir & Co.,
Chief Agents,
Lancashire Insurance Co.
C 9376

THE ZANDU PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SECOND ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at Zandu Bhat's Dispensary, Old Mahajan Vady, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay, on the 28th day of May 1921, at 5 p.m. (S. T.) for the transaction of the following business:—

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for period ended 31st March 1921.
2. To elect Directors in place of the retiring Directors Mr. Motilal Vallabhji and Mr. Narandas Pursotam who are eligible for re-election.
3. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 14th May, to the 20th May, 1921 both days inclusive.

By order of the Board of Directors,
JUGATRAM & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents.
Bombay, 5th May, 1921.
C 9383

NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ENEMY TRADING ACT, 1916.

Re: BADEN MARINE INSURANCE CO. LTD.
GERMAN INSURANCE CO. LTD.
GENERAL INSURANCE CO.
GERMAN RE AND CO. INSURANCE CO.
TRANS-ATLANTIC MARINE INSURANCE CO.
LLOYD OF COLOGNE INSURANCE CO.
GENERAL MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF DRESDEN.
ASSECURANZ UNION VON 1865 (HAMBURG).
HAMBURG ASSURANCE CO. LTD.
PRUSSIAN NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.
(In Liquidation).

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the above Companies are in Liquidation and that the Liquidation proceedings have now been taken up by the undersigned on behalf of THE LIQUIDATOR OF HOSTILE FIRMS, BOMBAY.

The Creditors of the above Companies who have not already submitted their claims to the Custodian of Enemy Property, Bombay, are required on or before the 15th of June, 1921 to send in their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims and the names and addresses of their attorneys, if any to the undersigned at 113, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and if so required by Notice in writing by the undersigned or in person or by their attorneys to attend and prove their said debts or claims at such time as shall be notified in such Notice or in default thereof, such debts or claims will be excluded from the Liquidation.

Creditors who have already submitted their claims to the Custodian of Enemy Property, Bombay, are hereby required to communicate direct with the undersigned and to submit to them proofs of their debts or claims, if so required by writing by the undersigned and they shall attend in person to prove their debts or claims in the manner aforesaid.

The attention of all persons, having claims against the said Companies, is invited to Clauses 14 to 23 and 25 to 26 of the Enemy Trading (Winding up) Order, 1916, which was published under Notification No. 6200—IV—11 dated the 22nd July 1916, of the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry at pages 998-1000 of Part I of the Gazette of India of the same date and republished under the Bombay Government Notification No. 7357 dated 26th July 1916, at pages 1644 et Seq., of the Bombay Government Gazette, Part I, dated 3rd August 1916.

11, Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

For and on behalf of the
Liquidator of the Hostile Firms, Bombay.
S. B. BILLIMORIA AND COMPANY.
Public Accountants and Auditors.
Bombay, 14th May, 1921.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

NOTICE.

K. C. R. MENON, of Bombay, is not the Agent of The South Indian Knitting Factory, Shenapet Salem. He is not entitled to take or receive any order or money as such agent. If anybody enters into any contract with him as such Agent, our Factory is not responsible for the same.

K. RAMASAMY CHETTY,
B. SUBRAMANI CHETTY,
Proprietors,
Shenapet Salem.

14-4-21. R233

LEGAL NOTICE.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in pursuance of the consent order dated the 7th day of April, 1921, made in Suit No. 1377 of 1921, filed by Mr. ISMAIL CURRIM against our client Mr. REHEMAT ALLI GULMAHOMED inter alia for dissolution of partnership firm carried on in the name of E. R. Cheap Jack and Co., tailors and outfitters at Hornby Road our client has became the sole owner of the said firm of E. R. Cheap Jack and Co., and of its Goodwill assets and outstandings and the said Ismail Karim has now nothing whatsoever to do with the said firm. The public is hereby warned not to deal with the said Ismail Currim in respect of and in the name of the said firm of E. R. Cheap Jack and Co. If inspite of this any one so deals with him he will do so at his own risk.

Dated this 12th day of May, 1921.

THAKORDAS NANABHAI MERCHANT.

For Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, Attorneys for Mr. Rehemat Alli Gulmahomed, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

C 9370

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of BHIMABAI, daughter of Canoba alias Canhoba Krishnaji Gholap and widow of Laxman Dighe of Bombay Hindu inhabitant .....Deceased.

BHIKAJI GENOOJI GHADGE, of Bombay Hindu inhabitant, residing at Kolwada, Mandvi, outside the Fort of Bombay, the Executor named in the Will of the said deceased .....Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this twenty-first day of April in the year of our Lord One thousand Nine hundred and Twenty-one and in the Eleventh year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Acting Registrar.

(Sd.) E. J. DAVAR.

The 22nd day of April, 1921.

Messrs. SHROFF & VACHHA,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
C 9381

SALES BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS.
20, APOLLO STREET FORT.
Telephone No. 3403.

AUCTION SALE OF 216 BALES JAPANESE COTTON YARN.

On MONDAY, the 16th day of May, 1921, at 1-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction near the Hanooman Temple on Tambakanta Fydhoni by order of the Office concerned and on account and at the risk of Bhanupratap Kooberdas Esq.

216 Bales each 400 lbs. Japanese Cotton Yarn as under:—

15 Bales 2/42 Bleached mercerised Ex. S.S. Siam Maru.
5 Bales 2/42 Bleached mercerised Ex. S.S. Tain Maru.
11 Bales 2/42 Bleached mercerised Ex. S.S. Indus Maru.
100 Bales 20's Grey Ex. S.S. Saigon Maru.
60 Bales 40's Grey Ex. S.S. Indus Maru.
7 Bales 40s Grey Ex. E.S. Saigon Maru.
18 Bales 2/42 Bleached mercerised Ex. S.S. Saigon Maru.

Terms:—Deposit 25 per cent and delivery within 8 days.

AUCTION SALE OF 106 PACKAGES ENGLISH COTTON YARN.

On TUESDAY, the 17th day of May 1921 at 1-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction near the Hanooman Temple on Tambakanta Fydhoni by order of the Office concerned and on account and at the risk of Bhanupratab Kooberdas Esq.

106 Packages in which 93 bales each 300 lbs. and 13 cases each 100 warp English Cotton Yarn as under:—

2 Bales 2/30 Grey Ex. S. S. Mesopotamia.
10 Bales 2/30 Grey Ex. S.S. Olympia.
6 Bales 2/30 Grey Ex. S.S. C/Machintyre.
5 Bales 2/30 Grey Ex. S.S. Patracia.
4 Bales 315s. Water Ex. S.S. Patracia.
5 Bales 325s. Water Ex. S.S. Patracia.
3 Bales 31's. Water Ex. S.S. Patracia.
4 Bales 2/40 Grey Ex. S.S. Kurmark.
4 Bales 31's. Water Ex. S.S. Kurmark.
11 Bales 32's. Water Ex. S.S. C/Maciness.
1 Bale 2/40 Grey Ex. S.S. C/Maciness.
5 Bales 2/40 Grey Ex. S.S. C/Maciness.
7 Bales 2/40 Grey Ex. S.S. C/Durham.
6 Bales 2/40 Grey Ex. S.S. B/Fairlie.
1 Bale 2/40 Grey Ex. S.S. B/Fairlie.
4 Bales 2/40 Grey Ex. S.S. C/London.
10 Bales 2/40 Grey Ex. S.S. Northsands.
2 Bales 2/40 Grey Ex. S.S. Sultania.
3 Bales 230 Grey Ex. S.S. C/Murseles.
2 Bales 2/80 Grey Ex. S.S. Lowlands.
3 Cases 2/80 Bleached Ex. S.S. Lowlands.
3 Cases 2/80 Bleached Ex. S.S. C/Baroda.
3 Cases 2/80 Grey Ex. S.S. C/Baroda.
1 Case 2/100 Grey Ex. S.S. C/Baroda.
1 Case 2/80 Grey Ex. S.S. Bassano.

Terms:—Deposit 25 per cent and delivery within 8 days.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 14th May, 1921.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MESSRS. MEHTA & CO.

On Government and G. I. P. Railway Lists

AUCTION SALE OF GOVERNMENT CLOTHING.

On THURSDAY, the 19th instant, at 10 a.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co. will sell by Public Auction at the Surplus Textiles Sales Stock Depot, at Colaba (the premises of the old Army Clothing factory), by order of the Assistant Controller, Surplus Textiles, sales of the Indian Munitions Board, a very large lot of Government Clothing consisting of mosquito netting, khaki drill, socks, puttoo cloth, pugri cloth and certain other clothing and materials.

The above goods can be seen at the place of Auction.

Cash will be required at the time of sale and the goods to be removed at the same time.

AUCTION SALE THIS DAY SATURDAY 14TH MAY AT 2-30 P. M. (S.T.).

AUCTION SALE of a consignment of about 300 cases Bohemian, enamelled ware.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 14th inst. at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. MEHTA and Co., will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms at 2, Medows Street, Fort, a large consignment of about 300 cases real Bohemian enamelled ware just landed from Europe, containing pots, stewpans, bowls, plates, basins, curry dishes, chambers, soup dishes, coffee boilers, dust pans, washups workman pots, covers, polish cases, deep round dishes, milk cans, funnels, baking pans, Fridatte pans, drippling pots, milk carriers, egg pouchers, pie cullenders, buckets, straight buckets, soup ladles, skimmers, curry cullenders, frying pans etc., etc., in lots convenient to buyers.

P.S.—The above goods are very heavy and highly enamelled and sent in as a trial consignment.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY HIGH CLASS FURNITURE AT THE BUNGALOW NO. 20, QUEEN'S ROAD.

On TUESDAY, the 17th May at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. MEHTA & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Bungalow No. 20, Queen's Road, the very valuable handsome and latest artistic designed highly polished household and office furniture by Messrs. John Roberts, Devji Canji and other well-known makers, consisting of sliding dining tables, rich polished dining chairs, Queen Anne and Louis pattern sideboards, dinner waggons, dumbwaiters, fan and moon pattern spring cushioned drawing room complete suite of sofas and chairs, artistic hall cabinets, Milner's safes, revolving roll top office tables, Indian hand-carved tables and teapoys, full compass solid mahogany iron framed semi-grand cottage piano, rich Persian carpets, Chesterfield sofas and chairs, historic and Oleograph pictures, bedroom double and single almirahs, cloth and gown presses, dressing chests of drawers, marble top dressing and washing tables, iron and wooden double and single beds, rich plated-ware, English glassware and crockeryware, etc., etc., the property of Col. Anderson, A.D.M.S., Bombay District.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED GOODS SWEEPINGS AT WADI BUNDER GOODS DEPOT G. I. P. RAILWAY.

Under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway Co., and in accordance with sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railway Act No. IX of 1890 Messrs. Mehta and Co. will sell by Public Auction on Monday the 30th and TUESDAY the 31st instant both days at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the above address the following unclaimed goods and sweepings consisting of bags of rice, bags of wheat, bags of jawar, bags of bajree, bags of turmeric, bags of dall, bags of hirda, bags of linseed, bags of tilly, bags of oond, bags of moth, belles of forms, belles of jogree, begs of sugar, bags of betal nuts, bales of C. P. Goods, bales of twist, bales of F. P. cotton, bales of gunnies, cases of soops, cases of camphor, cases, of tea, cases of luggage, cases of Lassings, crate of wooden bandles, bales of iron bars, bales of clothing, bales of brassware, bales of bagging etc., etc.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale and in special lots if the Auctioneers demand, full amount shall have to be paid and the goods to be removed within 10 days from the day of sale otherwise whahfage will be charged at one anno, per maund per day.

MEHTA & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 14th May, 1921.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEER.
Telephone No. [illegible]

AUCTION SALE OF 95 CWTS. OF RIVETTS

On TUESDAY, the 17th instant Messrs. GANDHI & Co., Auctioneers will sell by public Auction at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at Belasis Road, near the shop of Cama Sodawaterwalla in the godown of Seth Sarafali Mamujee, by the order of the Mortgagee Seth Samsudin Muhumadally Mumujee ond on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Mr. Abdulhussain Usmanalli Jivabhai Thanawalla.

About 95 cwts. Rivetts, size 1in., 1¼in., and 1¼in.

GANDHI & Co.
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 14th May, 1921.

INSURANCE.

HINDUSTAN CO-OPERATIVE INSURANCE SOCIETY LTD.

CALCUTTA.

Second Quinquennium Valuation Report recommends a Bonus of ¼ per cent. on the sum assured for each complete year of assurance on Policies in the Ordinary Assurance Fund which become claims during the Quinquennium ending 30th April, 1922, after making a Special Reserve of Rupees One Lac.

Premium Reserve Fund exceeds Rs. 42,00,000.

The only Indian Life Office managed on sound democratic lines.

Prospectus and forms of Assurance can be sent on application to Head Office, or any Branch or Chief Agency Office in India.

S. R. KHOPKAR,
Manager,
Bombay Branch,
40, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:
7, Church Lane, CALCUTTA.

This purely Indian Company was the first to deposit Rupees Two Lakhs, in one instalment, with the Controller-General for the special security of the Policy-holders.

Sound Security, Lowest rates of Premium in India—Liberal Policy terms.

"It ranks as one of the soundest Insurance Companies on the East side of India."

For all forms of Assurance please apply to

P. BANERJEA,
Secretary

RAE & CO.,
Managing Agents,
or
BHURANDHAR BROTHERS
Chief Agents,
Bombay Presidency,
12, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

BOMBAY'S MOST CENTRAL THEATRE

HOME OF CELEBRITIES
Every day at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ENTIRE CHANGE OF PROGRAMME
GRAND NEW PICTURE BILL
A Splendid 5-reel Photo-play

'MISS INNOCENCE'

A Study in Heredity explaining how good breading can overcome even the evil nature of heredity. The girl with all the evil tendencies of the mother, but having received the good training of a Convent School turns out a good woman and enjoys happiness in life.

Also a 2 reel Comic :—
"THIS WAY OUT."
EXCELLENT PLOTS!
FINE SCENERIES!!
SPLENDID ACTING!!!
A DELIGHTFUL ENTERTAINMENT
Prices — e [illegible] Re. 1, Annas 8 [illegible] seats in Side Boxes Rs. 2.) (Dress Circle Boxes Rs. 5 each.)

THE EXCELSIOR

TO-NIGHT at 9-30 p.m.

Edgar Warwick Comedy Company

In a repertoire of London Comedy and Dramatic Successes

To-night Saturday at 9-30 p.m.
The Roaring Farcical Comedy
"ELIZA COMES TO STAY."

To-morrow Sunday at 5-30 p.m.
REDUCED PRICE MATINEE
"BROWN SUGAR"

Booking at Rose & Co. upto 1 p. m. after 4 p. m. at the Theatre.

SECOND WEEK!

Messrs K. D. and Brothers present to-Night and This Week, the second Week's Instalment of their two Powerful serials together!

"The Broken Coin!"

Furthor 6 parts—Episodes 4-5 and—(6000 feet) featuring the favourite Stars

GRACE CUNARD AND FRANCIS FORD

Messrs. K. D. and Brothers will also present the Second Week's Instalment of

"The Death Mask"

Further 4 parts—Episodes 3 and 4—(5,000 feet)

Five Shows To-day and To-morrow at; 3-30 5-30, 7; 8-45 and 10-30 p.m. (S.T.)

Globe Cinema
(SANDHURST ROAD.)

IMPERIAL

The Premiere Picture Palace of Bombay.
LAMINGTON ROAD
To-Night.
THE GRAND FINAL
OF
Ruth of the Rockies
Episode 13, 14 & 15

PATHE GAZETTE
NEXT WEEK
R UGES & ROMANCE
WITH
George B Seitz June Caprice
AND
Marguerite Curtot
TIME
7 8-45 & 10-30 p.m. Daily
Matinee on Saturday & Bank Holidays at 5 p.m. & Sunday at 3-30 & 5-15 p.m.
POPULAR PRICES
ALWAYS A GOOD SHOW

AMUSEMENTS.

THE
EXCELSIOR
TO-DAY at 6-30 p. m.
TO-MORROW at 9-45 p. m.
THOS. H. INCE'S
NEWEST and GREATEST
SPECTACLE
The Zeppelin's Last Raid"
WRITTEN BY C. G. SULLIVAN
DIRECTED BY I. V. WILLIAM
Around the Town
"Terrible Twins'
COMIC.

HE EMPIRE
TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW
at 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.
Charlie Chaplin
in
"The Jazz Waiter"
Another amazing knockout from the world's leading comedian. One big roar from start to finish, It's business is new. Its gags are new. It's another 'TH CURE.' You know how good that was.

Great Boxing Boom
Jimmy Wilde
Vs.
Pete Herman
in a
20 3-Minute Round Contest
for the
BANTAM WEIGHT
CHAMPIONSHIP OF THE WORLD.
WILDE is the wonder of the pugilistic record. No other boxer in all the annals of the boxing ring has won such extraordinary fame.
PETE HERMAN has been steadily climbing the ladder. A series of his successes including Victories over Frankie Brown, the Bantam star of the Eastern States brought Herman into line with Kid Williams.
PATHE GAZETTE
PATHE SUNBEAMS
PATHE PICTORIAL
"OUR GIRLS."
and Their Physiques
Series No. 7

THE EMPRESS
TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW
3, 4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.
A Beautiful Picturesque Story of Love hate and Sacrifice.
"Snows of Destiny"
featuring
MARY JOHNSON
MARY JOHNSON, the beautiful young Swedish actress plays a strikingly powerful role in "SNOWS OF DESTINY." Her lovely wistful eyes and daintly garbed girlish figure make eloquent and dramatic appeal to the sympathies.
GAUMONT GRAPHIC
"MASHED AND SMASHER"

Ker-nak PILLS
The wonderful natural medicine that keeps the liver and digestive organs healthy and active in Eastern climates. Soothing and purifying like Nature's medicinal fruits, Ker-nak Pills strengthen, tone-up and benefit the system in every way. They supersede the old "liver pills" and mineral purgatives with their weakening after-effects. The demand for Ker-nak proves that it is already
INDIA'S FAVOURITE MEDICINE
One Rupee all medicine vendors, or Ker-nak Remedy Ltd., 9, Dalhousie Sq., Calcutta.
I.K. 26

QUALITY SUPREME
Adorina Watches
THE "HERMADO" CHRONOMETRIC PRECISION
Sterl. Silver case from ..... Rs. 45
18 ct. gold case from ..... Rs. 160
18 ct. gold case from ..... Rs. 170
ADORINA WATCH CO. LTD.
Kings Bldg. BOMBAY.

RIDE A B·S·A BICYCLE
The B.S.A. Trade Mark is a Guarantee of Quality and Satisfaction.
Start well with a B.S.A.
The comfort and elegant design of B.S.A. Bicycles make them essentially machines suitable for lady cyclists. Ease of control and the absence of trouble give a feeling of absolute security, while the economy of a B.S.A. bicycle is apparent from the first week of possession. There is a full range of models to suit all riders and for reliability, comfort and long service they are world-famous.
All genuine B.S.A. Parts are guaranteed interchangeable and replacements can be easily obtained at the nearest B.S.A. Agent.
Write for Illustrated : : List post free : :

Addison & Co. Ltd., Mount Road Madras
The Bharat Commercial Co. Ltd., Rawal Pindi
S. Bass & Co. Ltd. Calcutta
The Dilkusha Cycle & Motor Agency, Lucknow
The Elphinstone Co. Mount Road, Madras
The Maharaja Cycle Works Lahore
The Wellington Cycle & Motor Co., Bombay
The Popular Cycle & Motor Co. Agra
Pearey Lall & Sons Ltd. Delhi
The Royal Pioneer Cycle Co. Meerut
Central India Machine Co. Jubbulpore
Roshanlal Nowalrai Quetta
North India Motor & Cycle Agency Bareilly
The Provincial Cycle & Motor Co. Meerut
Moona Lall & Sons Cawnpore
Md. Ekram Khad Benares
Importers: Sen & Pandit Calcutta

Use Ven-Yusa Daily
And Watch Your Beauty Grow.
The regular use of Ven-Yusa, the famous oxygen face cream, will make a surprising improvement in your complexion. You simply massage this fragrant cream into your skin, and beauty and charm result.
Ven-Yusa is at once the most refined and most ingenious preparation ever invented for the human skin. Never be without a jar of this non-greasy Ven-Yusa, so as to defy the ravages of time and weather.
VEN-YUSA
THE ONLY OXYGEN FACE CREAM.
Sold by Chemists, Bazaars, Perfumers, &c., at R.1 per jar, or by Post from The Ven-Yusa Co., 9, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta; Messrs. Kemp & Co., Bombay; E. Brooke & Co., Karachi; or The Colombo Apothecaries' Co., Colombo.

DIABETES

World Renowned.

RADICAL AND SURE CURE.

To

Messrs. K. P. RAY and J. P. RAY BROS,
5, Benares City.

DEAR SIRS,

The specific gravity of my urine, when tested 3 days ago, was 1015 and there was no sugar whatever. I do not feel weak at all. I feel more energetic than before. I have recommended your medicine to several of my friends.

Thanking you for your able treatment.

Yours Sincerely,
A. APPADU PANTULU,
Dewan of Kurupam,
Vizagapatam District.

NOTE.—Testimonials are sent free, FULL amount is to be refunded if radical cure is not effected. This is the best time for taking the specific.
(5)

B·S·A
COASTER HUB

CYCLING PLEASURE

is enhanced by the confidence of complete control given by a B.S.A. Coaster Hub. The B.S.A. Hub embodies a certain and powerful brake, with an easy running Freewheel.

Ask your local Cycle Agent for particulars.

B.S.A. CYCLES LIMITED,
Proprietors: The Birmingham Small Arms Company Limited.
BIRMINGHAM - ENGLAND.





THE REMEDY FOR
INDIGESTION

Mother Seigel's Syrup is excellent for digestive disorders because it assists the organs of digestion to do their work naturally and efficiently. In nine cases out of ten, it is because your stomach, liver and bowels are unable to perform their work efficiently that you suffer the penalties of indigestion—pains after eating, flatulence, acidity, biliousness and constipation. Mother Seigel's Syrup, taken daily after meals, regulates and strengthens these organs, and thus ensures good digestion, which is the foundation of good health. The Syrup is sold also in Tablet form.

MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP

INVALUABLE for your HEALTH'S SAKE.

WILKINSON'S

Essence or Fluid Extract of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most WONDERFUL BLOOD PURIFIER of the HUMAN RACE

The SAFEST and most RELIABLE Remedy for

TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, LASSITUDE, &c.

HAS OVER 75 YEARS' WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION.

THE MESOPOTAMIAN POLICY

SIR ARNOLD WILSON'S PART.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have been reading with considerable interest the various accounts from time to time published in your well-known paper about Sir Arnold Wilson and the important role alleged to have been played by him in Mesopotamia as a Political Officer and lastly as the Civil Commissioner of that place. The last one of such accounts was the reproduction in your columns, a few days ago, of the criticism by the London "Times" about his early retirement from the Indian Political Service. When I read these accounts, I was all the while wondering as to who this Sir Arnold Wilson could be, but later on when I ascertained that he was none other than Captain Wilson who was in 1917 the Deputy Chief Political Officer, my surprise knew no bounds. As a person having contributed my humble quota to the war service in a trying country like Mesopotamia at the critical period of the last great war when Germany was in the zenith of her power and had overrun almost all places and when Russia too was about to strike a separate peace with her, and as a person having thus acquired some experience on the spot, I hope you will extend me the favour of your columns for the publication of the following views which, I hope, will interest many of your readers.

A typical passage from the London "Times" aforesaid criticism which arrests the eye is that Sir Arnold Wilson was for a long period the principal local adviser of the Home Government and that his counsel carried great weight with the Eastern Committee and that he had a great share in shaping the policy which led to the *erroneous conclusion that some sort of a permanent occupation of Mesopotamia was necessary.* Now no man claiming even the least knowledge of the Mesopotamian affairs will subscribe to the view of the "Times" that Sir Arnold was for a long period the principal local adviser, having regard to the fact that Sir Percy Cox held that eminent appointment as Chief Political Officer of that country, and it is a patent fact that Sir (than Captain) Arnold was merely a Deputy Chief Political Officer, and that, too, in Basra only, with a salary of Rs. 1,000 or thereabouts. He was not even an Assistant Political Officer. It is also a patent fact that there were many abler and superior officers in Mesopotamia than Captain Wilson, notably no less an individual than Lieut.-Col. Stuart George Knox, I.A., C.I.E., who was then the Senior Judicial Officer in Basrah with a salary of Rs. 3,000. Col. Knox was a senior member of the Indian Political Department. As a matter of fact, he was in rank and status almost an equal to Sir Percy Cox in that he had officiated as Consul-General for Persia in place of Sir Percy himself. He is an experienced Barrister-at-Law and had done signal services to Government by his wide and varied activities in the Persian Gulf ever since 1904. Besides possessing a towering personality, he is a very shrewd and astute Political Officer, a very able jurist and a statesman of commanding intellect and erudition. He is a true Britisher in the real sense of that word, and comes of a very high and respectable family. What endears him to all is his amiability of disposition and his profound sympathy both for the Indians and the Arabs. His command over the Arabic languages was the envy of all and evoked highest admiration and marvel even from those Arabs who were well-versed in their own mother tongue. Besides he was a very able and hardworking officer. It is wholly inconceivable why such a brilliant officer having at his back a very fine and splendid record of public service should have been thrown into the background and allowed to be superseded by a comparatively inferior officer of the position of Captain Wilson. Many are of opinion that if Col. Knox had been placed at the helm of affairs in Mesopotamia instead of Sir Arnold, he would have avoided many of the pitfalls committed by the latter, and the Government would not have experienced the reverses it actually did, and the great rebellion in the country would not have reared its head at all. It is clear from the "Times" aforesaid criticism that our grasping policy in the country of which Sir Arnold was an exponent, and that too, in the face of the solemn promise given in the name of our King-Emperor and in the sight of God to create an Arab State for the Arabs was wholly responsible for the great rebellion which took a heavy toll of life both British and Indian.

Another important reason for our failure in Mesopotamia was that the country was inundated with arrogant and supercilious officers from the Indian bureaucracy who did not pay even the slightest regard for the people of the soil, and what is more, that they continued towards Indians also in Mesopotamia the same racial differential treatment as has characterised them in South Africa, Colonies and even in India. This set the shrewd Arabs athinking and they at once came to the conclusion that a nation which turned the richest country in the world into the poorest and which gives even in a foreign country and under the very eyes of the foreigners a very inhuman treatment even to their own people—what matter if by an accident of birth they happened to be Indians and not Europeans—cannot be trusted and cannot be expected to be as good as their word. In short, the thinking population of the country grew highly suspicious about the British policy. In this connection, I cannot resist the temptation of giving an actual incident that passed under my eyes. It is this that a young and not very experienced civilian from India was then very lately transferred to Basra and within a few months of his taking charge of his appointment, he submitted a very long and rigmarole document containing his views about the future administration of the country. This document he had to submit through his senior officer who was no other than the said Colonel. This document, from start to finish, contained nothing but a virulent attack and invective against the entire lawyer class in India whom he abused in unmeasured terms which showed that he had an inborn hatred against that class, and suggested that under no circumstance Indians should be allowed to emigrate and given full and equal opportunity with the members of the ruling race. On reading this document Col. Knox was evidently annoyed because he at once wrote an equally long and masterly counter-document in which, while disagreeing with the views of his brother officer, he eulogised the Indian lawyer class and prophesied that if the latter's suggestions were adopted, it would simply spell disaster for the British Empire. Who will deny that the Colonel's prophecy has come to be true?

I am here reminded of a very singular instance of nobility of mind on the part of the Colonel. A bill for a somewhat large amount was once submitted for payment from the Government Treasury. Col. Knox was honestly of opinion that the Government were not liable to pay the same under the Civil Service Regulations. He, however, sent the matter to proper quarters for legal advice with an expression of his own views. He was, however, advised that the Government were bound to pay and it was added that if the Colonel wanted to resist the claim the claimant might be referred to a civil suit in which case the claim would be resisted on the grounds mentioned by the Colonel. Had there been any other man in his place he would have yielded to this suggestion and harrassed the claimant, but the Colonel did nothing of the kind. He promptly remitted a cheque for the whole amount *not from Government coffers, but from his own pocket.* As the Colonel honestly believed that Government were not liable he did not wish to unnecessarily saddle Government with the payment of the Bill, but promptly appeased the claimant with his own generosity. This is a typical illustration which proves to demonstration the Colonel's consciousness of his responsibility and high sense of public duty. If only our present Indian Administrators were to take a leaf from the books of this high-souled Colonel they would doubtless take away much of the wind from the sail of the present unrest in India.

I perfectly agree with the "Times" that Parliament should make a full and free statement about this matter which it rightly describes as an "unusual episode." I may add that a full statement is also necessary and should be called for, as to why such an able officer as the Colonel was superseded.

In conclusion, I should like to add that your frequent comments about our policy in the Middle East were masterly and impressive and deserved special attention from the quarters for which they were intended. It is superfluous to add that by these comments you have rendered signal services to our country. I therefore trust that you will join with the London "Times" in calling for the aforesaid full statement not only from Parliament, but also from the Indian Government especially in regard to the manifest injustice done to Col. Knox. So far as I can judge, his supersession is due to the fact that he held nobler intentions and did not sail in the same boat in which Sir Arnold [illegible] and Co. sailed.—Yours, etc.,

N. C. BHESANIA.

INDIA AND IMPERIAL PREFERENCE.

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Sj. Nihal Singh, in the course of an article in the "Hindu" of Madras, discusses why Imperial Preference will not pay India. He states that much pressure is being exerted to make India adopt Imperial Preference whether it will be for her advantage or not and expresses surprise at the conclusion arrived at and fathered by such eminent Indians like Sir D. E. Wacha, Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy, Sir G. M. Chitnavis and the Hon. Mr. B. N. Sarma, who were the Indian members on the Committee on the Subject of Imperial Preference, 1920, that "India is neither likely to gain or to loose appreciably on the balance by the adoption of moderate preference on import duties." Though at the time of the publication of the report there was the usual noise, sufficient prominence does not seem to have been given to this question by the Indian public and press and if a strong and continuous agitation is not kept up, it is most likely that India will be committed to a policy which is highly detrimental to her interests. Our Central Legislature, as it is at present constituted, will give its consent to any measure if the Government member throws out half a dozen sweet words and makes a spirited appeal for "cooperation." If the last session of the numerous Legislative Councils in India has shown anything it is this. Therefore, there is every probability of a measure of preference being rushed through the Council to any moment. It is not my intention, in the course of the present letter, to examine the heavy financial and economic losses India will be subjected to by the adoption of any measure of preference either "moderate" or extreme. I only wish to emphasise the burden on the consumers consequent upon the absence of competition in the Indian market among foreign traders, which will be the immediate result of Preference. Further, as St. Nihal Singh has rightly pointed out, the grant of even a "moderate" preference upon imports from the Empire will mean that such goods as are bought by India from foreign countries would be that much dearer and as a result the consumer should suffer to that extent. The Indian members on the Imperial Preference Committee of 1920 referred to above have either failed to take into consideration these vital points or have been entirely under the influence of the European members who, when reporting on Indian fiscal questions, have before them the interests of their Motherland before them rather than those of India.

As a matter of fact, those who are anxious to see preference extended to India are haunted by the American and Japanese trade figures for the last few years. These countries have to a very great extent driven away Britain from the Indian market in some important respects and it is by preference alone that Britain can hope to secure her lost position. From the British standpoint the suggestion is well and good; but India would like to be told in what way it will benefit *her.* I believe that the subject will come up for discussion at the forthcoming Imperial Conference. It will be a pity if the Indian "representative", the Hon. Mr. Sastri, echoes the conclusions arrived at by his Moderate friends on the Imperial Preference Committee. We shall wait and see.—Yours, etc.,

V. MADHAVAN NAIR.

Dadar, May 7.



For Twenty-Three Years It Has Set The Pace.

Oldsmobile EIGHT

EVERY day of continued use adds to the Oldsmobile "8" owner's appreciation of his car. Scarcely ever does he get behind the wheel but some admirable characteristic is emphasized by an unusual bit of performance or display of power. Every long trip increases his respect for the car's stamina and never failing *pep.* The very obvious enjoyment of his passengers confirms his own good opinion of its riding qualities. And always he has the satisfaction of knowing that the distinguished appearance of this Oldsmobile more than justifies his pride.

The Pacemaker is an extremely graceful four-passenger sportster. The Thorobred is a very roomy seven-passenger touring car. Both are built on the famous Oldsmobile "Eight" chassis.

SOLE AGENTS:

Messrs. Hormasji Sorabji & Sons,

4, NEW QUEEN'S ROAD, BOMBAY.

Telephone No. 1560.

IF YOU VALUE HEALTH

Guard Yourself Against

MOSQUITOES AND MALARIA

This you can do if you have

ALOZONE

which keep away Mosquitoes from you. ALOZONE has the Healthful Order of Pine. It can be applied by rubbing a few drops over hands, face, clothings, stockingg, etc, or by sprinkling it around, near your bed. window, etc.

Price Re 1-8-0 per bottle.

Do You Realize the Danger of Drinking Impure Water? if so

USE THE WONDERFUL AMERICAN

POCKET FILTER

will save you from all risks.

NOW USED BY MILLIONS IN AMERICA

Made of pure metal, suitable for all, can be carried in pocket.

just dip the Filter in your glass, and draw water from the other end.

Price Rs. 4-4-0 only.

It will last a life time.

Sole Agent:—

B. P. MADON,

HEALTH CULTURE DEPOT,
22 Carnac Road, next to Small Causes Court.

At all times the desire is to go steadily along the

"ROAD of PROGRESS,"

We have warred against "COMPETITION" and have killed Prejudice. Thereby showing we are a power in the Musical Market.

The stiffer the struggle we cry "EXCELSIOR"

Real judges are everyday finding us to be dependable and serviceable for "HARMONIUMS" and all CLASSES OF MUSICAL GOODS.

Address:—

B. K. MUNDUL.
"Musical Specialist." of Messrs.
MUNDUL & Co.,
69, Amherst Row, CALCUTTA.



"By G. K. Bhatre."

"TO THE TEMPLE"

The Premier Sculpture Institute of India.

For memorial and Ideal Sculptural and Painting Works.

SANDHURST BRIDGE.

BOMBAY—7.

FRESH STOCK

Received of Prides and Optimus Stoves Dr. Mallick's Patent Ic-Mic cookers Criterion and Enamelled 1, 2, 3, 4 wic Stoves. Electric Stoves and Irons. Repairs of all kinds of Stoves and Lamps undertaken.

D. D. Postwalla & Co

275, Hornby Road, FORT.

IVORY WORKS

125, Bowbazar Street, CALCUTTA.

Ghosh Dastider & Co.,

Manufacturers of:—

Ivory Brooch with names Re. 1, Buttons, Chains, Combs, Bangles, Toys etc. Repairings are undertaken. Special rates to wholesale buyers.

BLUNT RAZORS

Resharpened bright and keen as new As. 8 each. New Handles fitted Re. 1-0-0 each. Kropp Razors Rs. 5-8 Wilkinson Crown and W. Razor Rs. 5-8 All above Post Free. New Razors, Safety and Ordinary Blades, etc., stocked. Surgical Instruments Repaired.

MATHEWS & Co 28 Medows street (Opp Cornaglia) Bombay

Feed your Nerves and Brain WITH

REGINUS

HEALTH STRENGTH VITALITY REVIVED.

Price per Phial, Re. 1, Doz. Rs. 10.

OUR SPECIALITIES.

ASTHMA—Dry cough with sticky phlegm, hard breathing, heavy perspiration etc., are cured completely with our specific. Price per Phial, Rs. 5.

BLOOD MIXTURE—All sorts of blood poison, scurvy, eruptions are cured from the system thoroughly. Bot. Rs. 2.

RANAGHAT CHEMICAL WORKS

RANAGHAT, BENGAL.

Sole Agents:

Messrs. B. G. Jack & Co.,

46-48 Medows Street,

BOMBAY.

KEEP YOUR EYES!

from any trouble, Cataract, Glaucma, Iritis, Corneal Ulcer, Redness etc., by our Lotus Honey Safe remedy of nature. 1 dram Re. 1-8, 2 dram Rs. 4. Postage Extra. Ask for Free particulars to:

NEW FORMULA CO.,
Kandi, Bengal.

(Dept Eye.)

A Warning

Stormy Weather At Sea

THERE ARE SIGNS OF

Monsoon Approaching

ARE YOU PREPARED

?

TO BATTLE WITH THE SHOWERS

We Can Equip You

WITH

Waterproof Coats & Umbrellas

THE

Shrikrishna Stores

COMPANY LIMITED,

KRISHNA BUILDING HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

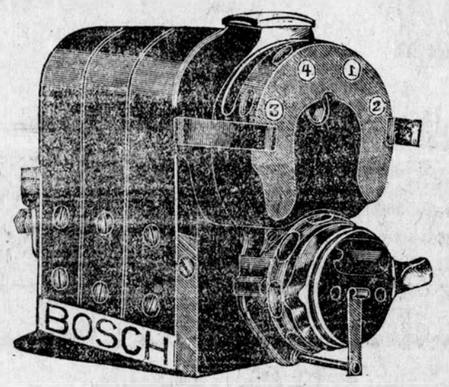
THE PROGRESSIVE HOUSE.

GERMAN

BOSCH MAGNETOS

NOW AVAILABLE !

These Genuine Bosch Magnetos hold a reputation second to none in the World. They are absolutely hard-to-wear Machines and will give indefinite service. It is waste of time and money to buy other makes at any price. Not a weak spot anywhere in the real Bosch Magnetos except the price. It makes no difference what others any: BOSCH MAGNETOS WILL BEAT THEM ALL.



LEAD ? WE ALWAYS LEAD !

QUALITY FIRST— THEN PRICE.

THE FOLLOWING WATERPROOF MODELS ARE IN STOCK:

Z F 4	(4 Cylinders	for 10-20 H. P.)	..	..	each. Rs.	250-0.
Z U 4	(4 ,,	for 20-30 H. P.)	..	..	each. Rs.	260-0.
Z R 4	(4 ,,	for 30-50 H. P.)	..	..	each. Rs.	300-0.
Z H 6	(6 ,,	for 25-50 H. P.)	..	..	each. Rs.	450-0.

The Advance Motor Co.,

—ACCESSORY SPECIALISTS—

CHOWPATI.....BOMBAY

Tele. No. 5121. Telegr: "AUTOMOTIVE."

The Indo-Foreign Perfumery General Stores

THE BHATIA HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING,

Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

HIGH CLASS PERFUMERS

PERFUMERY etc From Messrs. COTY, Monavanna, Houbigaut, V. Regaud, Lubin and all other High Class Perfumers of Paris.

DIRECT IMPORTERS OF

Naiks Brass & Iron Works.

General Contractors and Repairs, Brass and Irion Founders and Railing makers.

Manufacturers of

W. I. Tanks, Roofs, Folding gates, Chimneys etc. etc.

Proprietor—

DEVENDRA MANJUNATH NAIK.

Falkland Road, Near Golpitha, Bombay No. 4.

OLD SAFETY RAZOR BLADES

We resharpen Gillette Clemak, Auto Dur. Kem, etc., Blades, keen as new at Re. 1-8 doz. Under six, As. 2 each. For 100 shaves from 1 Gilletta Bladeuse "Twinplex" Stroper. Rs. 15 each. All Post free. MATHEWS Co., 4 Medows St. (Opp. Coranglla), Bombay.

15 DAYS FREE TRIAL



Packed Free. Delivered Free aboard Steamer any home Port. Safe delivery guaranteed British-made MEAD

"Coventry Flyers"

WARRANTED FIFTEEN YEARS.

Defiance Puncture Resisting or Dunlop Tyres, Free Wheels, Coaster Hub Brakes, B.S.A. Speed Gears.

Lowest Wholesale Expart Factory Prices

Tyres and Accessories half usual prices. Write for Free Art Catalogue and Special Offer of sample machine.

MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, incorporated, Dept. 367. BIRMINGHAM, Eng.

For Catalogues apply GOUTTS & Co., Dept. 367. P.O. Box 248. Hornby Row, Bombay.

RUPEES ONE LACK.

Every one can earn the above amount by sitting at home without any outlay or ex penditure. Apply for scheme enclosing One anna Postage Stamp to Post box No. 336. CALCUTTA.

D 932

END OF O. & R. RLY STRIKE.

TERMS OF AGREEMENT.

The General Secretary O. and R. Railway Union, Lucknow sends to us for publication a copy of the terms of agreement agreed to by the Agent O. and R. Railway for ending the recent strike by kind intervention of the Rev. C. F. Andrews on the 27th April, 1921 The men resumed work on the 2nd May 1921. The Strikers from 18th February, 1921 were under the command of Mr. J. B. Miller of N. W. Rly.

The peaceful and non-violent attitude of the men during the longest strike-period of three months needs no comment, says the Secretary. He proceeds to say that the Agent has very kindly promised to recognize the O. and R. Railway Union which is now being organized on sound footings and Trade Union principles.

AGREEMENT.

With reference to the points brought forward by the delegates of the strikers at a meeting held in the Loco Superintendent's office on the morning of Wednesday 27th April 1921, the following are agreed to by the Railway Administration as a basis of settlement:—

(i) Men may come back at once on the pay they were receiving when they went on Strike, but it is preferable that the Traffic, Carriage, Running and Shed Staff shall come back before the Shop Staff.

All men must return by the 10th May. Those who do not present themselves by that date lose the lien on their posts, but will get preference as vacancies occur.

Men must accept similar posts on similar pay at any Station to which they may be sent.

(ii) The Agent will recognise a Union when properly formed of O. and R. Railway employees and representative all Indian employed. The question of the appointment of office leavers. Who are non railway employees, will be left over for the present, but of other State Railways accept non railway men as office leavers of their Unions, the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway will follow suit.

It is understood that the men desire the Union to be an entirely O. and R. Railway one.

The Administration will give facilities to organise the Union.

(iii) If it can be proved that the rates of pay on the O. and R. Railway are proportionately has been on the N. W. Railway in respect to cost of living and wages for similar work ruling in the Provinces, Action will be taken in accordance with the facts proved.

The following subsidiary items were also discussed and the Railway Administration agree that:—

(iv) The question of casual leave and possess to left to the Railway officials to treat the men sympathetically and grant such concessions as the gratuities of the service permit.

(v) Men dismissed or discharged for reason not connected with the strike will not be taken back.

(iv) Those who have been on Strike will not molest or victimize non strikers or new employees.

(vii) The dates of increments will not be affected.

In response to insistent demands for increased postal and telegraphs facilities in Mysore State, Government have instructed the Director Industries and Commerce Department to discuss the extention services with British postal authorities.—(A. P.)

SAVARESSE'S SANTAL CAPSULES

PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND THEM. Of all Chemists. Made in London.

Important to Builders, Contractors, Cabinet & Furniture Makers. . . .

Three Ply Veneer Panels from As. 3 per sq. ft. F. O. R. our Factory.

Samples can be seen at Our BOMBAY BRANCH . . . . .

Over one Million Ready for Immediate Delivery.

Apply :—

BIRD & CO.,

Surma Valley Saw Mills,

Ballard Pier,

BOMBAY.



For "Reconstruction" after Illness

for all who are run-down, under-weight; for those whose digestion needs a rest, but who at the same time need building up, Glaxo presents the potent body-building, flesh-forming, nerve-restoring elements of pure cow's milk in a form in which they can be entirely assimilated without taxing the most enfeebled digestion.

Glaxo

is the "super-milk" diet

whether taken as a milk-drink or used instead of ordinary milk for Invalid Cookery.

Glaxo comes to you in powder form, safe from contamination inside its air-tight sealed tin. You prepare it instantly by the addition of BOILING WATER ONLY.

PLENTIFUL SUPPLIES OF GLAXO ARE NOW AVAILABLE Through Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., BOMBAY.

PEPS

SCORCHING days followed by chilly nights soon affect the throat and chest. The only sure escape from Coughs, Colds, and Throat troubles is to take Peps.

Peps act like the curative pine-forest air of the mountains. As a Peps tablet dissolves in the mouth its unique medicine is breathed direct into every part of the throat and chest, where a cold strikes first.

Peps not only hold bronchitis, night-cough, sore throat, and chest weakness at bay; they keep disease from the lungs.

Of Chemists and Bazaars at R.1. per bottle.

THE GREAT BRITISH REMEDY FOR THROAT & CHEST.



Sun Glasses. Sun Glasses. Sun Glasses.

We are showing at present the largest and most comprehensive line of sun glasses, glare-glasses and automobile goggles. From Rs. 3 to Rs. 300 per pair.

They save eyes by day—and lives by night.



Spectacles and Eye glasses of every description and variety, and to suit every purpose.

Just a few in stock at present:—Prism Binoculars by Goers.

Baliwalla & Homi

The Leading Opticians of Bombay.

HORNBY ROAD, Opp. Whiteway. & KALBADEVI.

Zero Blankets.

INDIAN { MANUFACTURE LABOUR CAPITAL

Grey Fawn Red Strawberry and Khaki, 48"×78" Prices from Rs. 2-4 each.

Ex Our Depot :—

BIRD & CO.,

BALLARD PIER, BOMBAY.

INDIAN GOODS FOR INDIAN PEOPLE BY INDIAN LABOUR.

Sub-Agencies available for Districts Towns and Talukas.

Shirting, Twill, Drill, Checks, Dhotis, Bedcovers, Towels, Cotton & Woollen and Union Blankets, and Printing Papers, etc ;etc ; etc ;

Special facilities with moderate rates are granted to Mofussil dealers and consumers.

For more particulars and for terms of Sub-Agency

Apply to

Messrs. J. M. SINGI & Co ;

Telegraph address :—

"SINGI".

Post Box No. 490, Hornbay Road, Bombay.

who are our sole Agents for Bombay Presidency.

Colonial Manufacturing Company,

Graham Road, Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.

DR. S. RANGASWAMI IYENGAR

DIABETES SPECIALIST.

RARE AND INVALUBALE SPECIFIC FOR THE CURE OF "DIABETES."

The following are two of the numerous certificates received :—

Mr. Vithaldas P. Attawala, merchant, Bombay, writes on 28-11-20 :—I was suffering from Diabetes for the last 16 years and had tried many Doctors of Bombay but without any effect. I then put myself under the treatment of Doctor S. R. Iyengar and he prescribed a course of 45 days for me and that I was completely cured at the end of the course. Before I commenced Dr. Iyengar's treatment my urine was examined by a Bombay M. D., the per centage of sugar was more than 4 per cent. After the treatment my urine was examined on 30th November, 1920 at Dr. Masina's Hospital Cathelogical Laboratory of Bombay "Sugar was found Nill"—which means a perfact cure of the obstinate disease which had baffled the treatment of many Doctors and Physicians before. I really consider that Dr. S. Rangaswami Iyengar is a SPECIALIST in this disease, I recommend him to all suffering from the bad disease for the rare quality and of its valuable Drugs .

Mr. Damodher Raghoba Raote, Landlord, Worli, Bombay, writes on 3rd December 1920 :—"I was suffering from Diabetes for the last 12 years and I tried many well known Doctors and M.D.'s during that period, but could not get entire cure. In September last. I had a severe attack of Pneumonia which seriously affected my Diabetes disease and was under the treatment of Dr. Masina. I was cured of Pneumonia after a short time but my Diabetes disease was in an increasing state and I could get no relief. Dr. Masina examined my urine and found I was passing 6 to 7 per cent. sugar specific gravity was 1037. Finding no relief at all, I was put under treatment of Dr. S. Rangaswami Iyengar, Specialist in Diabetes. I have much pleasure to say that after a special treatment of 35 days I found my Diabetes disease properly checked and sugar NIL and Specific Gravity, 1013. "I can safely recommend Dr. Iyengar's specific to any of the suffering Diabetes patients."

CONSULTATION :—9 to 10 a.m. & 5 to 7 p.m.

ADDRESS :—Ghia Building opposite N. G. Library. Khetwadi Main Road, Girgaum

TELEGRAM :—"DIABETES." Bombay.



LILLIPUT POCKET STOVE No. 96.

FOR CAMPERS, HUNTERS. ETC.

Price Rs. 20. Postage Extra.

All kinds of Stoves and parts in Stock.

CALL AT

D R. WAGLE,

GIRGAON STOVE DEPOT,

Near Tram Terminus, Girgaon]



MOST IMPORTANT

Striped Shirtings

Shirts

Superior Quality & Ideal wear Rs. 2-8 each
Twill Shirts. Superior Quality ,, 2-4 ,,
Do. Medium ,, ,, 2-1 ,,

Special discounts to wholesale Traders only.

PLEASE WRITE

The Shanghavi Stores

Sandhurst Road, "Laheri Building" BOMBAY No. 4.

The Hind Tank Mfg. Company

Manufacturer of Tanks, Chimneys Boilers etc.

We are the best manufacturer of





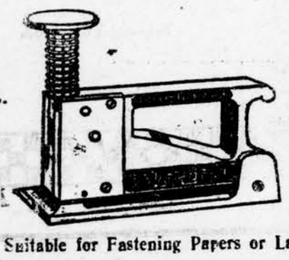
Storage Water Tanks (square or round), Chimneys, Trusses, Water Sprinkling and Night Soil Carts Dustbins, Ornamental and Colapsible Gates, Cast Iron and Wrought Iron Railings and Gates. Oil Tanks a speciality.

Our work will give entire satisfaction to our clients.
We invite Government Railways Municipalities and others for a trial order.

Falkland Road, 2nd Cross Lane Bombay
GANGADAS DAYABHAI PLUMBER.
SOLE AGENT

YOU ARE KNOWN BY THE **STATIONERY** YOU USE.
THEN BUY BEST FROM US.

COMBINED PAPER FASTENER AND TACKER (BRITISH).



When the machine is required to be used as a Paper Fastener, it is worked with the base attached. The appliance is readily converted for securing lables to boxes, etc., by simply sliding off the base. An indispensable article! Fully nickle plated, Rs. 13-8 each. Staples, extra, Re. 1-4 per box of 500.

Suitable for Fastening Papers or Labels on cases etc.

ADVANTAGES—
Ready stocks of SWAN, WATERMAN, LEVER and other popular makes of FOUNTAIN PENS. Write us for your requirements. All goods moderately priced.

V. S. BHAT & Co.

WHOLESALE STATIONERS, GIRGAUM. BOMBAY.

THE
EASTERN ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER CO.,

Empire Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
(Estd. 1891)
Telepone No. 595. Telegrams:—"EASTLIGHT,"

FURUKAWA WIRES

Just unpacked Consignments of

Insulation Testing Sets,
Heating Apparatus,
Boilers, Toasters, Irons,
Heating Plates,
Watchman's Clocks
Fancy Presentation Table Lamps
Illumination Strips
Also Pumps, Motors, C. & D. C. Fans, etc.

Prices on Application,

SUPERIOR MAKE

"Phoenix Lager" A Quality Beer.



You will never get such quality in the whole market.

Challenge excellence of quality, purity, taste and palateness.

Sole Agents:—

Comar & Co.

[Army Contractors]
Frere Road.

WATCHES of APPEARANCE



WATCHES of UTILITY

For those people who like fancy shaped watches, we strongly recommend a visit to our show room, We have hundreds of varieties in all shapes plain, enamelled and gem set. All West End Watch are thoroughly tested and examined before despatch and none but those proving

SOUND & RELIABLE

are allowed to be sold to the public.

Write for our illustrated list sent post free

WEST END WATCH Co.

373, Hornby Road, BOMBAY. | 14, Dalhousie Square. CALCUTTA.

I WISH I WAS AS FAT AS YOU

Yes, You Can Try



MITSUWA
Codliveroil Drops

They are the latest invention and wonderful fat producer besides it is just like sweetmeat to the taste

available everywhere

WHOLESALE FROM

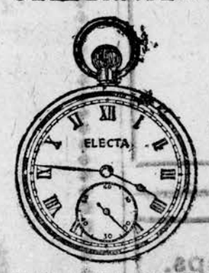
B. G. JACK & Co.

[42,44, MEDOWS STREET Prince Building Fort, BOMBAY.

ELECTA and GALCO

CELEBRATED

LEVER



WATCHES

ARE THE BEST
KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

Electa Watch Factory Ltd.,
La Chaux-de-Fonds Switzerland

Grand Prix Berne 1914

Obtainable from all the best Watchmakers in India and from the
AGENTS:— JULES FETTERLE
[Rachel Lodge, Merewether Road, Apollo Bundar BOMBAY.

CERTIFICATE OF MERIT AWARDED FOR WATER TANKS AT AMRAOTI EXHIBITION 1903.

GAJANAN & Co.

ENGINEERS, CONTRACTORS AND IRON FOUNDERS.

We have specialized for over 15 years in the manufacture of Storage Water Tanks (square or round), Chimneys, Trusses, Water Sprinkling and Night Soil Carts Dustbins, Ornamental and Colapsible Gates, Cast Iron and Wrought Iron Railings and Gates. Oil Tanks a speciality.

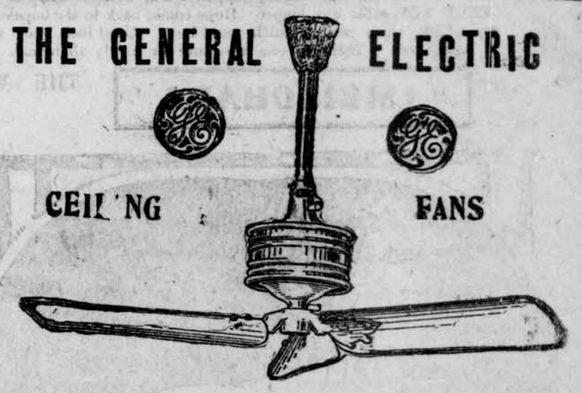


Our work has given absolute satisfaction to our clients.

We invite Government, Railways, Municipalities and other enquiries.

Jariwalla Building 1st Khetwady, near Globe Cinema.
Sandhurst Road, BOMBAY.
Telephone No. 1380.

THE GENERAL ELECTRIC



CEILING FANS

Complete with 3 curved alluminium Blades, Down Rods, Complete with Speed Regulators, etc. 220/250 Volts ..... Rs. 200 each.
Special Price for quantities.

Apply:— **THE INDIAN ENGINEERING Co.,**
16, Hummum Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

TEL. WORSHIP

MOTOR OWNERS

Why? You pay more money when you get *Rower* Brand New 4 Cylinder @ Rs. 11,500.

All accessories are stocked and sold at lowest prices.

BRITISH AUTOMOBILES
HUGHES ROAD, BOMBAY.



Suppliers of NEW A. C. & D. C. Electric Motors and Dynamos, Standard Voltage, always IN STOCK up to 100 H. P. *wiring and installations undertaken.* Also Hand and Power Pumps for TOTAL HEADS UPTO 200 ft.

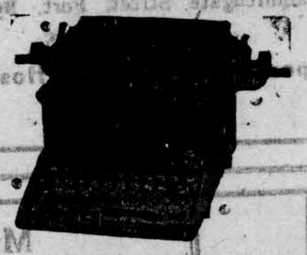
Prices defy competition.

THE INTERNATIONAL ENGINEERING CO.,
ENGINEERS & CONTRACTORS,
17-19 Elphinstone Circle, Fort,
Telegram:—Thineco. BOMBAY. Post Box No. 334
Telephone No. 3825

THE REX

KING OF TYPEWRITERS
Guaranteed for ten years

Messrs. SEARS ROEBUCK & Co.



Of U. S. A., use nearly 1,000 Rex, Typewriters to the exclusion of all others.

The last word in Strength, Durability Visibility, Convenience,

EASE AND SPEED

Many advantages possessed by no other typewriter—you try it before you buy it—and you get it at a tremendous saving.

CARBON PAPERS AND RIBBONS ALSO STOCKED.

SOLE AGENCY IN INDIA:—

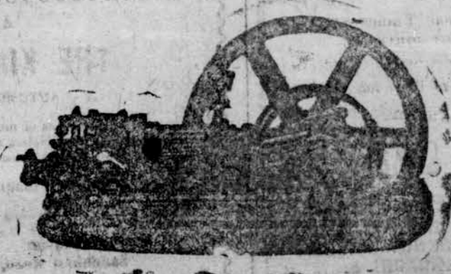
T. K. KHANNA,

10, Homji Street Elphinstone Circle Fort, BOMBAY Tel 3923.

Fielding and Platt, Ltd.

Semi-Diesel
Crude Oil Engines
AND
Suction Gas Plants
NO WATER INJECTION

SAFE
SIMPLE
RELIABLE
ECONOMICAL.



USE SAME MORE WORKS

40 Years' Experience British throughout. Thousands now in use.

STOCKS HELD BY **Moolji Haridas & Co.**

Post Box No 135, Carnac Bunder. BOMBAY.
Agents for the Bombay Presidency, Rajputana, Sind, Baluchistan Punjab, Central and United Provinces.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 10 April, 2017

The Sufferings of the SICK-BED

CAN be allayed, and health, happiness and strength CAN be got once again. Disease-stricken person NEED NOT suffer any longer. Hope comes back to the hopeless. Peace comes again to sufferers. And you CAN enjoy perfect health once more. Good look, good spirits and good cheer will be yours for a small cost. There is one sure cure for nearly all human and animal diseases. It is

"AMRITDHARA" THE WONDER-CURE FOR ALL DISEASES.



"AMRITDHARA"

—CURES—

Acidity Asthma
Bronchitis
Cholera Coughs
Dysentry
Earache
Fevers of all kinds
out

Insomnia
Jaundice
Kidney disease
Lumbago Malaria

Pneumo
Sciatica,
Ulcers

Vomiting,
Wounds,
etc., etc., etc.

—HAS GOT—

more than 24,000 unsolicited testimonials from all parts of the world. Every day we are getting scores of such testimonials. Our free book will interest you. Ask for it to-day. A copy will come to you by return.

The most marvellous miracle of the day in the Pharmacopea of Hindu Medicine-world has now been given to the world by the learned Pandit Thakur Datta Sharma Kavi Vinod Vaidya Bhushan Vaidya of Lahore. Amritdhara is now a household word in thousands and lakhs of homes. Doctors, Hakeems and Vaidyas prescribe it for all diseases. Amritdhara not only cures human diseases, but also those of animals and birds. Most wonderful is its power. Try a bottle at once and have a Phial ready for use. Delays are dangerous.

Write to-day.

Price per Phial, Rs. 2-8 only. Sample Annas 8.

WRITE FOR OUR **FREE** *DESCRIPTIVE BOOKLET.*

Manager, Amritdhara Pharmacy, Amritdhara Buildings,

Amritdhara P. Amritdhara Post Office, LAHORE.

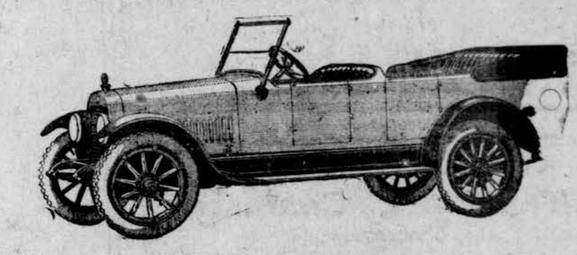
(Only postal and teleg address:—Amritdhara 1, LAHORE)

Bombay Agent:—Messrs. GULAMHUSEIN VALLYMOHAMED DEVJI, 173, Khoja Mohalla, Mandvi, BOMBAY.

DOUBLE YOUR CAPITAL.

DE DION BOUTON LORRIES

WILL GUARANTEE YOUR RETURNS.



3½ and 5 TONS

From all the arguments made to convince buyers, one fact stands out. The united experience of actual users of a commercial vehicle is the only safe guide. Therefore the De Dion Bouton stands supreme. To-day there are lorries still doing ardous work after 10 years of service which have never been laid up except for minor replacements.

SOLE AGENTS:—

Bombay Cycle & Motor Agency,

LIMITED

16, NEW QUEEN'S ROAD,

BOMBAY.

Tel: "CY CLOSTERS." Teleoneph No. 483.

"Pollock" World Standard.

Semi Diesel two Cycle Crude Oil Engines

Latest Models.

Simple, Effecient & Reliable.



Most economical in fuel consumption Only Engine with a Crosshead Construction.

Sizes 6/60 B H P.

STOCKS HELD BY

MAJMUNDAR SAVUR & CO.,

36, Churchgate Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

SHOW ROOMS.

Soneji House, Opposite Dr. Parek's Hospital, Sandhurst Road, BOMBAY.

MORINAGA'S MILK CARAMELS

NUTRITIOUS AND DELICIUS

Morinaga Confectionery Co., Ltd.,

TOKYO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

All Sorts of Sweets, Chocolates and Biscuits etc., etc. . .

SOLE AGENTS

MITSUI BUSSAN KAISHA Ltd.,

Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rangoon, Colombo.

USE THE PATENT

"AMULET"

GLARE PEROTCTOR



A Charm Against Evil

Smoke tinted, in case.. .. Rs. 7-8
Chlorophyll do. do. .. .. „ 15-8
Amber do. do. .. .. „ 15-8
With Rolled Gold Frames extra on above prices.

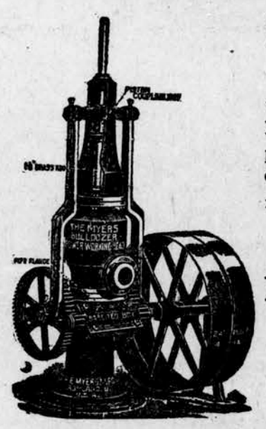
Special Rates to Wholesale Dealers.

—:o:—

Lawrence & Mayo, Ltd.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, RANGOON, MADRAS, LUCKNOW, DELHI, SIMLA, KARACHI, &c.



Myers Power Pumps.

Latest improved type for shallow and deep wells upto 200 feet depth. Also a large stock of Pumps, worked by hands, bullock and electric power. Highly approved and patronized by Government & States. Besides ploughs, crushers, manure, hand grinding mills, porch swings etc.,

Can be had of us. Ask for Catalogue.

K. B. Joshi & Co.

SOLE AGENTS

MYRES PUMPS

121 Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

A BOON TO THE MOTORISTS

THE KING MOTOR TAXI-CAB CO

AUTOMOBILE ENGINEERS AND SPECIALISTS;

Direct importers of motor accessories and spare parts, Dealers in all makes of tyres and tubes and lubricating oil, etc.,

Repairs and overhauling of Motor Cars under expert supervision. Motor cars on hire bought and sold on commission,

Driving taught by expert trainers in the shortest time,

Offices— Parvati Bhuvan, Sandhurst Road,

Workshop:— Sandhurst Bridge,

BOMBAY—4.

Printed and published for the Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., by MARMADUKE PICKTHALL at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.